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Plant and Grow Your Vegetables With

TAIT'S THOROBRED SEEDS

1946 Geo. Tait & Sons  Norfolk, Va. 1946
THOROBRED SEEDS

Best by Test for Over 75 Years



Be Proud of Your Lawn!

TAIT'S SUPERIOR LAWN GRASS SEED

The kind that builds Thick, Velvety, Weed-Free Lawns

SOW IN EARLY SPRING OR FALL

The Grass Seeds in our Lawn Mixture are extra choice, recleaned, tested, and are of the highest purity and germination. One pound will sow a plot 10 by 15 feet or 150 square feet

Tait's Thorobred Lawn Mixture The best mixture of fine-leaved grasses for open places from Delaware to North Carolina. Lb. 65c; 5 lbs. \$3.00; 10 lbs. \$5.75; 25 lbs. \$14.00; 100 lbs. \$55.00, delivered.

Tait's Magic-Green Lawn Mixture A popular and very satisfactory mixture of hardy, fine-leaved grasses and white clover for open lawns in Virginia and North Carolina. Lb. 50c; 5 lbs. \$2.25; 10 lbs. \$4.40; 25 lbs. \$10.90; 100 lbs. \$42.50, delivered.

Tait's Shady Place Lawn Mixture Recommended for shady situations, under trees, or close to walls. Lb. 65c; 5 lbs. \$3.00; 10 lbs. \$5.75; 25 lbs. \$14.00; 100 lbs. \$55.00, delivered.

Tait's Velvet Mixture A popular mixture of grasses that will make a fair lawn at a minimum cost. Lb. 40c; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.25; 25 lbs. \$7.50; 100 lbs. \$30.00, delivered.

Tait's Seaside Mixture Recommended for Southern and Seashore lawns. Lb. 50c; 5 lbs. \$2.25; 10 lbs. \$4.40; 25 lbs. \$10.90; 100 lbs. \$42.50, delivered.

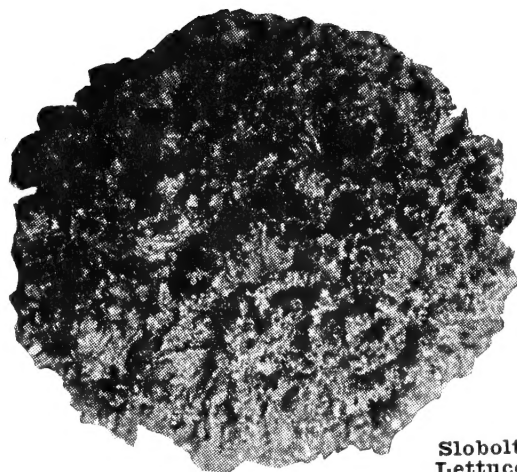
Domestic Rye Grass A quick-growing, inexpensive annual grass, largely used in the South for fall and winter lawns. Lb. 25c; 5 lbs. 85c; 10 lbs. \$1.55; 25 lbs. \$3.50; 100 lbs. \$13.00, delivered.

White Dutch Clover Used extensively in lawn mixtures, and preferred by some for lawns instead of grass. Lb. \$1.45; 5 lbs. \$7.00; 10 lbs. \$13.50; 25 lbs. \$31.25, delivered.

Pamphlet for the Making and Care of Lawns Mailed Free on Request

New and Special Stocks for Market Gardeners

The illustrations on this page represent special stocks of vegetables that should be given a trial by all truckers and market gardeners.



Slobolt Lettuce

Slobolt Lettuce

(50 days). This lettuce was developed at the U. S. D. A. at Beltsville, Md. It is an open head lettuce on the order of Grand Rapids, as can be seen from the photograph, but has been bred to stand considerable heat before bolting or running to seed. **Pkt., 15c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00, postpaid.**

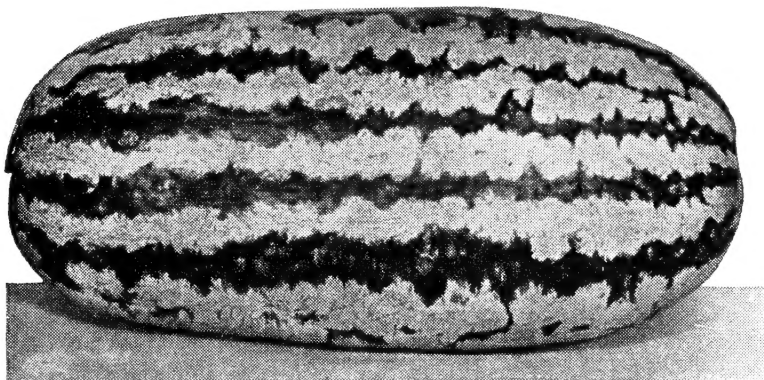
Pan American Tomato

(72 days). Recently introduced by the U. S. D. A. at the Beltsville, Md. Station. It was bred for resistance to nailhead rust and wilt, and has wonderful possibilities. It is a strong grower, with sufficient foliage to protect the heavy set of fruit from the sun, and is very productive. The bright scarlet fruits are globular, with thick walls, of medium large size, smooth, free from cracks. **Pkt., 15c; oz., 75c; ¼ lb., \$2.00; lb., \$7.50, postpaid.**

San Juaquin Onion

Seed will not be ready for sale until September

A large, early onion which has become very popular in Texas for fall seeding. The bulbs are top shaped, with light yellow skin. The flesh is white, mild and of excellent flavor. The seed may be sown the first week in September, and the roots harvested the first week in May. Highly desirable for early market. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; ¼ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00, postpaid.**



Darlington Watermelon

Darlington Watermelon

(80 days). A new melon developed by a scientific plant breeder in South Carolina from a mutation found in a field of Garrison melons. It is striped like the Garrison, about the same shape and size, the bright red flesh is deliciously sweet. The rind is rather tender for shipping, but it should prove ideal for the home garden or local market. Be sure and plant some, and you will say it is the best melon you ever ate. The seed does not fill out as in other melons, and consequently the germination averages lower. 35 to 45 lbs. **Pkt., 15c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00, postpaid.**

Improved Commodore Stringless Bean

(Honorable Mention 1944 All American Awards)

(58 days). A dwarf Kentucky Wonder with round medium green stringless pods, 7 to 8 ins. long, fibreless, and of excellent quality. **Pkt., 20c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.50; 10 lbs., \$6.50, postpaid.**

Keystonian Green Round Pod Bush Bean

(Award of Merit All American Selections 1944)

(52 days). This new Bean won an Award of Merit in the All American Selections for 1944. It somewhat resembles Landreth's Stringless in growth. The pods are round, dark green in color, quite straight, and average 6 ins. in length. It is very productive, and of splendid quality. **Pkt., 15c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 85c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid.**



Jasper Muskmelon

Tait's Thorobred Jasper Muskmelon

(72 days). Considered by many market gardeners the best melon of the well-known Bottomly type. The melons are oval shaped, heavily netted, distinctly ribbed, and quite disease resistant. The green flesh is edged with orange, fine grained, and of a delicious spicy flavor. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 95c; lb., \$3.50, postpaid.**

TERMS OF SALES

Tait's Seeds are Thorobred and Tested, and we know they will grow before they are sent out. Even then, they may occasionally not come up, due to causes over which we have no control, such as too deep covering or not deep enough; too little or too much moisture; unfavorable weather or heavy rains that might cause a crust to form through which the young sprouts cannot penetrate. Therefore, Geo. Tait & Sons, Inc., give no warranty, express or implied as to the results of any seeds, bulbs or plants it sells, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. Its liability in all instances is limited to the purchase price of the seeds, bulbs or plants.

WE DELIVER FREE BY MAIL, EXPRESS OR FREIGHT, our option, all vegetable and flower seed orders when cash is sent at prices in this catalog, except where noted.

HOW TO SEND MONEY. Remittance should be made by Check, Draft or Money Order. If you live on a Rural Mail Route, just give the letter and the money to the mail carrier and he will get the money order at the postoffice and mail it in the letter for you. Stamps can be readily utilized by us (send one-, two- or three-cent stamps only), and will be accepted in payment of small orders at sender's risk.

CEILING PRICES. The prices in our catalog as it goes to press are ceiling prices or lower as authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

WE GUARANTEE THE SAFE ARRIVAL of every package of seed we send by mail or express, but seeds shipped by ordinary freight, after taking receipt for them in good order from railroad or steamboat lines, travel at the purchaser's risk. If a package fails to arrive within a reasonable time, we should be advised.

PACKING CHARGES. The only packing charge is for bags, and these are charged at cost, or less than cost, and are not returnable.

All Prices Subject to Change Without Notice

The words "Thoroughbred Seeds" and "Thorobred Seeds" being a registered trade-mark (U. S. Patent Office, No. 51052), and the words "Thoroughbred" and "Thorobred" being also a registered trade-mark (U. S. Patent Office, No. 92011), all persons are warned against their use in connection with the advertising or sale of seeds. We solicit the help of our friends in the detection and punishment of infringements of our copyright.

1946 GARDEN CALENDAR FOR SOUTHERN STATES 1946

January	Sowings in Open Ground					Sowings in Hot Beds
	Fava Beans Early Peas	Irish Potatoes	Onion Sets	Radish	Spinach	Beet, Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts Carrot, Radish, Cauliflower
February	Asparagus Asparagus Roots Beans, Fava	Carrot Herbs Beet	Onion Onion Sets Leek	Irish Potatoes Radish Early Peas	Rhubarb Roots Spinach Swiss Chard Turnip	Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts Cucumber, Eggplant Lettuce, Onion Radish, Tomato
March	Artichoke Artichoke Roots Asparagus Roots Asparagus Beet Brussels Sprouts	Cabbage Carrot Cauliflower Chives Cress Endive	Herbs Horseradish Spring Kale Leek Lettuce Mustard	Onion Onion Sets Parsley Parsnip Wrinkled Peas Irish Potatoes	Radish Rhubarb Roots Sorrel Spinach Swiss Chard Turnip	Cucumber Muskmelon
April	Artichoke Artichoke Roots Snap Beans Lima Beans Beet Broccoli Brussels Sprouts	Cabbage Carrot Celery Cauliflower Chives Corn Cress	Cucumber Endive Horseradish Leek Lettuce Melons Mint Roots	Onion Onion Sets Parsley Parsnip Wrinkled Peas Pepper Parsley	Rhubarb Roots Salsify Sorrel Swiss Chard Witloof	The Number of Plants Required to Set an Acre
May	Snap Beans Lima Beans Beet Cabbage Carrot	Celery Chives Cress Cucumber Kohl-rabi	Endive Lettuce Melons Mint Roots Okra	Peas Pepper Pumpkin Radish	Salsify Squash Swiss Chard Tomato	
June	Snap Beans Lima Beans Beet Stock Beet	Cabbage Collard Carrot Cress	Cucumber Corn Endive Lettuce	Melons Okra Pumpkin Radish	Swiss Chard Tomato	
July	Snap Beans Beet Broccoli Brussels Sprouts	Cabbage Carrot Collard Corn	Corn Salad Cucumber Scotch Kale Lettuce	Okra Pumpkin Radish Salsify	Stock Beet Swiss Chard Tomato Turnip	
August	Snap Beans Beet Broccoli Brussels Sprouts	Carrot Collard	Corn Salad Dandelion Kale	Mustard Early Peas Irish Potatoes	Radish Stock Beet Spinach Swiss Chard Turnip	
September	Snap Beans Beet Cabbage	Carrot Cauliflower Corn Salad	Cress Kale Lettuce	Mustard Onion Onion Sets	Winter Radish Spinach Turnip	
October	Broccoli Cabbage Cauliflower	Lettuce Onion Onion Sets	Onion Sets Radish	Spinach Turnip	Turnip for Salad	
November	Fava Beans Radish	Spinach Onion Sets	Turnip for Salad	Prices Subject to Change Without Notice		
December	Radish	Onion Sets	Spinach			

Distance	Number
1 ft. by 1 ft.	43,560
1 1/2 ft. by 1 1/2 ft.	19,360
2 ft. by 2 ft.	10,890
2 1/2 ft. by 2 1/2 ft.	6,970
3 ft. by 1 ft.	14,520
3 ft. by 2 ft.	7,260
3 ft. by 3 ft.	4,840
4 ft. by 4 ft.	2,722
5 ft. by 5 ft.	1,742
6 ft. by 6 ft.	1,210
9 ft. by 9 ft.	537
12 ft. by 12 ft.	302
15 ft. by 15 ft.	194
18 ft. by 18 ft.	134
20 ft. by 20 ft.	105
25 ft. by 25 ft.	70
30 ft. by 30 ft.	40
40 ft. by 40 ft.	27

GEO. TAIT & SONS, INC.

55 Commercial Place January 1, 1946 Norfolk 10, Virginia

Tait's Thorobred Vegetable Seeds

FOR OVER SEVENTY-FIVE YEARS IT HAS BEEN OUR AIM AND CONSTANT ENDEAVOR TO GROW AND SELL THE BEST SEEDS THAT CAN BE PRODUCED, and our customers and prospective customers will find listed varieties of proven stocks that the most successful Home and Market Gardeners have found to be "BEST BY TEST."

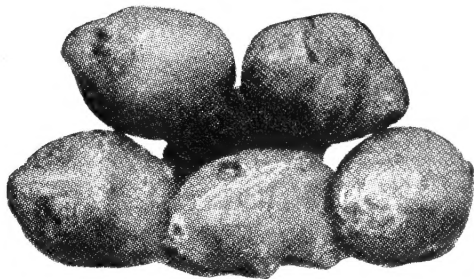
ARTICHOKE

One ounce will produce 300 plants; one pound will produce sufficient plants to set an acre.

Culture: Sow in April, $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch deep, and transplant, when large enough, to rows 3 feet apart, leaving 3 feet between the plants. It is a perennial, and the flower heads are produced the second season.

Green Globe. The standard sort. The flower heads, while immature, are tender and of a delicate flavor. **Pkt.**, 15c; oz., 75c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$2.00; lb., \$7.50, postpaid.

Artichoke Roots



Jerusalem Artichoke Roots

Jerusalem Artichokes are distinct from the Green Globe, and are propagated by and for the tubers like potatoes. Their principal use is for feeding hogs, although they make splendid pickles, may be eaten raw or served boiled like new potatoes. Plant in March or April, 3 inches deep in rows 3 feet apart, leaving 18 inches between the tubers. 5 or 6 bushels per acre. **Lb.**, 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, \$3.75 per bushel of 50 pounds.



Tait's Norfolk Calabrese Broccoli

ASPARAGUS

One ounce will produce about 350 roots; 2 pounds will produce sufficient roots to set an acre.

Culture: Sow in February or March 1 inch deep in rich soil in rows 18 inches apart. Thin the young plants to 3 inches apart, and cultivate frequently. When a year old, dig and replant as suggested under culture for "Asparagus Roots."

Mary Washington Rust-Resistant.

A rust-resistant strain with large stalks and the best variety to grow either for market or the home garden. **Pkt.** 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.00, postpaid.

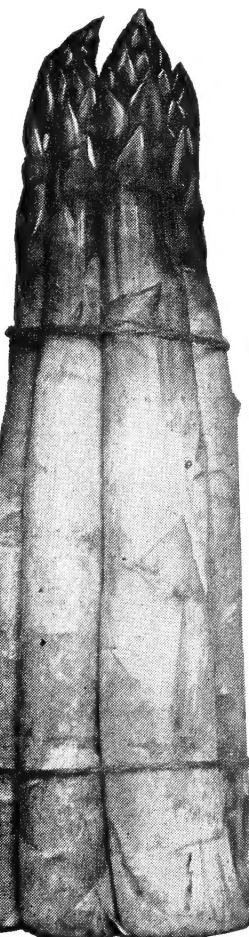
Asparagus Roots

Seventy-five roots will set a row 100 feet long; 6000 roots will set an acre.

Culture: Plant in 3-ft. rows 18 inches apart. Plow or dig a trench 15 inches deep and 12 inches wide. Put in the bottom of the trench 3 inches of well-rotted manure, and cover the manure with 3 inches of rich soil. Care must be taken to see that the roots are well spread, and the crowns in upright position. Cover with 3 inches of soil and as the plants grow, fill in the trench with rich compost until level with the surface. Asparagus should never be allowed to go to seed and the plants should have two full season's growth before cutting. An occasional top dressing of salt is beneficial.

Mary Washington Rust-Resistant.

25 roots, \$1.00; \$3.00 per 100, postpaid. Not prepaid, \$18.00 per 1,000.



Mary Washington Asparagus

BROCCOLI

One ounce will produce 1500 plants; 6 ounces will produce sufficient plants to set an acre.

Tait's Thorobred Norfolk Calabrese. (85 days). Our strain of this Italian Broccoli is earlier and larger than most strains of Calabrese, and is preferred by the truckers along the Atlantic Seaboard, producing medium size green heads that are of superior quality. In the vicinity of Norfolk the seed is sown in July and August in drills 30 inches wide, and thinned out to 18 inches in the row. Two pounds of Norfolk and Calabrese Broccoli are required to drill an acre. After the central head has been cut, numerous sturdy shoots develop, each shoot terminating in a small green head. Cultivation same as for cabbage. **Pkt.**, 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 70c; lb., \$2.50; 5 lbs., \$11.25, postpaid.

Broccoli Rapa. (90 days). This type of Broccoli differs from the Calabrese in that it produces numerous small green florets or heads instead of one large central head. When grown for market the small heads, while green, are cut with 6 or 7 inches of stalk, and bunched like asparagus, or may be packed loose in bushel baskets. The seed of this variety is sown in August and September, and cut in the late fall. The seed should be drilled in rows 30 inches apart at the rate of 2 pounds per acre. Cultivation the same as for turnip. **Pkt.**, 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 65c; lb., \$1.75; 5 lbs., \$7.50, postpaid.

Salad or Turnip Leaf Broccoli. (95 days). This variety in its early stage resembles the Seven Top Turnip, and is very popular on the eastern shore of Virginia. It differs from Broccoli Rapa in that it does not produce the numerous stalks with florets, but after the salad has been cut, sends out shoots that are cut when 6 or 7 inches long, and marketed the same way as Broccoli Rapa. Sow in rows 30 inches apart in August or September at the rate of 2 pounds per acre for cutting the following spring. Cultivate the same as for turnip. **Pkt.**, 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.25, postpaid.

St. Valentine. (75 days). This variety is often called Winter Cauliflower. It is very hardy, produces large, solid white heads, and in some sections is grown instead of cauliflower. Culture same as for cauliflower. See page 7. **Pkt.**, 15c; oz., 75c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$2.25; lb., \$9.00; 5 lbs., \$40.00, postpaid. (Crop failed)

Remember, Tait's Thorobred Seeds have pleased the most particular truckers and market gardeners for over 75 years and will please you.

GREEN BEANS

Dwarf or Bush

One pound of Beans will plant a row 100 feet long, 60 to 75 pounds will plant an acre.

Culture: Beans will grow in any good, well drained soil, but do best in rich, sandy loam. Plant from April to August in rows 2 to 3 feet apart, 1½ inches deep, leaving 2 or 3 inches between the Beans. Frequent shallow cultivation, drawing the earth to the plants, is essential until they come into bloom. Do not cultivate or pick them while wet with dew, and keep all matured pods picked off.

Tendergreen Stringless. (47 days). An improvement on Full Measure, hardier and more prolific. A splendid variety for market or the home garden, especially for the late summer or fall crop. The 6-inch, dark green, round and meaty pods are stringless, and of splendid quality. Fine for canning. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.55, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.25; 100 lbs., \$20.00.**

Bountiful Stringless. (42 days). Whether for market or the home garden, this is the best flat green-podded Bean. It is extra early, hardy, an enormous bearer, and the handsome, light green, flat pods are often more than six inches long, stringless, and of splendid quality. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.55, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.25; 100 lbs., \$20.00.**

Streamliner Stringless. (45 days). Also called "World's Fair." The pods are flat, light green, averaging 8 to 10 inches long, and of splendid quality. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.55; 10 lbs., \$2.85, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$6.00; 100 lbs., \$22.00.**

Landreth's Stringless. (45 days). An improved Burpee Stringless with longer and darker green pods of excellent quality. Equally good for market or the home garden. Fine for canning. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.30; 10 lbs., \$2.35, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.75; 100 lbs., \$18.00.**

Burpee's Stringless.
See Landreth's Stringless.

Plentiful Stringless. (45 days). Quite similar in appearance to Bountiful, but a few days later. Because of its black seed, it is often called "Black Seeded Bountiful." **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 40c; 1 lb., 65c; 2 lbs., \$1.35; 5 lbs., \$2.45, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.00; 100 lbs., \$19.00.**

Highland Sulphur. (55 days). While not stringless, this variety is popular in some sections of the south because of its distinct flavor. The vines are hardy and prolific, bearing light green, slightly curved semi-round 5-inch pods. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.55; 10 lbs., \$2.85, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$6.00; 100 lbs., \$23.00.**

WAX BEANS

Dwarf or Bush

Sure Crop Wax. (48 days). Also called Bountiful Wax. The 6-inch pods are oval shaped, of a golden-yellow color. Stringless and splendid quality. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.55, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.25; 100 lbs., \$20.00.**

Bountiful Wax. Same as Sure Crop.

Pencil Pod Black Wax. (48 days). An old favorite with 6-inch, slightly curved, round, golden-yellow pods, stringless, and of the best quality. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.75; 100 lbs., \$22.00.**

Top Notch Golden Wax. (48 days). A highly disease-resistant variety. The 5-inch, flat, golden-yellow pods are stringless and of good quality. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$2.95, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$6.25; 100 lbs., \$24.00.**

Black Valentine Stringless.

(42 days). An improved Black Valentine, just as early, hardy and prolific as the old variety, but entirely stringless. The 6-inch dark green oval pods are nearly straight, and of good quality. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.55, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.25; 100 lbs., \$20.00.**

Giant Stringless.

(47 days). A good sort for midsummer planting. The medium green, 6-in., round pods are nearly straight, and of good quality. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.35; 10 lbs., \$2.45, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.00; 100 lbs., \$19.00.**

Full Measure. (52 days). Round, six-inch stringless pods of good quality. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.75; 100 lbs., \$22.00.**

Red Valentine Stringless. (43 days). Slightly curved, five-inch round pods. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.45; 10 lbs., \$2.65, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.50; 100 lbs., \$21.00.**

Tennessee Green Pod. (45 days). Medium, six-inch, green, flat pods (not stringless). **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.55, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.25; 100 lbs., \$20.00.**

Dwarf Horticultural. (62 days). This variety is sometimes used as a snap, but more generally as a shell bean. The 5 in. light green pods are splashed with carmine, and are not stringless. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.45; 10 lbs., \$2.65, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.50; 100 lbs., \$21.00.**

Commodore Beans. (See page 1.)

Keystone Beans. (See page 1.)

Red Kidney Beans. (See page 41.)

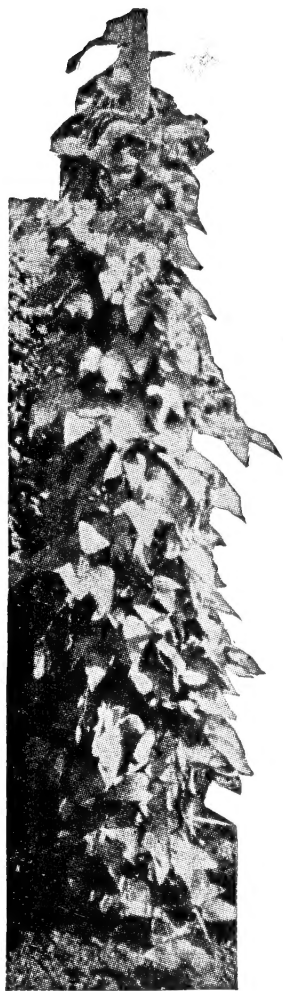
White Navy Beans. (See page 41.)

Prices subject to change without notice

Black Valentine Stringless Beans

Bountiful Stringless Green Beans

Tendergreen Stringless Beans



Kentucky Wonder Pole Beans

GREEN BEANS *Pole or Running*

½ pound of Pole Snap Beans will plant a row 100 feet long; 25 pounds will plant an acre.

Culture: Plant from April to July in rows 4 feet apart, 1½ inches deep, setting the poles 4 feet in the row. Drop 4 or 5 Beans around each Pole, afterwards thinning out to 2 or 3. Cultivate same as for Bush Beans. May also be planted in the cornfield, and allowed to run up the stalks.

Kentucky Wonder. (65 days). A popular variety, and more largely used than any other Pole Bean. The vines are most productive, bearing quantities of nearly round, medium green, brittle, meaty, 8-inch pods, which are stringless when young, and of exceptionally fine flavor. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.55, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.25; 100 lbs., \$20.00.**

McCaslan. (61 days). One of the best of the Pole Beans, and destined to become as popular as the Kentucky Wonder. The vines are exceedingly prolific, producing dark green, flat, 7-inch fleshy stringless pods of delicious flavor. The seed is white, and when dry makes a fine winter shelled Bean. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.55, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.25; 100 lbs., \$20.00.**

Burger's Stringless. (65 days). A white-seeded Kentucky Wonder, quite prolific and bearing silvery green, round, 7-inch pods of good quality, and practically stringless. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.75; 100 lbs., \$22.00.**

Potomac. (58 days). The vines of this variety are vigorous and climb well, producing practically round 5-inch pods, which are stringless at all stages and of good quality. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.75; 100 lbs., \$22.00.**

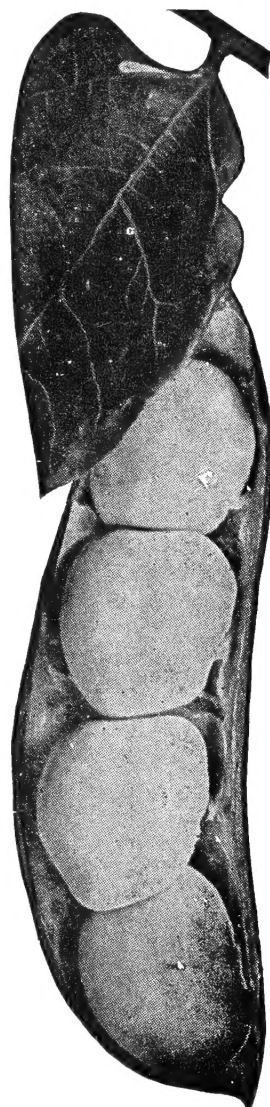
Striped Creaseback. (70 days). Sometimes called "Nancy Davis" and "Scotia." An old favorite and a good climber, producing medium green, round, 6-inch pods, which, while not stringless, are of good quality. A good sort to plant in corn. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.75; 100 lbs., \$22.00.**

White Creaseback. (60 days). Also called "Fat Horse." An early, robust variety, with bright green, round, 6-inch pods, which are not stringless but of good quality. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.75; 100 lbs., \$22.00.**

Improved Horticultural.

(70 days). Known also as "October Bean," "Wren's Egg" and "Speckled Cranberry." A prolific variety with light green, flat, 6-inch pods that are splashed with carmine. Popular in the North as shelled Beans. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.30; 10 lbs., \$2.35, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.75; 100 lbs., \$18.00.**

Lazy Wife. (70 days). A good late sort for the home garden, which can be used as a snap, green shelled, or dry shelled bean. Vigorous vines, bearing glossy green, flat, 5-inch, meaty, stringless pods of good quality. The dry seed is white. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.75; 100 lbs., \$22.00.**



Fordhook Bush Lima Beans

WAX BEANS *Pole or Running*

Kentucky Wonder Wax.

(65 days). The best wax-podded Pole Bean, producing 8-inch, fleshy flat yellow stringless pods of fine flavor. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.70; 10 lbs., \$3.15, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$6.75; 100 lbs., \$26.00.**

Golden Cluster Wax.

(70 days). A late variety bearing flat yellow 8-inch stringless pods of good quality. The seeds are white and good as winter shelled beans. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.70; 10 lbs., \$3.15, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$6.75; 100 lbs., \$26.00.**

LIMA BEANS *Dwarf or Bush*

One-half pound of small bush, or 1 pound large bush Lima Beans will plant a row 100 feet long. 30 pounds of the small, or 60 pounds of the large, will plant an acre.

Culture: Lima Beans are not as hardy as snap Beans, and should not be planted as early. Plant from May to July in rows 3 feet apart, 1½ inches deep, dropping 3 or 4 beans every 8 or 10 inches. Cultivate the same as Snap Beans.

Early Wilson. (70 days). Probably the earliest of large Dwarf Limas. The plants are true bush form, averaging about 2 feet in height. The pods are 4½ inches long, and contain 4 or 5 large, flat Beans of excellent quality. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$2.95, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$6.25; 100 lbs., \$24.00.**

Fordhook #242. (75 days). The most popular of the large Dwarf Limas. The plant grows about 2 feet, and is very vigorous and productive. The pods are 4½ inches long, containing 3 or 4 large oval-shaped Beans of delicious flavor. Its distinct advantage over the regular Fordhook is its ability to set basil pods in hot dry weather. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$2.95, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$6.25; 100 lbs., \$24.00.**

Early Giant. (73 days). Quite similar in growth to the Early Wilson, but a few days later, and the Beans are thicker. The pods are 4½ inches long, containing 4 or 5 large Beans of good quality. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$2.95, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$6.25; 100 lbs., \$24.00.**

Improved Burpee. (75 days). An improved bush form of the large White Bush Lima Bean. It is 8 days earlier, has larger pods, bigger Beans, and is a heavier yielder than the old variety. The pods grow 5 to 6 inches long, and contain 4 to 5 large thick Beans of good quality. The plants make a vigorous upright growth, with heavy foliage. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.75; 100 lbs., \$22.00.**

LIMA BEANS *Dwarf or Bush*

Wood's Prolific. (68 days). While of true bush form, this variety sometimes throws out runners. The plant is very vigorous and productive, producing pods $3\frac{1}{2}$ ins. long, containing three or four medium size flat beans of good quality. The green Beans do not retain the pleasing greenish tint of the Henderson. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.55, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.25; 100 lbs., \$20.00.**

Baby Potato. (65 days). This new early thick seeded small Lima Bean is more vigorous than Henderson Bush, bearing larger pods with more beans of better flavor, and at eating stage the beans are bright green in color. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.45; 10 lbs., \$2.65, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.50; 100 lbs., \$21.00.**

Henderson's. (63 days). The earliest small Bush Lima. Sometimes called "Baby Lima" and in the South "Butter Bean." The plants are medium size, dark green, bearing pods 3 inches long containing 3 small flat Beans. When picked at

the proper stage, the Beans retain an attractive greenish tint, and are of most delicious flavor. Very popular for canning. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.30; 10 lbs., \$2.35, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.75; 100 lbs., \$18.00.**

Green Seeded Henderson. (68 days). Quite similar to Henderson Bush, but four or five days later, and not as prolific. The Beans, however, retain a greenish tint even when matured. Especially recommended for canning. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.75; 100 lbs., \$22.00.**

Jackson Wonder. (68 days). Also called "Calico Beans" because of the color of the seed, which is buff, mottled with black. It is almost drought-resistant, and very prolific. In growth it resembles Henderson's Bush, bearing pods 3 inches long, containing 3 medium-size flat Beans. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.30; 10 lbs., \$2.35, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.75; 100 lbs., \$18.00.**



Fava Beans

Long Pod Sevilla. Unlike our dwarf Lima Beans, which they somewhat resemble, Fava Beans are so hardy that they may be planted in the latitude of Norfolk either in December or February in ordinary seasons. The Beans should be planted one only every 8 inches in 3-foot rows and cultivated the same as Lima Beans. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.70; 10 lbs., \$3.15, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$6.75; 100 lbs., \$26.00.**

Scarlet Runner Beans. (See page 59).

LIMA BEANS *Pole or Running*

Tait's Eureka Pole Butter Beans

One-half pound of the small, and one pound of the large Pole Lima Beans will plant a row 100 feet long; 15 pounds of the small, or 30 pounds of the large will plant an acre.

Culture: Plant from May to July in rows 4 feet apart, setting the poles 4 feet in the row. Drop 4 or 5 Beans around each pole, and thin out to 2 or 3. If planted beside netting, drop 2 Beans every 8 inches. Cultivation the same as for Snap Beans.

Tait's Thorobred Giant Evergreen.

(85 days). The handsomest and most prolific large Pole Lima. The vines are strong and vigorous bearing large quantities of $5\frac{1}{2}$ -inch pods containing 5 or 6 large, flat Beans that have an attractive greenish tint and delicious flavor. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$2.95, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$6.25; 100 lbs., \$24.00.**

Early Leviathan. (80 days). The earliest large Pole Lima. The pods measure 5 to 6 inches, and contain 4 or 5 large flat Beans of good quality. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.75; 100 lbs., \$22.00.**

King of the Garden. (85 days). An improved strain of large White Pole Lima. The pods are from 5 to 6 inches long, and contain 4 or 5 large flat Beans of good quality. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.75; 100 lbs., \$22.00.**

Improved Challenger. (87 days). Sometimes called "Potato Lima." Best described as a running Fordhook. The plant is most vigorous, bearing 4-inch pods containing 3 or 4 large oval shaped green-tinted Beans of excellent quality. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$2.95, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$6.25; 100 lbs., \$24.00.**

Tait's Thorobred Eureka. (78 days). Growing more popular each year. It somewhat resembles Wood's Pole Lima in growth of vine, but is earlier, and more prolific. The pods are usually $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, and contain 3 or 4 medium size flat Beans of excellent flavor. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$2.95, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$6.25; 100 lbs., \$24.00.**

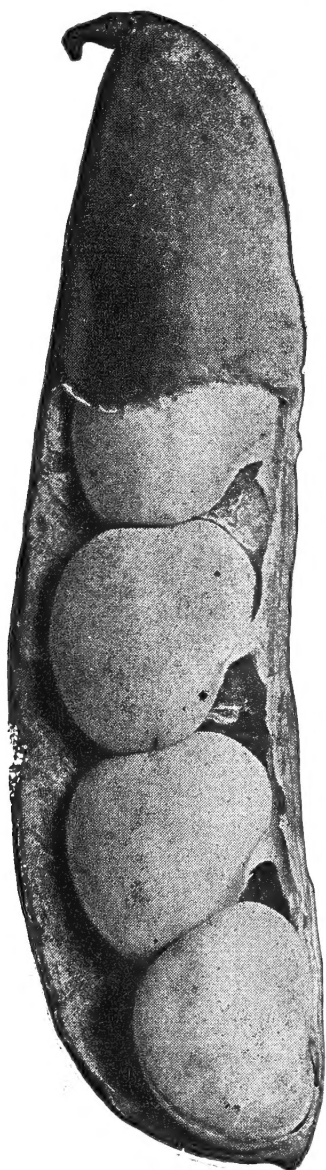
Sieva or Carolina. (75 days). The best known Pole Butter Bean. It is quite early and prolific, bearing pods 3 inches long that contain 3 small flat beans of excellent quality. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.30; 10 lbs., \$2.35, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.75; 100 lbs., \$18.00.**

Willow Leaf. (75 days). Nearly identical in size, growth and pod with the Sieva or Carolina described above, but it has willow-shaped leaves. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.75; 100 lbs., \$22.00.**

Florida Speckled. (78 days). Preferred in some sections of the South because it does well under adverse weather conditions. The plants somewhat resemble the Sieva, bearing 3-inch pods containing 3 medium-sized Beans that are buff colored, speckled with reddish brown. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.30; 10 lbs., \$2.35, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.75; 100 lbs., \$18.00.**

Our Lima Beans are all grown from choice stock; are carefully hand picked, and of high germination

Tait's Giant Evergreen Pole Lima Beans



BEETS

Table Varieties

2 ounces will plant a row 100 feet long; 6 to 8 pounds will plant an acre.

Culture: For extra early Beets, sow in greenhouse or hotbed in December in rows 4 to 6 inches apart, 1 inch deep. When large enough, transplant to cold frames in rows 8 inches apart, leaving 4 inches between the plants. For outdoor crop, sow in rich, loamy soil from the middle of February to the first of July. Sow the seed 1 inch deep in rows 15 to 18 inches apart, leaving 4 inches between the plants.

Early Wonder. (50 days). A splendid extra early variety equally good for the trucker or market gardener. The roots are semi-globe shaped with medium dark green tops tinged with bronze, and small tap root. The skin is dark red, flesh deep blood-red, with little zoning. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Boston Crosby's Egyptian.

(50 days). Our market gardener's stock of this popular extra early variety has been bred to perfection. The roots are of a flattened globe-shape with medium dark green tops tinged with bronze, and a small tap root. The flesh is deep red with lighter zoning, and of good quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Special Bright Crosby's Egyptian.

(50 days). A selection from the regular Crosby's Egyptian. With the same shape and all the fine qualities of that variety but has bright red skin and flesh. Many growers prefer it to the darker Crosby. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75; 5 lbs., \$7.50, postpaid.**

Detroit. (57 days). Probably the best all-purpose Beet, but a week later than Early Wonder or Crosby's Egyptian. The globular-shaped roots have ox-blood-red skin, with small dark green tops tinged with bronze and small tap root. The flesh is dark red with indistinct zones, and of unsurpassed quality. Fine for canning. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Sugar Beet

For Sugar or Stock

Klein Wanzleben. (95 days). The most desirable variety to grow, as it contains the greatest percentage of sugar. Heavy yielder and easy to dig. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.00, postpaid.**



Early Wonder Beet

Eclipse. (55 days). A handsome globe-shaped variety with medium green tops tinged with bronze and small tap root. The skin is bright red, flesh a trifle lighter, with pinkish zones. Good for mid-season planting. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Extra Early Egyptian.

(45 days). The earliest Beet in cultivation, and our stock is grown especially for the hotbed trade. The uniform flat roots have dark red skin with slender tap root and small green tops sometimes slightly tinged with bronze. The flesh is dark blood-red with little zoning. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75; 5 lbs., \$7.50, postpaid.**

Long Keeper.

(65 days). A late sort for the home garden and a splendid keeper. The roots are half long with purplish red skin, bright green tops, and deep red flesh. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75; 5 lbs., \$7.50, postpaid.**

SPINACH BEET OR SWISS CHARD

Two ounces will plant a row 100 feet long; 5 to 8 lbs. for an acre.

Culture: It is cultivated like Beets except that the plants should be left 10 to 12 inches apart in the row and kept thoroughly cultivated. Swiss Chard is only grown for the leaves the midrib of which is usually cooked like Asparagus, but the rest of the leaf is used for "greens," which is of the same delicate flavor as Spinach.

Giant Dark Green. (55 days). We consider this the best variety. The midrib is 2 inches wide, and the thick dark green leaves are beautifully savoyed and of good quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.00, postpaid.**

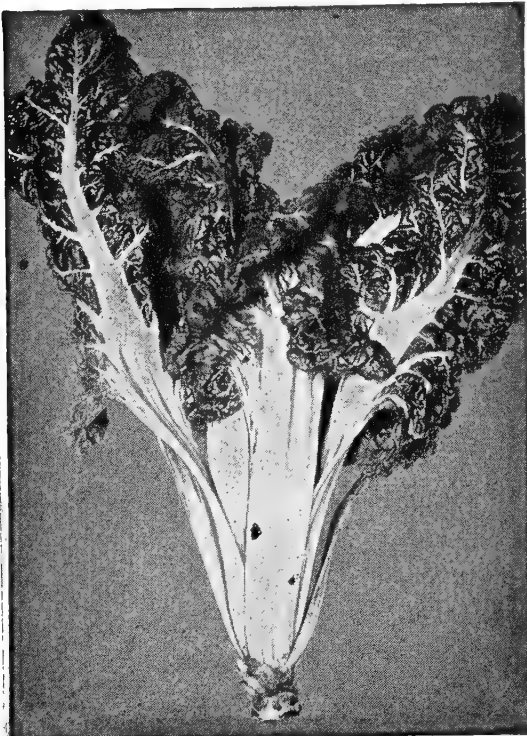
STOCK
BEETS
See Page 41

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

One ounce will produce 1,500 plants, 6 ounces will produce sufficient plants to set an acre.

Culture: Sow ½ inch deep in hot beds in January or February or in the open in July or August and transplant when large enough, to rows 2½ feet apart, allowing the same distance between the plants in the row. Cultivate as for late cabbage. If the leaves at the top of the stalk crowd the little heads, break them off.

Long Island Improved. (95 days). A favorite sort among market gardeners on account of its hardiness. The sprouts are remarkably compact, and symmetrical, making a most attractive package. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 45; ¼ lb., \$1.20; lb., \$4.25; 5 lbs., \$18.75, postpaid.**



Giant Dark Green Swiss Chard



Long Island Improved Brussels Sprouts

CABBAGE

1 ounce will plant a row 100 feet long, and produce 1500 strong plants. 6 ounces will produce enough strong plants to set an acre—days of maturity are reckoned from the time the plants are set out until they are ready to cut.

Culture: Cabbage do best on medium stiff soil that has been thoroughly dug or plowed deeply, and heavily manured, or made rich with 6-6-5 fertilizer at the rate of 25 lbs. per 100 yards. For an early spring crop, sow in a gentle hotbed in February $\frac{1}{4}$ inch deep in rows 6 inches apart, and transplant when weather conditions are suitable. The seed may also be sown in beds out-of-doors in April, and transplanted when the plants are large enough. For fall crop, the seed is sown in July and while it may be sown in beds, the usual method is to drill the seed where the Cabbage are to be grown, using 2 lbs. to the acre and thinning the plants 18 to 24 inches in the row. In the vicinity of Norfolk, the early spring crop of Wakefield Cabbage is sown out-of-doors in beds in late September, and the plants set in the field the last of November or early in December. The small or early types are sown in rows 3 feet apart, leaving 15 to 18 inches between the plants. The large or late types are sown in rows 3 feet 6 inches, leaving 18 to 24 inches between the plants. After the plants are set out, they should be frequently cultivated, drawing the earth to the stems at each cultivation until the heads begin to form at which time one final cultivation should be given. Cabbage should never be grown two seasons in succession on the same land.

Tait's Early Eureka Cabbage

REMEMBER

Tait's Cabbage Seed is grown for particular market gardeners.

Tait's Thorobred True Early Wakefield.

(68 days). There are numerous stocks of this well known Cabbage, but we believe our Thorobred strain, averaging $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 lbs., is the ideal early pointed Cabbage for truckers and market gardeners. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.20; lb., \$4.25; 5 lbs., \$18.75, postpaid.**

Tait's Thorobred Norfolk Wakefield.

(74 days). Our special strain of this popular variety is nearly as large as Charleston Wakefield, and a full week earlier. The handsome, pointed, solid heads average 4 pounds, are of splendid quality, and for main crop, we believe it is the finest type of Wakefield Cabbage in existence. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.20; lb., \$4.25; 5 lbs., \$18.75, postpaid.**

Golden Acre. (66 days). A selection from the Copenhagen Market that matures ten days earlier and has small, round, solid heads averaging 3 to 4 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.00; 5 lbs., \$13.75, postpaid.**

Copenhagen Market. (75 days). A well known variety, equally good for market or the home garden. The heads are uniformly round, solid, with crisp, white interior, and average 5 to 7 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 70c; lb., \$2.50; 5 lbs., \$11.25, postpaid.**

All Head Early. (80 days). One of the most popular varieties, and sometimes called "Solid South" or "Faultless." The heads are slightly round, quite deep, solid, and average 5 to 7 pounds. Our strain is exceedingly uniform as to size and color. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 70c; lb., \$2.50; 5 lbs., \$11.25, postpaid.**

Surehead. (95 days). As the name implies, this variety is a sure header. The heads are round, somewhat flattened, and average 8 to 9 lbs. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 70c; lb., \$2.50; 5 lbs., \$11.25, postpaid.**

All Seasons. (90 days). Sometimes called "Vandegaw." This Cabbage is remarkable for its ability to stand hot sun and dry weather. The heads are round, somewhat flattened, very deep, and average 8 to 9 pounds. A good sort for "kraut." **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 70c; lb., \$2.50; 5 lbs., \$11.25, postpaid.**

Ferry's Round Dutch. (72 days). A desirable round Cabbage with heads averaging 3 to 5 pounds. Very firm, and of good quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85c; lb., \$2.75; 5 lbs., \$12.50, postpaid.**

Charleston Wakefield.

(79 days). The largest Wakefield Cabbage, with heart-shaped heads, average from 5 to 7 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 70c; lb., \$2.50; 5 lbs., \$11.25, postpaid.**

Early Jersey Wakefield.

(70 days). The standard strain of the early Wakefield, with heads averaging 2 lbs., but it cannot compare with Tait's True Early Wakefield, which is earlier, larger and more uniform in heading. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 70c; lb., \$2.50; 5 lbs., \$11.25, postpaid.**

Tait's Thorobred Eureka. (67 days). An attractive extra early Cabbage with short stem and few outside leaves. The heads are somewhat round, very solid, of good quality and average $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 pounds. **Crop failed.**

Round Dutch Cabbage



CABBAGE

Succession. (90 days). A well known mid-season variety. The heads are flat, very deep, have short stems and average 8 to 9 pounds. A dependable cropper of good quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 70c; 1b., \$2.50; 5 lbs., \$11.25, postpaid.**

Large Late Flat Dutch. (110 days). One of the largest late Flat Dutch varieties, producing heads, often weighing 10 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 70c; 1b., \$2.50; 5 lbs., \$11.25, postpaid.**

Louisville Drumhead. (110 days). This beautiful Cabbage should be more largely used. It is the best of the drum-head type, with slightly round heads averaging 8 to 9 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 70c; 1b., \$2.50; 5 lbs., \$11.25, postpaid.**

Danish Ballhead. (Short Stem). (120 days). A distinct type of Danish origin. The round solid heads average 6 to 7 pounds, and keep exceptionally well. Does best in strong deep soil, and a cool climate. Very popular in the North and West. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 90c; 1b., \$3.00; 5 lbs., \$13.75, postpaid.**

Mammoth Red Rock. (110 days). The largest and most popular of the red varieties. Heads are somewhat round, extremely hard; average 7 to 8 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.40; 1b., \$5.00; 5 lbs., \$22.50, postpaid.**

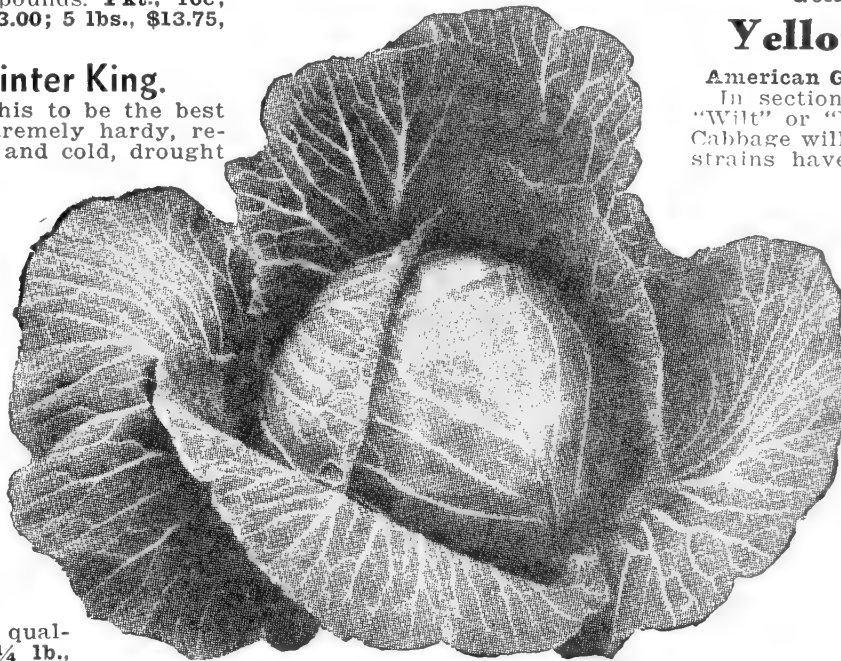
Perfection Drumhead Savoy. (90 days). A well known late variety with savoyed leaves. The well formed, somewhat globular heads are of good quality, and average 5 to 6 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 90c; 1b., \$3.00; 5 lbs., \$13.75, postpaid.**

Tait's Thorobred Winter King.

(100 days). We believe this to be the best large late Cabbage. Extremely hardy, resisting extremes of heat and cold, drought and moisture. Heads average 8 to 9 pounds, have short stems, are of splendid quality, and keep well. May be grown successfully for the late summer, but especially recommended for winter. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.15; 1b., \$4.00; 5 lbs., \$18.75, postpaid.**

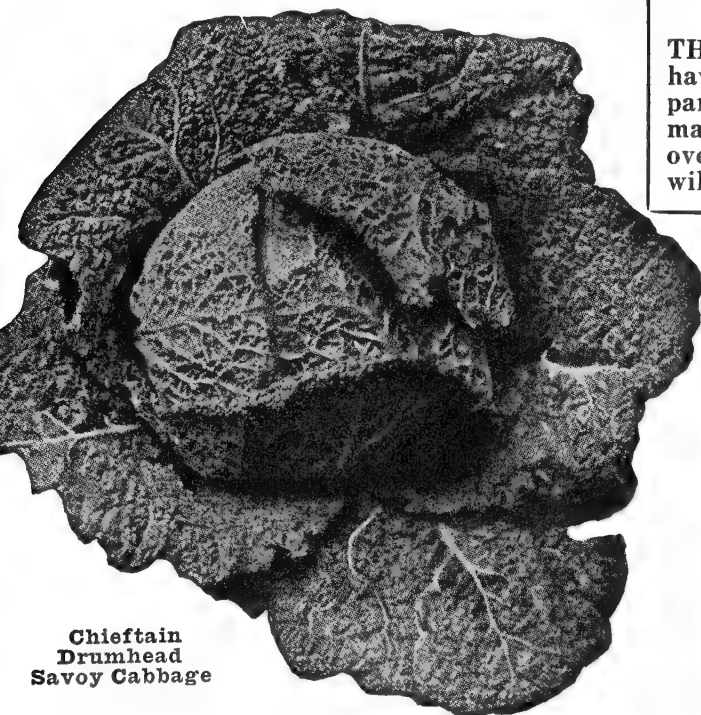
Chieftain Drumhead Savoy.

(80 days). An outstanding Savoyed Cabbage, 10 days earlier than the Perfection, and with more crinkled leaves. Heads average 4 to 5 pounds, are nearly round, well formed, and of excellent quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.15; 1b., \$4.00; 5 lbs., \$17.50, postpaid.**

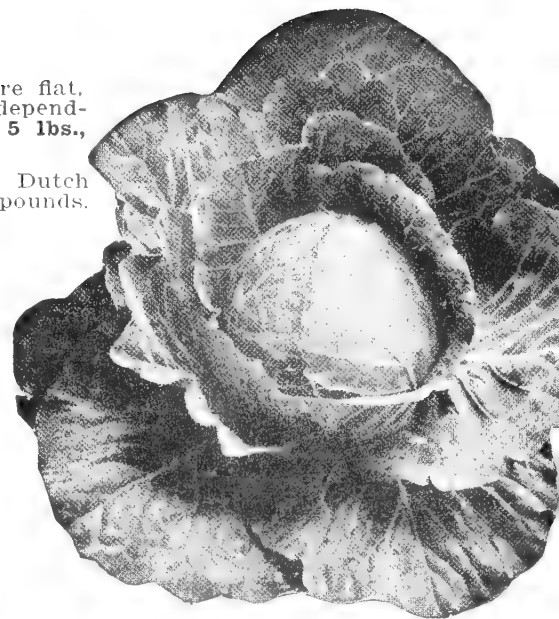


Tait's Early Market Cabbage

Remember, Tait's **THOROBRED SEEDS** have pleased the most particular truckers and market gardeners for over seventy years, and will please you also.



Chieftain Drumhead Savoy Cabbage



Golden Acre Cabbage

Yellows Resistant

American Grown Originator's Stock
In sections infested with Cabbage "Wilt" or "Yellows", where ordinary Cabbage will not grow, these resistant strains have been found satisfactory.

Tait's Thorobred Early Market.

(70 days). An early round Cabbage, just the size the market likes best, with heads averaging 3 to 5 lbs. **Pkt., 15c; oz., 60c; ¼ lb., \$1.90; 1b., \$6.95; 5 lbs., \$32.50, postpaid. Crop failed.**

Resistant

All Head. (80 days). A resistant type of All Head with heads averaging from 5 to 7 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; 1b., \$3.50; 5 lbs., \$15.00, postpaid.**

Marion Market. (75 days). A resistant strain of Copenhagen Market, with heads averaging 4 to 6 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; 1b., \$3.50; 5 lbs., \$15.00, postpaid.**

Wisconsin Hollander No. 8.

(100 days). A resistant strain of Danish Ballhead, averaging 6 to 7 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.15; 1b., \$4.00; 5 lbs., \$17.50, postpaid.**

Chinese Cabbage

Somewhat resembles our Cos Lettuce. Does best as a fall crop.

Chihli. A variety sometimes known as Improved Pekin. It often produces slender heads 18 inches high and not over 3 inches wide. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1b., \$2.00; 5 lbs., \$7.50, postpaid.**

Market Pride. A short, broad type, forming a tightly closed head. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1b., \$2.00; 5 lbs., \$7.50, postpaid.**

Chokurei. The leaves are narrow spines. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1b., \$2.00; 5 lbs., \$7.50, postpaid.**



Chihli



Chokurei Pe-Tsai

CARROTS

1 ounce will sow a row 100 feet long; 3 to 4 pounds will sow an acre.

Culture: Sow $\frac{1}{4}$ inch deep in light, rich, deeply cultivated soil, pressing the soil firmly over the seed. The rows may be from 12 to 24 inches apart, and when the seedlings are 2 inches high, thin out to 3 or 4 inches in the row. For the early crop, sow in February or March; for the late crop, sow in July or August.



**Special
Long
Chantenay
Carrot**

Imperator. (65 days). For shape, color and quality, this is an outstanding Carrot. It has been bred for market and shipping, but is equally good for the home garden. It has medium tops, averages about 8 inches long, $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches at the shoulder, and tapers to a point. The skin is bright orange. The flesh about the same color, with little core, and so crisp, tender and sweet that it is often called "Tender-sweet." **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.60; 5 lbs., \$6.75, postpaid.**

Special Long Chantenay. (60 days). Our special strain is earlier and longer than the standard Chantenay, with good tops for bunching. The roots average 7 inches long, $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches at the shoulder, and taper to a blunt point. The skin is deep orange, the flesh is of the same color, with an indistinct core, fine grained and sweet. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.60; 5 lbs., \$6.75, postpaid.**

Improved Nantes. (68 days). An attractive Carrot, excellent for growing under glass or in the open. The roots have short tops, average 7 inches long, $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches at the shoulder, and about the same size at the tip. The skin is brilliant orange; the flesh nearly the same color with indistinct core; and of splendid quality. Good for either home or on the market garden. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.60; 5 lbs., \$6.75, postpaid.**

Supreme Danvers. (65 days). One of the best all-purpose Carrots, longer than the original Danvers, and adapted to nearly all types of southern soil. The roots have good tops, average about 8 inches long, $1\frac{3}{4}$ inches at the shoulder, and taper to a blunt point. The skin is bright orange. The flesh is the same color, and of splendid quality. A good variety for market, storing, or stock feeding. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.60; 5 lbs., \$6.75, postpaid.**

Improved Long Orange. (75 days). For those who prefer a long Carrot, this is a desirable sort, but it should be planted only in a deep, mellow soil. It has large tops, average about 12 inches long, $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches at the shoulder, tapering to a point. The skin is dark orange, the flesh yellow, with a distinct core, yet of fine quality. Good for either market or table when young, and stock feeding when mature. A heavy cropper and keeps well. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.60; 5 lbs., \$6.75, postpaid.**



**Imperator
Carrot**

Oxheart. (65 days). The best variety for growing in soils too shallow or stiff for the longer type. It is heart-shaped, has small tops, averaging 4 inches long, 3 inches at the shoulder. The skin is bright orange, the flesh a trifle lighter, and of excellent quality, when small. A heavy yielder, keeps well, splendid for stock, and easy to harvest on account of its chunky shape. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.60; 5 lbs., \$6.75, postpaid.**

Early Scarlet Horn. (55 days). Used principally for growing under glass. The roots have small tops, averaging $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches at the shoulder, and taper to a blunt point. The skin is red-orange; the flesh a trifle lighter, and crisp and sweet. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.60; 5 lbs., \$6.75, postpaid.**

Yellow Belgian. (95 days). Large heavy yielding variety grown exclusively for stock. The roots grow 10 to 14 inches long, and 3 or 4 inches at the shoulder, with pale yellow skin and flesh. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.60; 5 lbs., \$6.75, postpaid.**

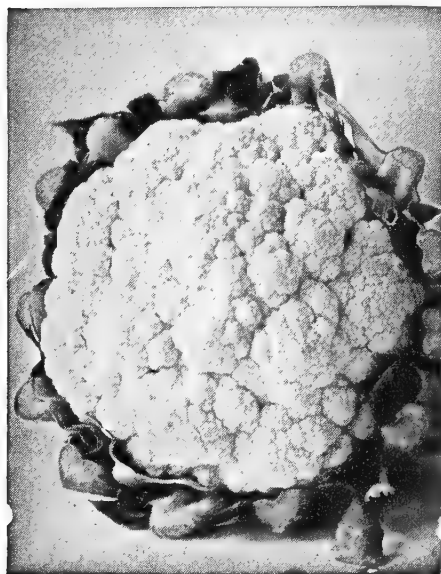
CAULIFLOWER

One ounce will sow a row 100 feet long, and produce from 2500 to 3000 plants; four ounces will produce enough plants to set out an acre.

Super Snowball. (95 days). Probably the earliest variety, and like our Thorobred White Bouquet, is as equally celebrated. We recommend both selections unreservedly, but find that in different sections preference is often shown for one or the other, owing to the effects of various soils and climates. **Pkt., 25c; oz., \$2.50; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$9.50; lb., \$35.00, postpaid.**

White Bouquet. (100 days). A few days later than Super Snowball, but in our judgment the best Cauliflower for the latitude of Norfolk. The superiority which we claim for it is particularly shown in its earliness, certainty of heading, splendid quality and well-shaped large heads of snowy whiteness. **Pkt., 25c; oz., \$2.50; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$9.50; lb., \$35.00, postpaid.**

Dry Weather. (110 days). Very similar to Danish Giant, and as its name implies is especially adapted to those sections which experience long seasons of hot, dry weather. **Pkt., 25c; oz., \$2.50, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$9.50; lb., \$35.00, postpaid.**



White Bouquet Cauliflower

CELERY

One ounce will plant a row 100 feet long, and produce 3000 to 5000 plants; 4 ounces will produce enough plants to set out an acre.

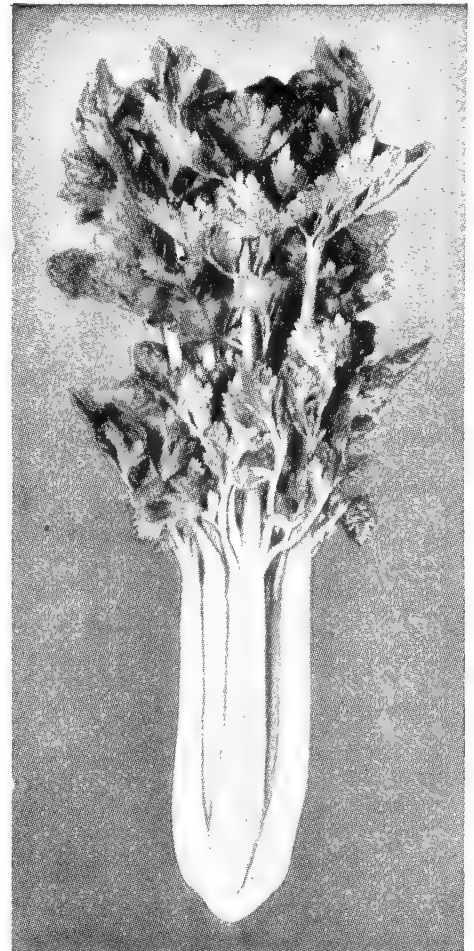
Culture: The cultivation of Celery in a hot climate is attended with some difficulty, but in deep, rich soil good Celery can be grown if a little extra care is taken. In the latitude of Norfolk for an early crop, sow the seed in a greenhouse in January, and transplant to hotbeds in March. For a late crop, sow the seed in May, and set out in August. Celery seed is slow to germinate, so before sowing the seed, get the soil in as fine a condition as possible. Make rows 3 or 4 inches apart, and sow the seed evenly in the rows. Cover very lightly, barely covering the seed and press the soil firmly over the seed after sowing. The soil should be kept moist until the seed germinates. When set out in hotbeds the rows are usually 11 inches apart, and the plants 6 inches in the row. Hotbed Celery is blanched by being planted close together. When set in the field, the rows are 3 to 4 feet apart, and the plants 8 inches in the row. Field grown Celery is blanched by drawing the earth around the plants, or board or paper may be used. While Celery requires a lot of moisture, do not work the ground when the soil or the plants are wet, and when drawing the earth to the plants, care must be taken not to cover the top of the center shoot.

Supreme Golden. (115 days). A handsome, strong growing Celery, an improvement on the old Golden Self-Blanching; taller and more uniform. It averages about 25 inches in height, and at maturity it blanches readily to a clear creamy white. It is recommended for winter crop in the South, and for main crop in the North. **Pkt., 15c; oz., \$1.25; ¼ lb., \$3.75; lb., \$12.50, postpaid.**

Non-Bolting Golden Plume. (120 days). A dwarf, compact strain of Golden Plume. Averages about 20 inches in height, and its tendency not to bolt to seed makes it valuable in the North for early crop, and in the South for spring crop. Recommended for sections where unfavorable weather conditions cause ordinary strains to bolt. **Pkt., 15c; oz., \$1.25; ¼ lb., \$3.75; lb., \$12.50, postpaid.**

Norfolk Golden Plume. (110 days). Attractive Celery, averaging 24 inches in height. The plants are full-hearted, stems broad, 8 inches long, and free from strings. A good shipping variety. **Pkt., 15c; oz., \$1.75; ¼ lb., \$6.00; lb., \$20.00, postpaid.**

Wonderful. (110 days). An early desirable variety, resembling Golden Self-Blanching. The plants are full-hearted. Blanch easily and are of excellent quality, averaging 25 inches in height. **Pkt., 15c; oz., \$1.25; ¼ lb., \$3.75; lb., \$12.50, postpaid.**



Norfolk Golden Plume

Improved White Plume. (120 days). While an old variety, this is still a splendid Celery for late summer or fall use. Blanches easily, has a full pure white heart, with a delicious, nutty flavor. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 65c; ¼ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.50, postpaid.**

Olsen's Crispheart. (125 days). Earlier than Giant Pascal, and the best green Celery for either early or late use. The plants average 22 inches in height, are stocky, full-hearted, compact, blanch readily, and are of fine quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 65c; ¼ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.50, postpaid.**

Soup Celery. Old Celery seed used for flavoring purposes only. **Oz., 5c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c, postpaid.**

Celeriac

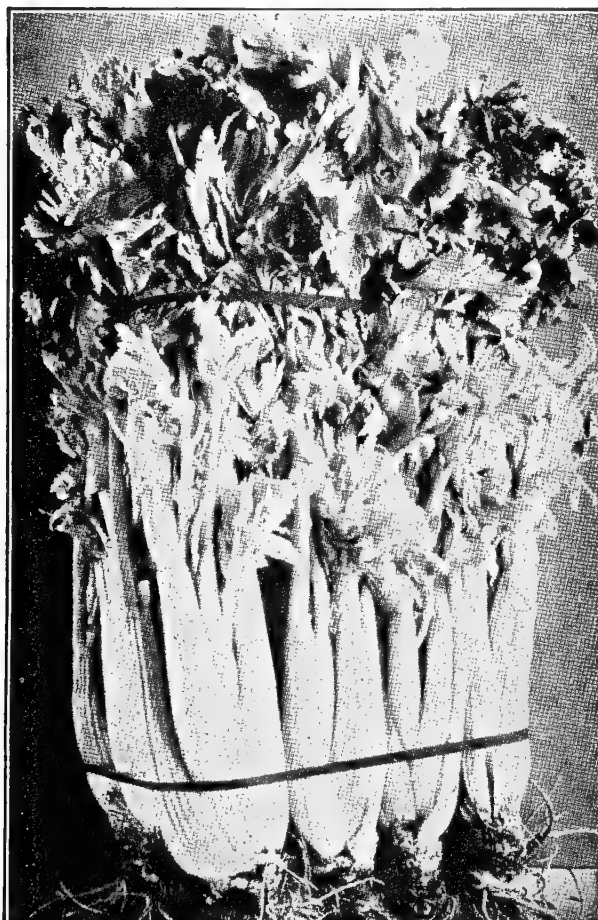
One ounce is sufficient for a row 100 feet long, and will produce 3000 to 4000 plants; 4 ounces will produce enough plants to set out an acre.

Culture: A species of Celery grown for its root. The seed may be sown at the same season, and given the same treatment as Celery, except there is no trenching or hilling required. When the roots have attained a diameter of 2 inches they are ready for use.

Giant Prague. (80 days). The best variety, producing large tubers, nearly globular in shape. **Pkt., 15c; oz., 60c; ¼ lb., \$1.60; lb., \$6.00, postpaid.**



Giant Prague Celeriac



Olsen's Crispheart Celery

CHIVES

One ounce will plant a row 100 feet long.

A perennial onion-like plant esteemed for its very mild onion flavor. It may be sown in March or October. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

CORN

$\frac{1}{2}$ lb. will plant 100 feet in hills; 9 to 14 lbs. for an acre.

Culture: Corn may be grown in almost any soil, provided it is well drained, reasonably fertile, deeply dug and well fertilized. Plant in rows 3 to 4 feet apart dropping 3 or 4 grains 15 to 18 inches in the row. When 4 or 5 inches high, thin to 1 or 2 stalks to the hill, according to the richness of the land. Frequent shallow cultivation is essential until the tassel appears, and then "laid-by." In the latitude of Norfolk, Sweet Corn may be planted the last week in March, but Sugar Corn should not be planted until the middle of April. For a succession, plant every two weeks until the first of July.

Sweet Corns, But Not Sugar Corns

Bland's Extra Early. (60 days). The best early white variety for southern market gardeners. The ears are 6 inches long, with 12 rows of attractive pearly white grains. Height 5 feet. Should be grown only on rich land. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; 1b., 35c; 2 lbs., 60c; 5 lbs., \$1.15; 10 lbs., \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.00; 50 lbs., \$7.50.**

Extra Early Adams. (57 days). The earliest white Sweet Corn. The ears are 5 to 6 inches long, with 12 rows of broad, rather shallow grains. It should be grown only in rich land that has been heavily fertilized. Height $4\frac{1}{2}$ feet. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; 1b., 35c; 2 lbs., 60c; 5 lbs., \$1.10; 10 lbs., \$1.90, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$3.75; 50 lbs., \$7.00.**

Improved Big Adams. (65 days). A well known White Dent Corn with ears 8 or 9 inches long, and 12 rows of pointed grain. Height 6 feet. Not as early as Tait's Early Morn, which is a better sort. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; 1b., 30c; 2 lbs., 55c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.70, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$3.25; 50 lbs., \$6.00.**

Tait's Thorobred Early. (65 days). This variety matures a few days earlier than our Norfolk Market, and has probably the largest ear of any early corn. The stalks grow about $6\frac{1}{2}$ ft. high, bearing usually two ears 10 to 12 ins. long, with 12 to 14 rows on the ear. The quality, while not quite equal to our Norfolk Market, is exceptionally good. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; 1b., 35c; 2 lbs., 60c; 5 lbs., \$1.15; 10 lbs., \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.00; 50 lbs., \$7.50.**

Tait's Thorobred Norfolk Market.

(63 days). Introduced by us—buy this variety under our seal to be certain of getting the **GENUINE** Norfolk Market. It is the handsomest of all Sweet Corns, and largely grown by market gardeners from Norfolk to Florida. The stalks grow about 6 feet high, bearing 2 ears 8 to 9 inches long, with 12 rows to the ear. The quality is exceptionally good for a Sweet Corn. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; 1b., 30c; 2 lbs., 55c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.70, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$3.25; 50 lbs., \$6.00.**

Tait's Thorobred Best of All. (95 days). The best flavored of all Sweet Corns, and because of its fine quality is popular with particular home and market gardeners. The stalks grow about 6 feet high, bearing two ears 9 to 10 inches long, with 12 to 14 rows to the ear. The creamy white grains are quite sweet, and of delicious flavor. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; 1b., 35c; 2 lbs., 60c; 5 lbs., \$1.15; 10 lbs., \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.00; 50 lbs., \$7.50.**

Trucker's Favorite. (73 days). A popular white Dent, useful either for roasting ears or early dried Corn, but for roasting ears it is not as early and the quality is not as good as our Norfolk Market. The stalks grow 6 feet high, usually bearing 2 ears 8 to 9 inches long, with 14 rows to the ear. Our stock is from the originator, and is superior to most corns offered under this name. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; 1b., 30c; 2 lbs., 55c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.70, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$3.25; 50 lbs., \$6.00.**

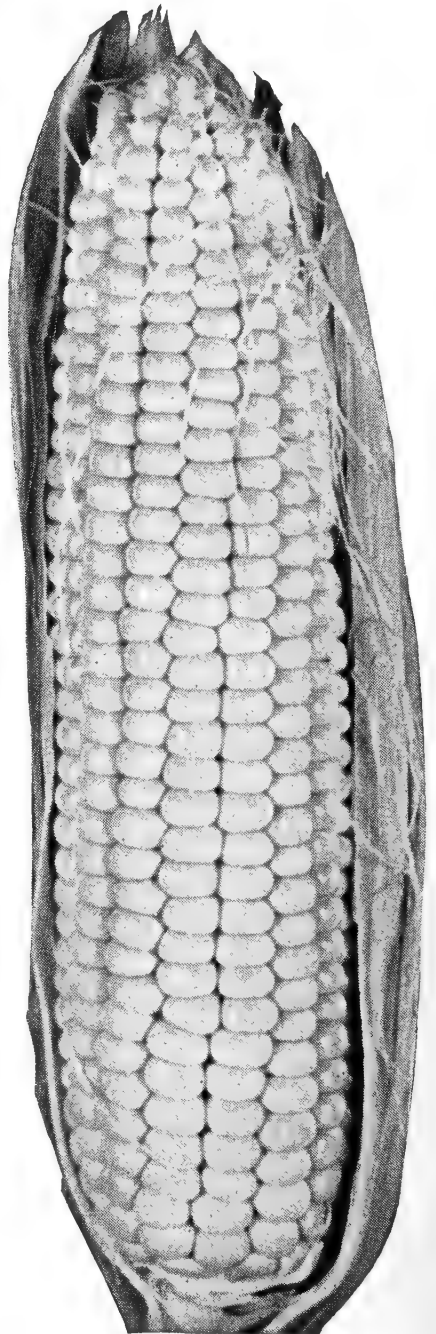
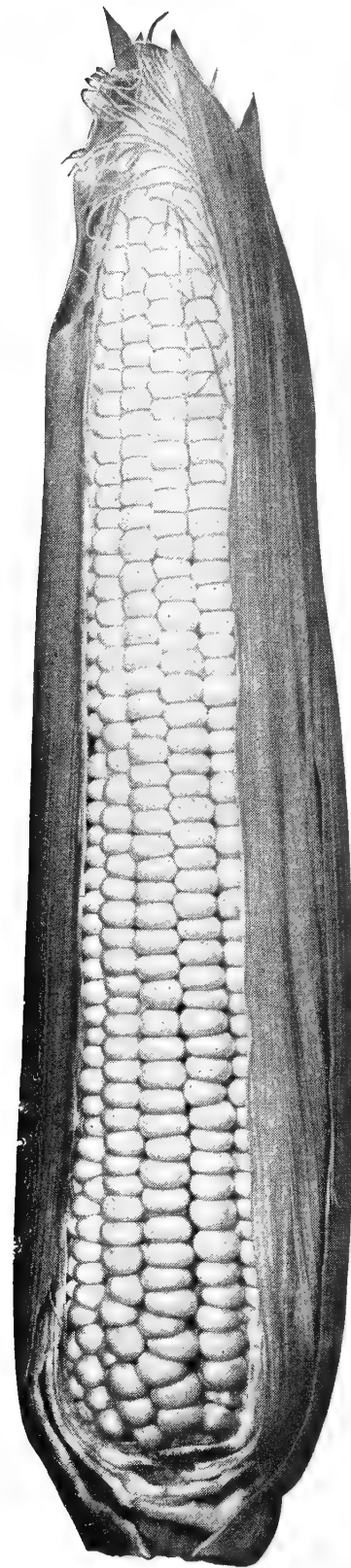
Tait's Norfolk Market Corn

is not as good as our Norfolk Market. The stalks grow 6 feet high, usually bearing 2 ears 8 to 9 inches long, with 14 rows to the ear. Our stock is from the originator, and is superior to most corns offered under this name. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; 1b., 30c; 2 lbs., 55c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.70, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$3.25; 50 lbs., \$6.00.**

Semesan Jr. $2\frac{1}{2}$ c an acre for Semesan Jr., returns 2 to 12 bushels more. Provides an effective and inexpensive dust treatment for the control of corn diseases. Used at the rate of 2 ounces per bushel of seed. **$1\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c; 12 ozs., 65c, postpaid.** Order with your seed.

Crow Repellant. Protect your corn from damage by crows, woodchucks and other corn pulling birds and animals. It is non-poisonous. **$\frac{1}{2}$ pt. can, 65c (treats 1 bu. of seed); pt. can, \$1.10, postpaid.** Order with your seed.

Tait's Best of All Corn



SUGAR CORN All Sugar Corn

Country Gentleman. (85 days). Sometimes called "Shoe Peg" because of the irregular formation of the grains on the cob. The stalk grows about 6 feet high, bearing ears 7 to 7½ inches long. It is a very prolific sort of splendid quality and good for either home gardeners, market gardeners, or canners. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.55; 10 lbs., \$2.85, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.75; 100 lbs., \$22.00.**

Stowell's Evergreen. (80 days). An old favorite with home gardeners, market gardeners, and canners for the main crop. It remains in the green state for a longer time than most Sugar Corns—hence its name "Evergreen." The stalks grow about 8 feet high, bearing ears 8 to 9 inches long, with 14 to 16 rows to the ear. The grains are broad, deep and of excellent quality. The best Sugar Corn for the South. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.55; 10 lbs., \$2.85; postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.75; 100 lbs., \$22.00.**

Golden Bantam. (72 days). Still the favorite with many home and market gardeners. Our special stock grows 5 to 6 feet high, bearing ears 7 to 8 inches long, with 8 rows of delicious golden yellow Corn to the ear. One of the sweetest of Corns, and of the best quality. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.55, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.25; 100 lbs., \$20.00.**

Golden Giant. (80 days). A midseason variety, with stalks growing 7 feet high, bearing ears 6½ to 7 inches long, with 12 to 14 rows to the ear. For those who like a larger ear than Golden Bantam, this is a fine sort and of splendid quality. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.55, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.25; 100 lbs., \$20.00.**

Hybrid Sugar Corn

The greatest improvement is being made in hybrid sugar corn, and they should be planted in preference to the open pollinated varieties, as they have a deeper root system, out-yield open pollinated varieties, and are resistant to many corn diseases. They also have heavier husks which are a protection against corn ear worms.

Aristogold Bantam Evergreen. (86 days). This handsome hybrid corn is in great favor with both home and market gardeners. The stalks grow 7 to 8 feet high, bearing ears 9 to 10 inches long, with 14 to 18 rows of golden yellow kernels of exceptionally good quality. Resistant to ear worm and "smut." **Pkt., 15c; ½ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 60c; 2 lbs., \$1.10; 5 lbs., \$2.40; 10 lbs., \$4.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$10.50; 100 lbs., \$40.00.**

Evergreen Hybrid. (92 days). A great improvement over the open pollinated Stowell's Evergreen. The stalks grow from 7 to 8 feet high, with 16 to 18 rows of delicious sweet white kernels. **Pkt., 15c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 50c; 2 lbs., \$1.10; 5 lbs., \$2.45; 10 lbs., \$4.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$10.50; 100 lbs., \$40.00.**

Golden Cross Bantam. (80 days). Very uniform in habit of growth, size and maturity. The stalks grow about 6 feet bearing ears 8 inches long with 12 to 14 rows of deliciously sweet, light, yellow grains. **Pkt., 15c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 50c; 2 lbs., 95c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; 10 lbs., \$4.15, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$9.00; 100 lbs., \$35.00.**

Golden Pride. (85 days). A splendid variety for either home or market. The stalks grow about 6 feet bearing ears 8 to 9 inches long, with 12 to 14 rows of delicious golden kernels. Remarkably resistant to ear worm. An exceptional variety for truckers who ship to northern markets. **Pkt., 15c; ½ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 60c; 2 lbs., \$1.10; 5 lbs., \$2.40; 10 lbs., \$4.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$10.50; 100 lbs., \$40.00.**

Tendersweet. (85 days). All gardeners praise this splendid hybrid corn. The stalks grow 6 to 8 ft. high, bearing ears 8 ins. long, with 12 to 14 rows of the most delicious tender and sweet golden kernels. Highly resistant to drouth, wilt, and smut. **Pkt., 15c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 50c; 2 lbs., 95c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; 10 lbs., \$4.15, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$9.00; 100 lbs., \$35.00.**

White Cross Wonder. (83 days). This white hybrid has all the good qualities of Golden Cross Bantam. The stalks grow about 6 feet high, bearing ears 8 to 9 inches long with 12 to 14 rows of glistening white kernels. In our judgment, the best white hybrid corn. **Pkt., 15c; ½ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 60c; 2 lbs., \$1.10; 5 lbs., \$2.40; 10 lbs., \$4.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$10.50; 100 lbs., \$40.00.**

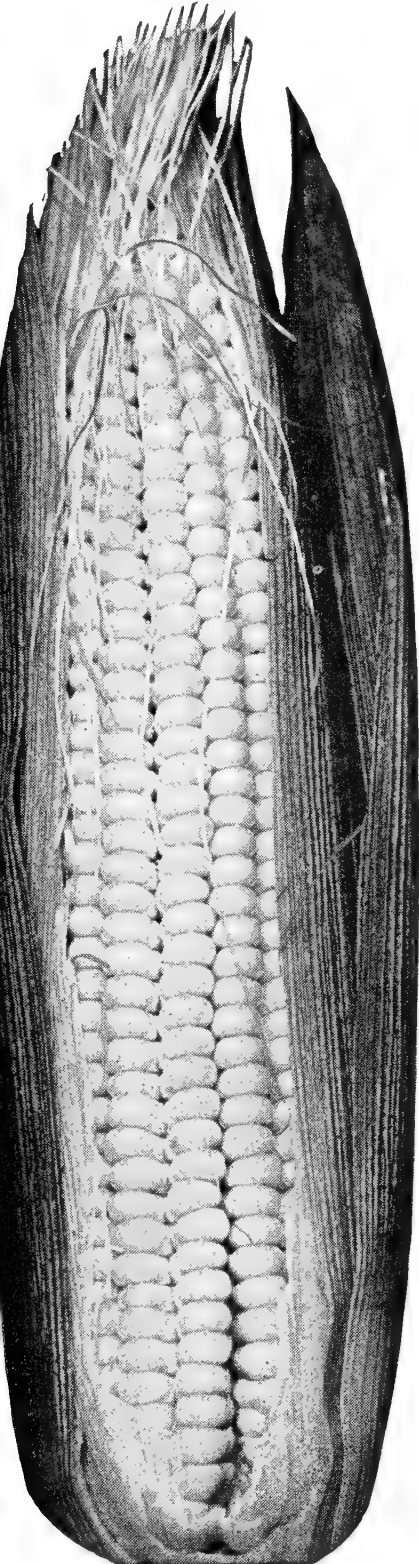
All gardeners should use hybrid sugar corn

Pop Corn

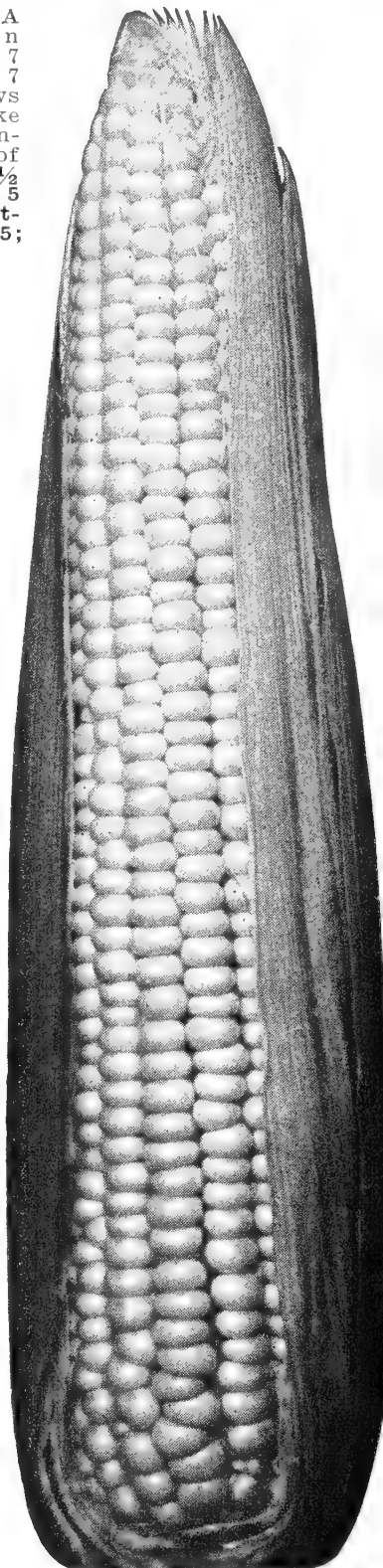
White Rice. (110 days). An old standard early variety with pointed grains. The stalks grow 5 feet high with ears 6 to 8 inches long. **Lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.25, postpaid.**

White Hulless. (110 days). This variety is preferred by many to White Rice. The stalks grow 5 feet high with short, chunky ears. **Lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.25, postpaid.**

South American Dynamite. (115 days). A splendid yellow variety that pops to an attractive light cream color, and is of the best quality. The stalk grows 5 feet high, producing usually two ears 7 inches long. The most popular sort for commercial poppers. **Lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.25, postpaid.**



White Cross Wonder Corn



Golden Pride Corn

CHICORY

Witloof. (110 days). Sometimes called "French Endive" and grown principally for the roots, which when forced, produce a popular salad. The roots are grown during the summer, and forced in the fall and winter. The parsnip-like roots are dug in the fall. The tops are cut off within an inch of the crown, and are trimmed to a uniform length of 9 inches. To force, the roots are set 2 inches apart, and covered with soil. If a quick growth is desired, mulch with fresh manure. Water twice a week, and keep at a temperature of about 70°. The new leaf growth forms a compact head similar in shape to Cos Lettuce. 1 ounce will sow a row 100 feet long; 3 to 5 pounds for an acre. Sow in the early spring $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep in rows 18 inches apart, and thin the plants to 4 inches in the row. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Asparagus Chicory. (*Ciccoria Catalogna*). (5 days). This variety is an annual and some- times called "Italian Dandelion," and may be cut several times in a season as the new shoots appear. Plant medium thin, one-half inch deep, from the middle of July to the middle of August in 3-foot rows, leaving ten inches between the plants. The cutting must be through before freezing weather. One ounce will sow a row 100 feet long; 3 lbs. will sow an acre. **Pkt., 15c; oz., 75c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$2.00; lb., \$7.50, postpaid.**



**Witloof Chicory
(French Endive)**

CORN SALAD

Two ounces will plant a row 100 feet long.

A hardy plant, forming rosettes of tender, edible leaves, and sometimes called "Lamb's Lettuce." It is used for greens, like spinach, or as a salad. It can be sown in the spring and will mature in 60 days, or in the Fall, and will winter over like Spinach, if given a little protection. Sow $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep in rows 12 to 18 inches apart, pressing

the soil firmly over the seed. When the plants are large enough, thin out to 6 inches in the row. Cultivation same as for spinach.

Broad-Leaved. (45 days). **Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.00, postpaid.**



Tait's Wonder Collard

CRESS

Upland. (60 days). This variety stays green the year round, and has a flavor similar to Water Cress. It can be used for "greens" like Spinach, or as a salad. Sow $\frac{1}{4}$ inch deep in rows 12 to 18 inches apart, either in the spring or fall, and when the plants are large enough, thin out so as to stand 6 inches apart. 1 ounce will plant a row 100 feet long; 3 to 5 pounds will sow an acre. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Water Cress. (60 days). A distinct variety with small oval leaves of a delicious piquant flavor. Does best when sown lightly in the early spring along the edges of creeks or shallow running streams, but may be readily grown in any moist soil or in a damp hotbed of moderate temperature. Often grows luxuriantly in ordinary ditches where the soil never becomes dry and hard. One ounce will produce 3000 plants. **Pkt., 20c; oz., \$1.75; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$6.00; lb., \$20.00, postpaid.**

COLLARDS

One ounce will plant a row 100 feet long; four ounces will produce sufficient plants to set an acre.

Culture: Sow from March to July for cabbage either in beds to be transplanted when large enough, or in rows where the plants are to stand. The rows should be at least 3 feet apart, allowing 24 to 30 inches between the plants in the row.

We urge all growers of Collards to use Tait's Wonder Non-Heading and Tait's Cabbage Head Collards.

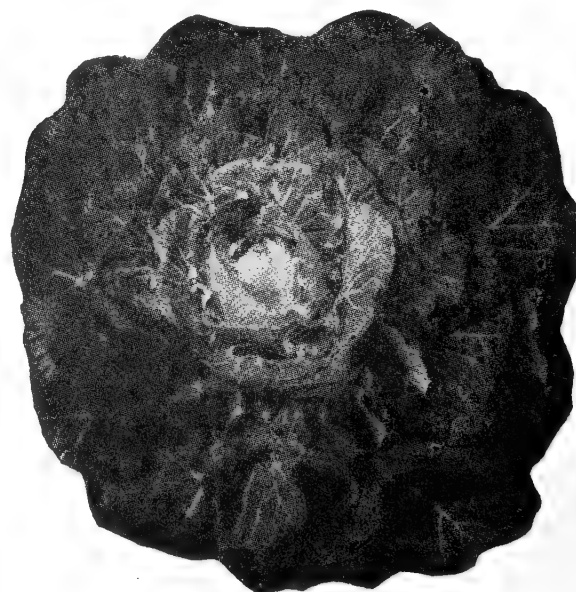
Tait's Wonder. (75 days). A selection from White Cabbage Collard, with a trifle lighter foliage, but hardier, and later in running to seed. The best non-heading collard. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Southern Short Stem. (or North Carolina Short Stem.) (80 days). The best known non-heading Collard, and in the South will thrive under conditions where it would be almost impossible to grow cabbage. Height 2 feet. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$3.75, postpaid.**

Vates. (75 days). Developed at the Virginia Truck Experiment Station by the late Dr. H. H. Zimmerly from a cross between Tait's Wonder and Tait's Heading Collard. The leaves are darker in color than Tait's Wonder, are a trifle thicker, and have a waxy bloom. However it is not as cold resistant and is earlier in running to seed. It is preferred by canners because it has practically no purple tinge in stem or leaf. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.50; 5 lbs., \$6.25, postpaid.**

Tait's Thorobred Heading. (also known as Carolina Header.) (75 days). A cross between Wakefield Cabbage and Southern Collard. A large percentage produce soft heads, formed by the folding of the center leaves. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.50; 5 lbs., \$6.25; postpaid.**

White Cabbage. (80 days). A popular non-heading variety similar in appearance to Southern Short Stem. Height 2 feet. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$3.75, postpaid.**



Tait's Heading Collard

CUCUMBER

1 ounce will plant 100 feet in hills; 2 to 4 lbs. for an acre; 10 to 15 lbs. when drilled.

Culture: Cucumbers may be sown from April until August, but for the main crop the seed should be sown in the open ground as soon as danger of frost is past. While the usual way of sowing is to put the seed in hills 4 by 6 feet, the method employed around Norfolk is to drill the seed three-fourth of an inch deep in rows 6 feet apart, between garden peas, which act as a shelter, and thinned to 3 or 4 plants in the hill, 12 inches apart. The young plants are often attacked by insects, and should not be thinned out until they are large enough to be safe. The Cucumbers should be gathered as fast as they are produced, whether they are wanted or not, as the vines will otherwise cease to bear.

Tait's
None
Such
Cucumber

London Long Green.

(68 days). An old favorite of good shape, length and color, but late. It is firm fleshed, crisp, with few seeds, and makes good pickles. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Tait's Thorobred None Such.

(62 days). This is really a remarkable Cucumber, very early, nearly perfect in shape; will average over 8 ins. in length, 2 ins. in diameter, and is of splendid quality. The color is very dark green that appears almost black, and we have seen fruits of None Such hold their dark green color for two weeks after being pulled. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Tait's Thorobred Prosperity. (60 days). The size and shape of this Cucumber are ideal, averaging 9 inches long and 2 inches in diameter. The color is a rich dark green, which is retained for two or three weeks after pulling, making it most desirable for long distance shipping. A good sort for slicing or pickles. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Stays Green. (58 days). Long type. A very early Cucumber of good length, and dark green color. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.**

Taxpayer. (62 days). A special strain of Early Fortune; earlier and of darker color than Early Fortune. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.**

Woodruff's Hybrid. (Same as Clark's Special.)

Cubit. (60 days). A prolific main crop variety, somewhat resembling Straight Eight. Distinguished by unusually dark green color, and long blunt ended cylindrical shape. Holds its dark green color and crispness in shipping. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 65c; lb., \$2.25, postpaid.**

Tait's Thorobred A. B. C.

(65 days). An exceptionally fine strain of A. & C. and the most beautiful of all Cucumbers. The vines are robust, and quite resistant to disease. The fruits average about 9 inches in length, 2¼ inches in diameter, are dark green, and hold their color better than most sorts. The size and shape is just right for a fancy pack. A good sort for slicing or pickles. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Marketer. (56 days). This early Cucumber was awarded the Bronze Medal in the All-American 1943 Selection. The vines are vigorous and prolific, bearing very dark green fruit 7¼ inches in length and 2½ inches in diameter, tapered to each end. All Cucumber growers should try it out this year. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 65c; lb., \$2.25, postpaid.**

Clark's Special. (63 days). An early variety and much liked in many sections because of its dark green color and symmetrical shape. It grows about 10 inches long, and retains its color for several days after picking. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.**

Chinese Climbing. (64 days). In small gardens where space is limited this will be useful, as it can be grown on poles or trellis. The fruit is quite long, of dark green color, excellent quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Straight-8. (63 days). A very desirable Cucumber. It is practically straight, symmetrical, of a beautiful, dark green color, and will average eight inches in length. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Cool and Crisp. (64 days). This agreeably suggestive name has been given to a Cucumber which is of great value in the family garden, as it is extra early, well colored, a continuous bearer and equally good for slicing or pickling. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.**

National Pickler. (56 days). A splendid pickling strain developed at the Michigan Agricultural College, in collaboration with the National Pickle Packers Association. The fruit is dark green and full ended. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.**

Gherkin. (63 days). Sometimes called Burr Cucumber and grown exclusively for pickles. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Tait's A. B. C.
Cucumber

DANDELION

One ounce will plant a row 100 feet long; 4 to 6 lbs. for an acre.

Tait's Thorobred Cabbaging. This variety of Dandelion is a perennial the leaves are among the first to appear. Sow one-half inch deep in July or August in rows 18 inches apart, leaving 9 to 12 inches between the plants. Cultivate well throughout the growing season, and do not attempt to cut at all until the following spring. An improved thick leaf variety and the favorite with the market gardeners. The thick, fleshy leaves are of especially good flavor, blanching almost naturally. **Pkt., 15c; oz., 60c; ¼ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00, postpaid.**

Italian Dandelion. (See Asparagus Chicory, Ciccioria Catalogna, Page 14.)

DILL

(*Antheum Graveolens*). An annual with seeds of the peculiar pungent taste, often added to pickling cucumbers to heighten the flavor. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; lb., \$1.25.**

EGGPLANT

One ounce will plant a row 100 feet long; 6 ounces will produce sufficient plants to set an acre.

Culture: As the seeds are not of vigorous germination and require much greater heat than is necessary or desirable for other plants, they should be carefully sown in a greenhouse or specially prepared hotbed. Sow one-fourth of an inch deep in February or early March. When 2 or 3 inches high, set the plants out in small pots to induce stockiness, and if possible, transplant again into a larger size, since with every transfer, the plant gains strength. Our Norfolk growers use a basket about 6 inches square, without a bottom, made by folding a slat that comes for that purpose, so as to be easily removed when



Black Beauty Eggplant

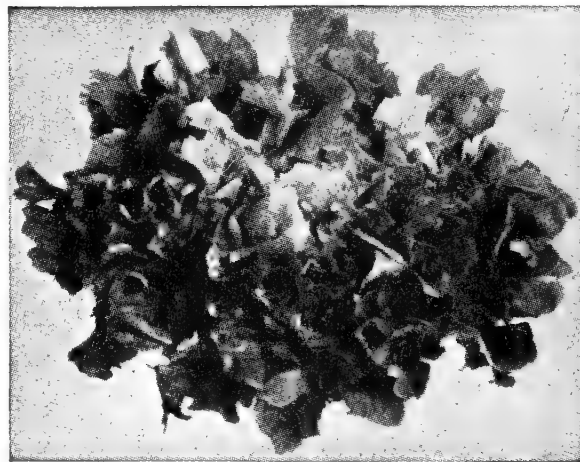
the plants are set in the field. Do not risk setting out the plants in the open ground too early, as a single cold night will sometimes seriously check the growth and probably cause the first blossoms to drop. When the weather has turned permanently warm, set them in the field in rows 4 feet wide, leaving 3 feet between plants. Outdoor sowing should not be made before May.

Black Beauty. (80 days). The most popular variety along the entire coast, and especially valued on account of its earliness. The fruit is somewhat egg-shaped, and the color such a rich dark purple that the name of "Black Beauty" is quite justified. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c; ¼ lb., \$2.00; lb., \$7.50, postpaid.**

Tait's Thorobred Perfection. (85 days). The fruit of this variety is a regular oval, very smooth and rarely showing any tinge of yellow or red, the bright purple skin having almost the lustre of satin. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c; ¼ lb., \$2.00; lb., \$7.50, postpaid.**

Florida High Bush. (85 days). About the same color as Tait's Perfection, but not as early. This variety is liked by market gardeners in the extreme South, especially Florida. It is very hardy, productive, and stands shipping well. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c; ¼ lb., \$2.00; lb., \$7.50, postpaid.**

Fort Myers Market. (83 days). This variety was developed for the far south. The plants are tall, vigorous, quite resistant to disease, and carry the fruits off the ground. The long black oval fruits have no neck at the stem end, and produce over a long season. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c; ¼ lb., \$2.00; lb., \$7.50, postpaid.**



Full Heart Batavian Endive

ENDIVE

One ounce will plant a row 100 feet long; 4 lbs. for an acre.

One pound will produce enough plants to set an acre.

Culture: Sow one-fourth inch deep from April to Sept., in 18-inch rows; thin plants when about 2 inches high to 10 inches in the row. Cultivate about the same as lettuce.

Full Heart Batavian. (85 days). A distinctly improved form of broad leaf Batavian or Escarolle. The heads are 18 inches across, with deep, full, compact, well blanching hearts of infolded thick broad leaves of splendid quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**

Green Curled. (90 days). The standard variety, very hardy, with deep green leaves that do not require tying up to blanch. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.**

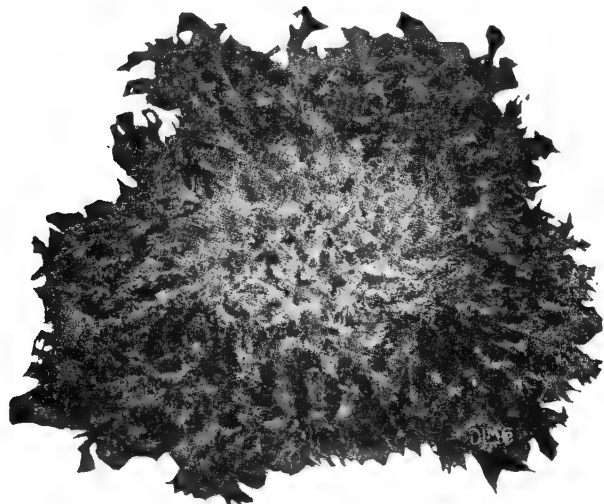
White Curled. (95 days). Very similar to Green Curled, but with light green leaves that do not require tying up to blanch. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.**

FLORENCE FENNEL

(Finochio)

A delicious vegetable which tastes quite like celery, but sweeter and more delicate in flavor. Sow at intervals from March to July ½ an inch deep, and 18 inches apart, and when the plants are large enough, thin to 8 inches in the row and cultivate frequently. The enlarged leaf-bases are usually boiled in preparation for the table, but the bottom and stalk are blanched by drawing the earth up to them like celery. This is usually done when the enlargement of leaf stalk at base is about the size of a hen's egg, and in about 10 days cutting may begin and continue as the plants increase in growth. **Pkt. 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 70c; lb., \$2.50, postpaid.**

Gherkin. (See Cucumber.) **Hanover.** (See Smooth Kale.)



Green Curled Endive

HORSE RADISH

Maliner Kren. A remarkable Bohemian variety with enormous roots that are almost pure white, and of peculiarly fine flavor. **Dozen, 50c; 100, \$3.00, postpaid.**

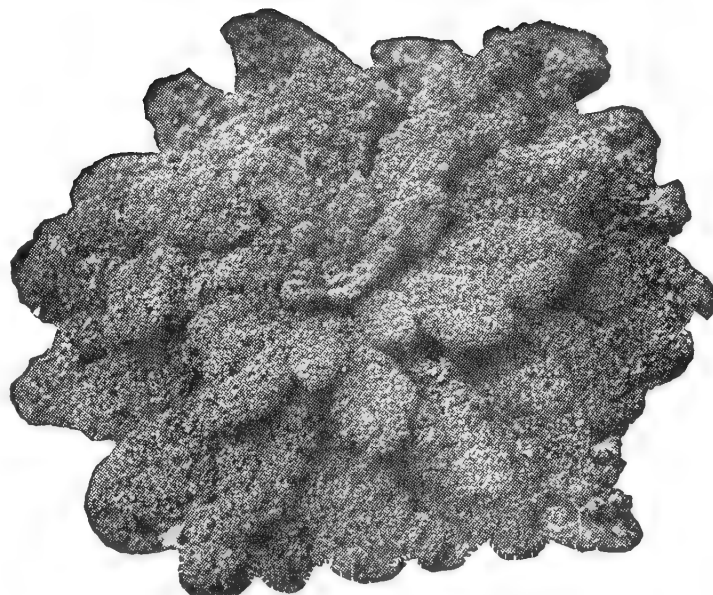
KALE

One ounce will plant a row 100 feet long; 2 lbs. per acre for Green Siberian, Long Seasons or Smooth; 5 lbs., per acre for Scotch.

Culture: Scotch Kale being particularly subject to the attacks of insects, both before and after coming up, it is necessary to sow it very thickly. Scotch Kale should be sown from the middle of July to the middle of August, and the Green Curled from the middle of August until the first of October. Plain Kale is sown nearly all the year round, either in drills or broadcast, and should be sown at intervals of 10 days in order to always have it tender. Sow one-half inch deep in rows 2½ feet apart, allowing from 6 to 12 inches between the plants, and cultivate as cabbage. Kale being a very strong feeder, heavy manuring is necessary to make a good crop.

Tait's Thorobred Dwarf Blue Curled Scotch.

(55 days). The leaves of this handsome dwarf Kale (sometimes called Jamaica or Bloomsdale) are of a dark, bluish green color, from which it gets its name, very much more attractive than the bright green of the Green Scotch. The leaves are intricately and most beautifully curled, stand for a longer time in the spring before turning yellow, and commands a higher price in all markets. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.40; 5 lbs., \$6.25, postpaid.**



Tait's Dwarf Blue Curled Scotch Kale
(The Darkest Green Scotch Kale)

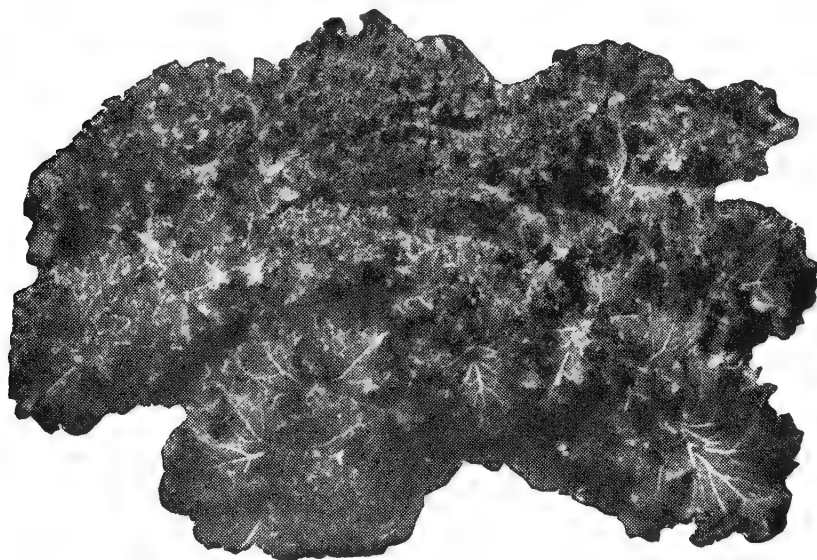
Tait's Thorobred Dwarf Green Curled Scotch.

(55 days). A variety of Scotch yellowish green color. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.40; 5 lbs., \$6.25, postpaid. Sold out.**

Long Seasons. (80 days). Often called late Hanover curly leaves which remain green for a long time. It can usually be cut for market long after other varieties of Kale and "greens" have gone to seed. The best time for seeding is August or September. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.50, postpaid.**

Tait's Thorobred Favorite

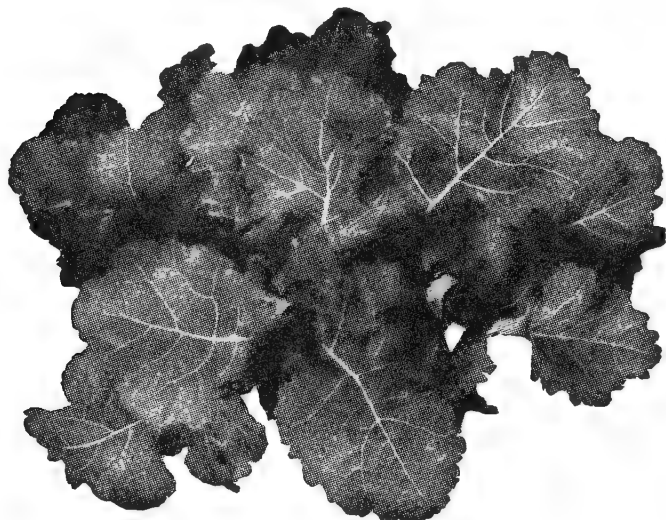
Curled Siberian. (60 days). A hardy and productive variety with bluish green foliage that grows rapidly and is very slow running to seed in the spring. The shape and curling of the leaf give it the appearance of an immense feather. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.50, postpaid.**



Tait's Favorite Curled Siberian Kale

Tait's Thorobred Smooth.

(30 days). Gardeners who are unacquainted with this most useful of salads, sometimes called Norfolk Kale, Spring Sprouts and Hanover, have a pleasant surprise in store, for it has come into universal cultivation in the South. While young it is very sweet and far more tender than any kind of kale, and the growth is so rapid that leaves may be cut in three weeks from seeding. Although usually sown in the spring, it may be sown in the fall as it endures cold perfectly. **Oz., 5c; ¼ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$2.00, postpaid.**



Hanover or Smooth Kale

LEEK

One ounce is sufficient for 100 feet of drill; 4 to 6 pounds for an acre. Sow in February and March in drills ½ an inch deep and 9 inches apart, selecting light rich moist soil. When 6 or 8 inches high, trim off the tops and roots, and transplant 6 inches apart in 18-inch rows setting the plants in the ground up to their center leaves, and earth up to blanch the necks.

Monstrous Carentan. This will be found a very superior variety for market gardening, as the broad, thick stems are extra large. Good for either home or market. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; 1 lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

American Flag. An excellent, hardy leek, with long stems that are of good quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; 1 lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

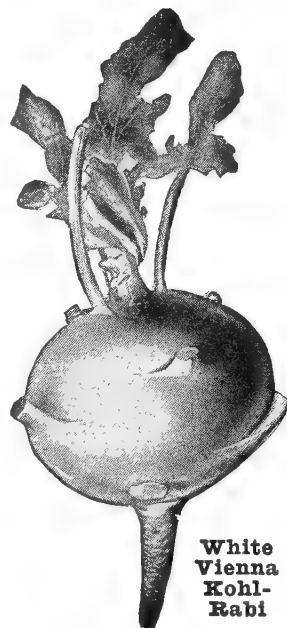
KOHL-RABI

(or Turnip-Rooted Cabbage)

1 ounce is sufficient for 100 feet of drill. For an acre, 1½ lbs.

Early White Vienna.

The best variety of this useful vegetable, the edible part of which is the enlarged globe-shaped stem. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.50, postpaid.**



White Vienna Kohl-Rabi

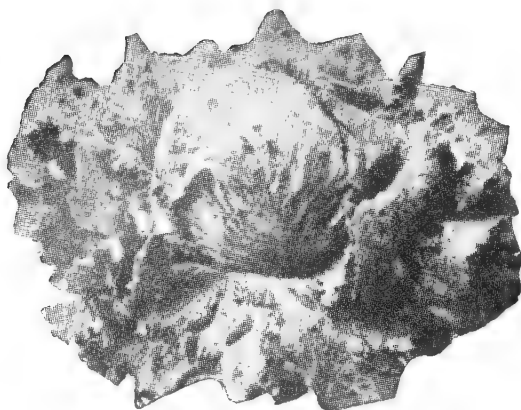
LETTUCE

One ounce will plant a row 100 feet long; 8 ounces will produce sufficient plants to set an acre.

Culture: To grow Lettuce successfully requires rich soil, plenty of moisture, thorough cultivation, and cool weather. In the latitude of Norfolk, for an early crop, sow one-fourth inch deep in cold frames in December, or out-of-doors from the last week in March to the first week in May. For late crop, sow in August. The seed is usually sown in rows 18 inches apart, but the truckers around Norfolk sow it on beds 4 feet wide, 4 rows to the bed, using 3 lbs. to the acre.

Heading Varieties

Tait's Thorobred Big Boston. (55 days). This well-known variety has broad, comparatively smooth but very stiff leaves surrounding a solid head of perfect form. The head is beautifully blanching and its crisp tenderness is all that could be desired. After maturing the leaves often take a brown tinge on the edge. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.**



Great Lakes Lettuce

Tait's Thorobred Earliest of All.

(45 days). The earliest heading Lettuce in cultivation, and does equally as well under glass or in the open ground. The heads are of medium size, fold tightly, and are a rich, creamy tint, the outside leaves being bright green. Few Lettuce are handsomer in appearance or of better quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 70c; lb., \$2.50, postpaid.**

Great Lakes. (60 days.) A Bronze Medal Winner in the 1944 All American Selections. Developed at the Michigan State College Experiment Station in connection with the U. S. Department of Agriculture. It is a crisp heading type of Iceburg, resembling Imperial No. 456. A good variety for warm weather, as it stands considerable heat, and is slow in running to seed. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.35; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Bibb. (60 days). A small head lettuce with deep green outer leaves and rich yellow heart. Usually crisp and tender and of a rather distinct flavor. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.00, postpaid.**

Imperial No. 847. (60 days). Quite similar to No. 44, but black seeded. **Pkt. 10c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 95c; lb., \$3.25, postpaid.**

Imperial No. 44. (60 days). A splendid variety of the New York or Iceburg type, which has proven to be the best sort for the south and southeast. The large, well formed heads are medium dark green, quite solid, and resistant to "tip-burn." **Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 95c; lb., \$3.25, postpaid.**

New York Special No. 12. (60 days). An early, sure heading strain of the popular New York Lettuce. More adapted to summer weather than the original strain. Forms somewhat flat, exposed heads with rather light green, thin leaves. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.00, postpaid.**

Summer Iceberg. (50 days). A curled or crisp heading sort similar to Hanson and of splendid quality. It is good for either forcing or outdoor culture. Principally used. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 70c; lb., \$2.50, postpaid.**

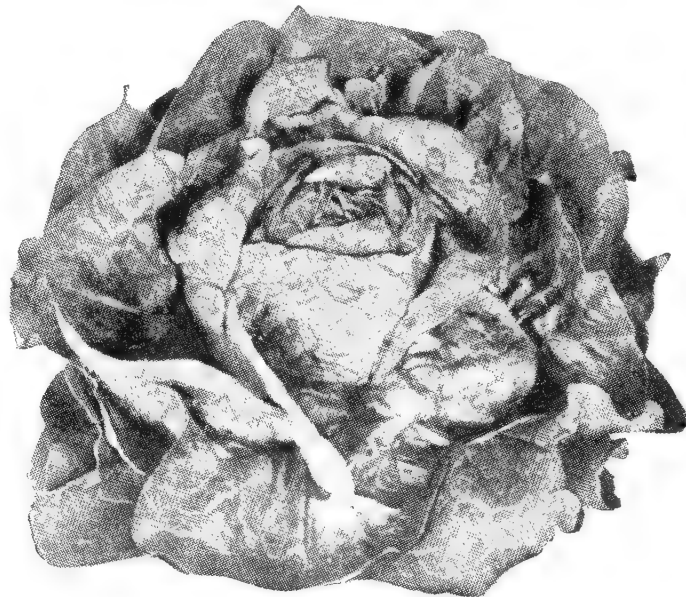
Special White Boston. "Ocoee" and a handsome Lettuce, without any brown on the leaf edge. It has been carefully bred for uniformity in size and maturity. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Hubbard's Cabbage Lettuce. (45 days). An all-head variety that has been popular for many years. May be planted in the early spring, in the late summer, or in the fall. The heads are of medium size, blanch nicely, and are of splendid quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Romaine or Cos Lettuce

Tait's Thorobred Norfolk. (55 days). A popular variety with large well-folded heads. The outer leaves are of a rich dark green color, which makes it unusually attractive. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 65c; lb., \$2.25, postpaid.**

White Paris or Trianon. (55 days). A large, upright, quick-growing, self-blanching variety with large crisp heads of splendid flavor. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.**



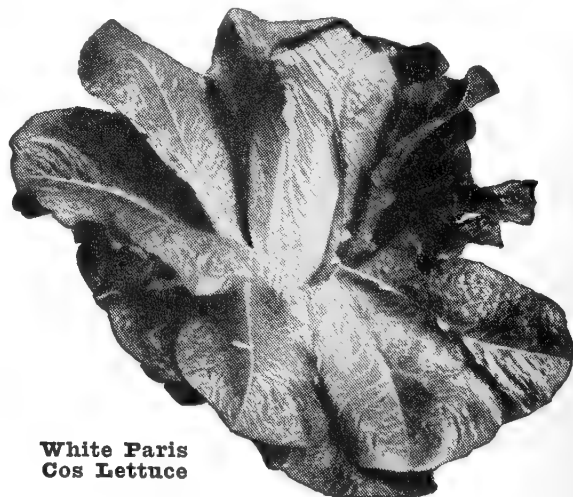
Special White Boston Lettuce

Loose-Leaf Varieties

Black Seeded Simpson. (50 days). Broad, crisp, and crumpled, make this one of the most attractive varieties for early planting. Widely grown in home gardens in all parts of America. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.**

Grand Rapids. (50 days). The most popular loose-leafed variety. Hardy, of quick growth, and especially fine for greenhouse forcing. It forms loose clusters of large, thin, bright green leaves that are savored and finely crimped at the edges. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.**

Chicken Lettuce. (55 days). This Lettuce is relished by all kinds of poultry and rabbits, and will produce an enormous quantity of green feed. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.**



White Paris Cos Lettuce

Celtuce. (65 days). This novelty, produced in China, near Tibet, is a distinct Lettuce variety, but looks somewhat like a small Tobacco plant while growing. The leaves can be used as Lettuce is used, or they can be cooked for "greens" and the stalks can be eaten raw like Celery. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c; ¼ lb., \$2.00; lb., \$7.50, postpaid.**

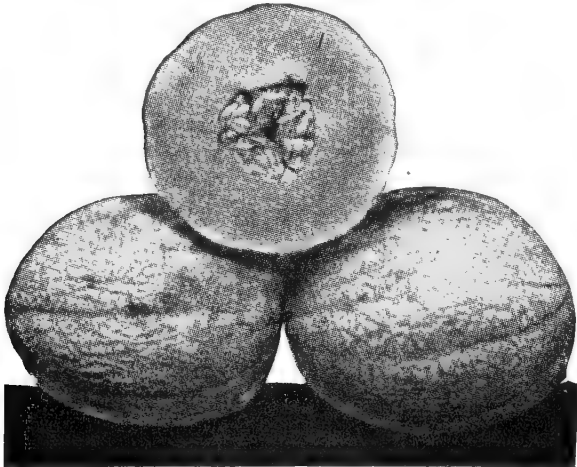
MUSMELONS

One-half ounce will plant a row of 100 feet in hills; 1½ to 2 lbs., for an acre in hills.

Salmon Fleshed Varieties

Culture: The melon delights in warm, rich soil with perfect drainage, and they can never be grown to perfection under unfavorable conditions. Plant ¼ of an inch deep from April to June in rows 6 feet apart, leaving not less than 4 feet between the hills, putting about 10 seeds to the hill. As insects are often very destructive, it is best not to thin at all until the plants are well started. When they are large enough to be safe, thin to two in a hill, and keep the ground mellow and free from weeds. For an early crop, sow under Hotkaps. (See page 65.)

Jumbo Hale's Best. (68 days). One of the earliest deep salmon flesh melons, and a splendid shipping variety. It is nearly round, of good size, and so densely covered with netting as to be almost devoid of ribbing. The flesh is thick, fine grained, and of splendid quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.**



Pride of Wisconsin Muskmelon

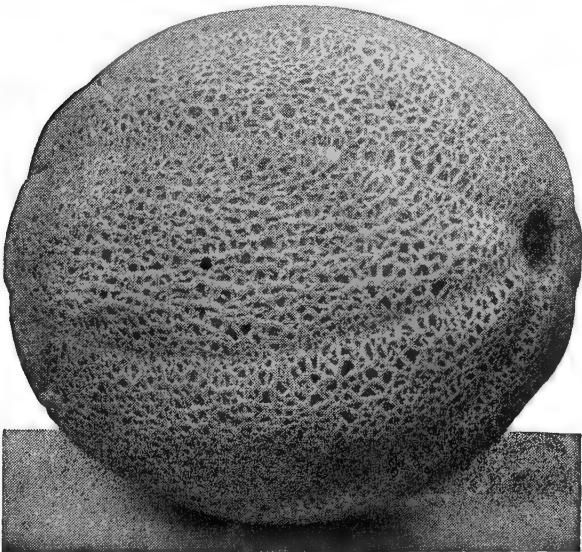
Delicious. (80 days). A large, oblong melon of attractive appearance, weighing 6 to 8 pounds. The rind is slightly ribbed and has a light green color with a yellowish cast. The flesh is deep salmon color, very thick, and of delicious flavor. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.**

Schoon's Hard Shell. (90 days). A rather large attractive oval shaped melon, with deep sweet salmon orange flesh. The gray-green rind is very hard and deeply ribbed becoming yellow at maturity. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Banana. (80 days). Fruit of this variety nearly two feet long when well grown, and the light yellow skin is entirely without netting or ribs. The orange-salmon flesh, while sometimes finely flavored, is generally of indifferent quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Green Fleshed Varieties

Tait's Thorobred Moneymaker. (75 days). An improved early strain of the Bottomley melon, of delicious sweetness, that has been a "Money-Maker" for market gardeners who grow for local market. It is prolific, of good size, with distinct ribs and heavy netting; thick green flesh edged with salmon, making it most attractive. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 85c; lb., \$2.75, postpaid. (Crop Failed.)**



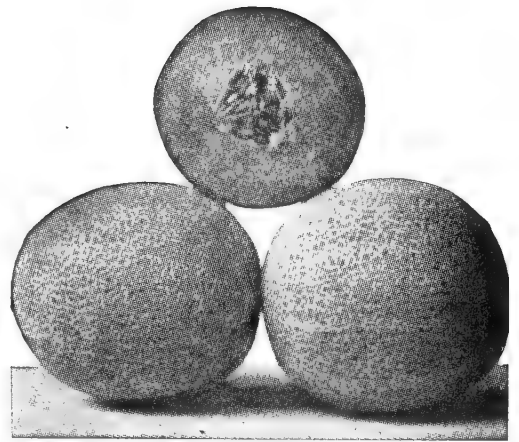
Tait's Moneymaker Muskmelon

Tait's Thorobred Long John. (80 days). A large melon of attractive appearance. It is of oblong shape with very distinct ribs and heavy netting, and often grows 12 inches in length. The flesh is green, edged with gold, and of good quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.00, postpaid.**

Tait's Thorobred Early Knight. (70 days). Introduced by us many years ago this melon still holds first place as the earliest variety of desirable shape and size. The green flesh is edged with salmon, and very sweet. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Rocky Ford, Junior. (80 days). A splendid melon. It is considerably larger than "Rocky Ford," with distinct ribs and heavy netting. The deep green flesh is edged with salmon and is of delicious sweetness. The vines are quite resistant to "blight." **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50, postpaid.**

Gold Lined Rocky Ford. (75 days). Listed under numerous names, this oval-shaped melon of the Rocky Ford type is so completely netted that no ribs are shown. The fine grained flesh is of delicious flavor, and the gold lining next to the seed cavity, which is extremely small, adds greatly to its attractiveness. Splendid for the home garden. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.**



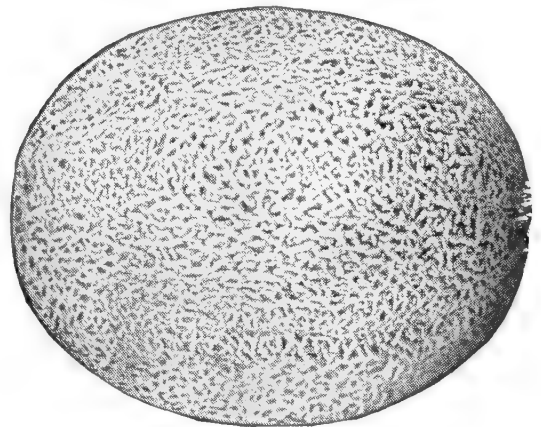
Jumbo Hale's Best Muskmelon

Hale's Best No. 36. (68 days). Similar to Hale's Jumbo strain in every respect, except that it is a trifle earlier, smaller, and more uniform in size. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.**

Pride of Wisconsin. (83 days). This attractive melon also called Queen of Colorado is from a cross between Honey Rock and Hearts of Gold. The oval-shaped fruits have small seed cavity; thick orange flesh, which is very sweet and of delicious flavor. The skin is pearly gray in color, faintly ribbed, with coarse netting. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 70c; lb., \$2.50, postpaid.**

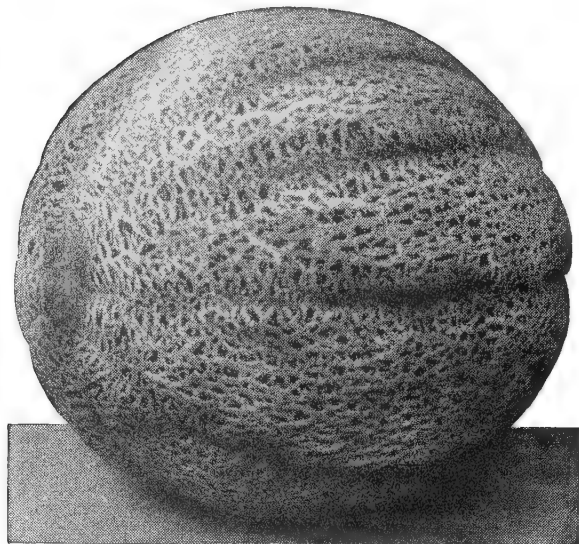
Super-Perfecto. (72 days). An improvement on Edwards' Perfecto, and one of the best early deep salmon-fleshed melons. Nearly spherical in shape, solidly netted, and outstanding for its thickness of flesh and excellent quality. Splendid for family use. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.**

Hearts of Gold. (75 days). A splendid midseason variety developed from the "Hoodoo." It is a little larger than that variety, and more uniform in shape. The flesh is a deep orange-salmon color, and of splendid quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.**



Super-Perfecto Muskmelon

MUSKMELONS—Continued



Tait's Jasper Muskmelon

Rocky Ford, or Netted Gem. (75 days). A popular melon home or market. The fruit is rather small, almost round, and the thick flesh is of fine grain and delicious flavor. In our judgment, however, it is not as good as the Delicious Gold Lined Rocky Ford. As is often the case with vegetables, the name means very little, and "Netted Gems" are to be had which have little in common with our Thorobred strain. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.**

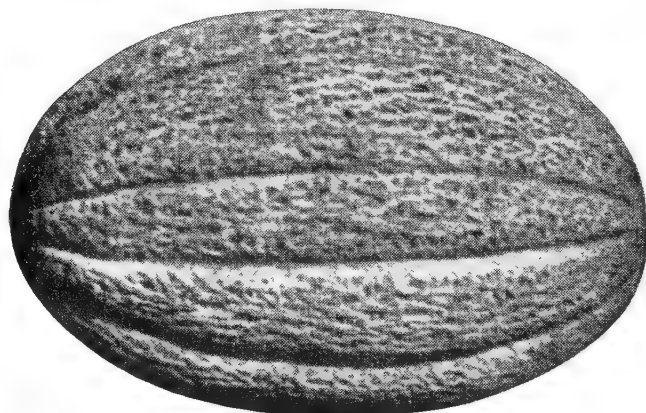
Tait's Thorobred Justrite. (73 days). One of the best green-fleshed melon and is well high perfect, as the name implies. The size is "justrite," the shape "justrite," the deep ribs and rough netting "justrite," and the luscious sweet green flesh is "justrite" for those who like melons of supreme quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 85c; lb., \$2.75, postpaid.**

Tait's Thorobred Jasper. (72 days). Considered by many market gardeners the best melon of the well known Bottomly type. The melons are oval shaped, heavily netted, distinctly ribbed, and quite disease resistant. The green flesh is edged with orange, fine grained, and of a delicious spicy flavor. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 95c; lb., \$3.50, postpaid.**

Green Montreal. (95 days). A Canadian introduction which is apparently best suited to that climate, although used in many other sections. The fruit grows large, round, somewhat flattened at the ends and covered with a dense netting, the quality of the flesh being first class. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Clark's Special. (75 days). A fine melon of the Bottomly type, with a rough, hard skin. Has a very thick, coarse netting, which gives it a most attractive appearance. The flesh is thick, fine-grained, and nearly always sweet. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 70c; lb., \$2.50, postpaid. (Crop Failed.)**

Honey Dew. (95 days). This well-known melon is of the Casaba type, oval in shape, of good size, with a smooth, lemon-tinted skin, and keeps well. The thick, green-tinted cream flesh has a delicious sweetness all its own. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.**



Long John Muskmelon

WATERMELONS

One-half ounce will plant a row of 100 feet in hills; 2 to 3 lbs., for an acre in hills.

Culture: A rich but light and well-drained soil is needed to produce the best results. Plant the seeds 1 inch deep from April to June in hills not less than 8 feet apart each way. Avoid planting until the warm weather has become settled, as the vines will never thrive if checked by cold. After the first plowing, cultivation must be shallow and "laid by" as soon as the ground is well covered.

NOTE: We can supply certified seed of Dixie Queen, Improved Kleckley Sweet or Wonder, Stone Mountain, Owen's Gray and Hawkesbury at 50c per lb. above the price of uncertified seed.



Dixie Queen Watermelon

Tait's Thorobred Gray Jacket. (80 days). This handsome long melon has a light green rind with dark green veining and is equally good for both the home garden or local market. It is of attractive appearance, and finds ready sale wherever offered. It will not stand long distance shipping, however, as the rind is rather thin for its size. The flesh is bright red, fine-grained, sweet, and of delicious flavor. 30 to 50 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.**

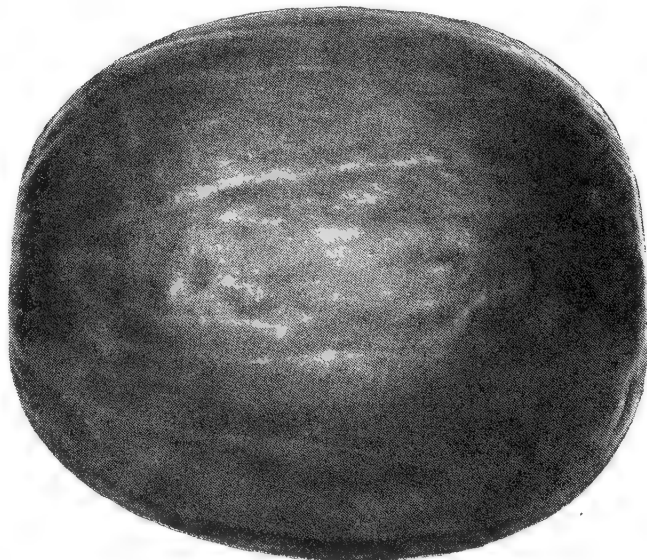
Owen's Gray. Identical with Tait's Gray Jacket.

Dixie Queen. (80 days). A medium-size oval-shaped melon with light and dark stripes that is popular on account of its delicious sweetness. The rind is thin and the flesh bright red. A good sort for the home garden or local market. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.25, postpaid.**

Florida Giant. (98 days). As its name implies, this giant, nearly round melon will sometimes weigh 100 lbs.; has a solid dark green rind and bright red, sweet firm flesh. A good shipper. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.75, postpaid.**

Carolina Delight or Garrison. (80 days). An oblong melon with distinct light and dark stripes, resembling the Georgia Rattlesnake, but longer. The rind is quite tough and the flesh bright red and sweet. 30 to 50 lbs. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.75, postpaid.**

Tait's Thorobred Jumbo. (85 days). A popular extra large, long dark green melon with lighter markings and extra tough rind. The flesh is bright red and sweet. 40 to 60 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 70c; lb., \$2.50, postpaid.**



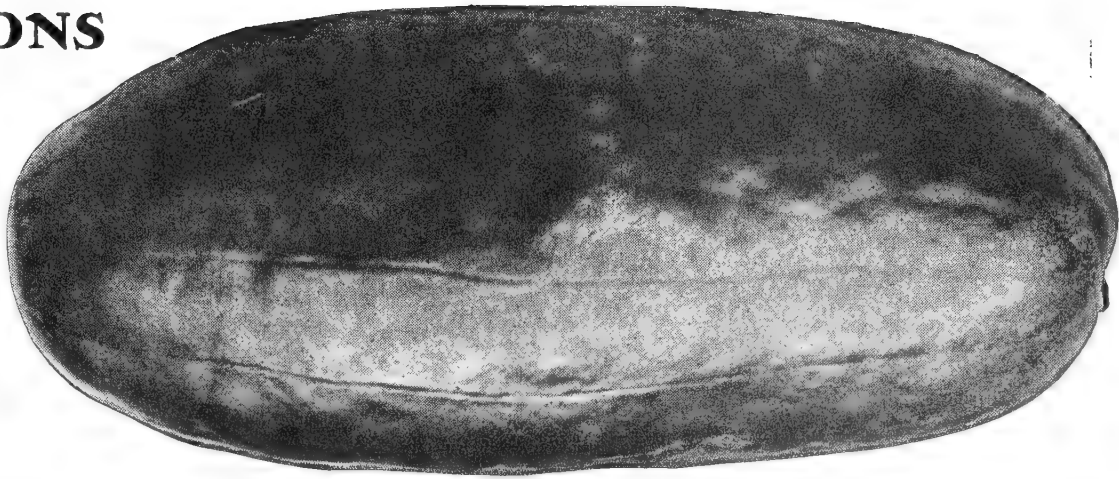
Florida Giant Watermelon

WATERMELONS

Continued

Stone Mountain or Dixie Belle. (85 days).

Those who are partial to round or oval watermelons will be pleased with this variety, which has become popular in all localities. It is medium early, grows quite large, and has an attractive rind of a medium green color. Flesh bright red, and of delicious flavor. The vines are quite prolific and disease-resistant. 30 to 40 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**



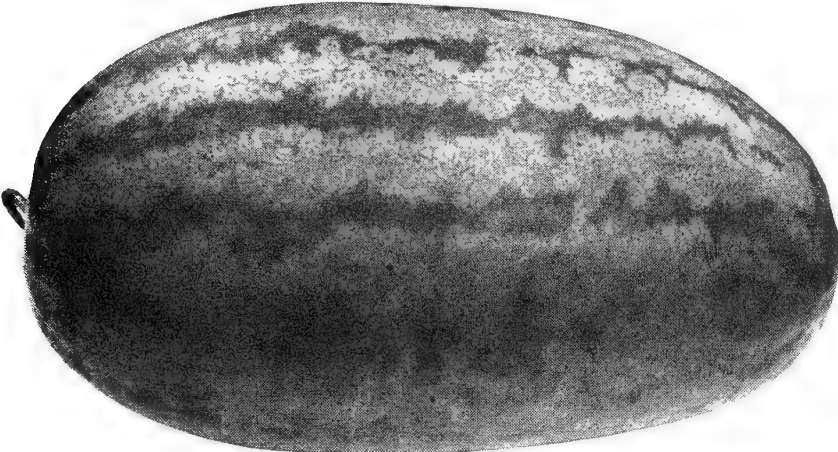
Improved Kleckley's Sweet or Wonder Watermelon

Improved Kleckley's Sweet or Wondermelon. (Imp. Monte Cristo). (85 days).

The sweetest, finest-flavored melon grown; it is a long oval with a dark glossy green rind. The flesh is bright red, fine grained and deliciously sweet. 30 to 35 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.**

New Creation or Dale. (80 days).

It is also sometimes called Chatham Special and is a melon destined to become as popular as Stone Mountain when better known. It is a large, oval-shaped melon with distinct dark and light stripes, and a tough rind that will bear shipping. The flesh is bright red, without fibre, and very sweet. 30 to 40 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.**



New Creation Watermelon

Florida Favorite. (85 days). An old favorite for the home garden. The shape is oblong and the color of the rind dark green with light green stripes. The flesh is really melting, having less fibre than any other except perhaps Kleckley's Sweet. 25 to 30 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**

Irish Gray. (90 days). One of the surest melons to make a crop. The rind is yellowish gray, mottled, quite thin, but exceedingly tough. The flesh is bright sparkling red, and exceedingly sweet, 25 to 30 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**

Halbert Honey.

(75 days). It is a little smaller than the Kleckley Sweet—to which it bears a close resemblance—and is almost of equal quality and attractiveness, having a smooth, dark green rind and bright red flesh. 25 to 35 lbs. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**

Thurmond Gray.

(90 days). Attractive appearance, size and quality combined to make this a popular shipping variety. The rind is a mottled greenish-gray, and the flesh bright crimson and sweet. It is quite productive and wilt-resistant. 30 to 40 pounds. **Pkt., 10c oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**

Georgia Rattlesnake. (90 days). This melon, known also as the Striped Gypsy, is an oblong variety with decided stripes of light and dark green. The rind is tough and rather thick, while the flesh is bright red and sweet. A good variety for late use. 35 to 40 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**

Early Kansas. (75 days). An early melon, nearly round in shape, with light green rind and darker green zigzag stripes. The rind is medium thick, and the bright red flesh, which goes down nearly to the rind, is of fine texture, and very sweet. 35 to 60 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.**

Cut Red Tom Watson. (80 days). A decided improvement over the ordinary strain of Tom Watson, with a darker rind, and flesh of deeper red. In shape it is long, dark green, showing a distinctly fine vein under its general color. The luscious crimson flesh is very sweet, and of the best flavor. 30 to 40 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.**

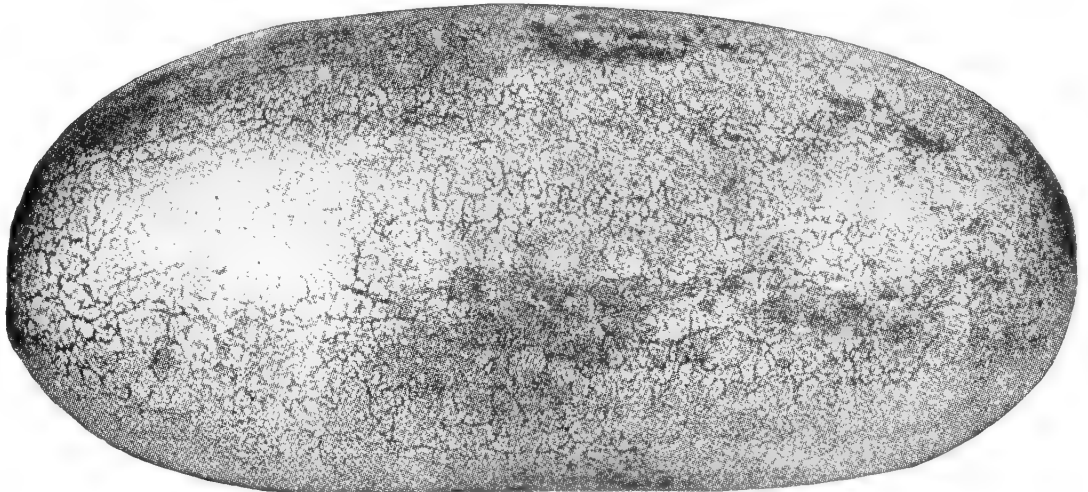
Wilt-Resisting Varieties

Blacklee. (85 days). Developed by Dr. Walker, of the Florida Experiment Station, and is practically 100% wilt resistant. It is an oblong melon, with dark green tough rind, and the flesh is rich red, of fine texture, crisp and sweet. The vines are very vigorous and prolific. 30 to 35 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.00, postpaid.**

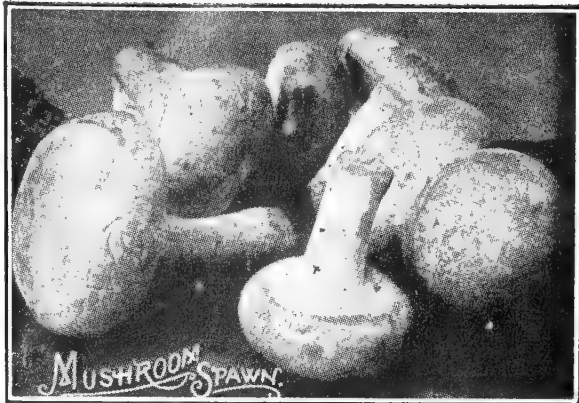
Darlington. (See page 1.)

Hawkesbury. (80 days). A wilt-resistant variety of much merit. Also known as Gray Shipper. The melons have a light green color with a yellow tint, somewhat similar to our Gray Jacket. Growers who have been unable to produce melons on account of "wilt" should try this variety. 35 to 40 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Leesburg. (85 days). A wilt-resistant strain of Kleckley's Sweet developed at the Florida Experiment Station. 30 to 35 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.**



Hawkesbury or Gray Shipper Watermelon



Mushrooms

MUSHROOM SPAWN

Ten bricks (about 10 pounds) will cover 100 square feet.
Culture: The spawn or culture should be planted in beds any size desired, but preferably 4 feet wide, 10 inches deep, and any length. Full cultural directions will be sent with each order for spawn.

American Pure Culture Spawn. This spawn is produced by selecting spores from individual specimens and is considered the best sort of Mushrooms, and is propagated and transferred to the brick of manure, which, when planted, produce Mushrooms all of one type. Bottle spawn. Per quart bottle molds, \$2.00, postpaid.

Remember, Tait's Thorobred Seeds have pleased the most particular truckers and market gardeners for over 75 years.

MUSTARD

One ounce will plant a row 100 feet long; 1½ to 2 pounds for an acre.

Culture: Sow one-fourth of an inch deep in the early spring or fall, broadcast, or in drills 18 inches apart, thinning to from 6 to 8 inches. By successive sowings every fortnight, beginning early in March, the salad may be had over a long season.



Giant Southern Curled Mustard

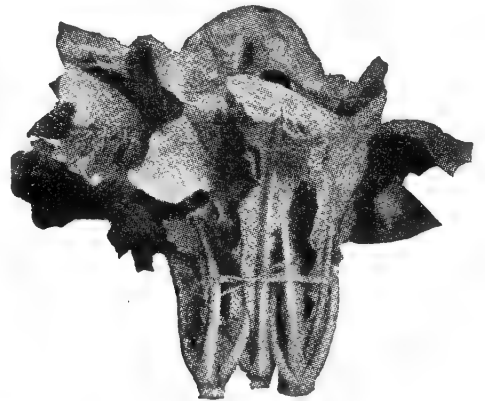
Giant Southern Curled. (35 days). A favorite in the South, growing very large, with beautifully curled leaves, of good flavor. Our strain is late seeding. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 85c. postpaid.**

Fordhook Fancy.

(40 days). The leaves of this variety resemble a beautiful ostrich plume. It is most productive, and our strain is late seeding. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 85c. postpaid.**

White London.

(40 days). The seeds of the white mustard are used principally for pickling and other domestic purposes, although the plant itself makes early greens. **Oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 65c. postpaid.**



Tendergreen, or Spinach Mustard

Tendergreen or Spinach Mustard. (30 days). A delicious and quick-growing vegetable. Splendid for greens practically the year around. Exceptionally hardy in winter and the large thick leaves remain tender even during hot dry summer weather. **Pkt. 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 85c. postpaid.**

OKRA OR GUMBO

One ounce will plant a row 100 feet long; 4 to 7 pounds for an acre.

Culture: Sow one inch deep from May to July in rows 4 feet apart for the tall or 2½ feet for the dwarf, thinning to 1 plant every 3 feet between the tall kinds or half that distance between the dwarf. Cultivate frequently and keep the earth worked up to the stem.

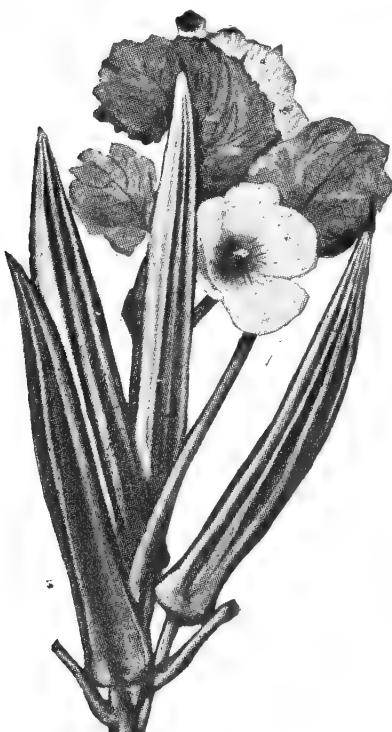
Perkins' Mammoth. (55 days). A strong grower, often reaching over six feet in height, and no Okra rivals it in yield, the bush being literally covered with pods 4 to 6 inches long. The color is an intense green, and the quality is excellent. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00. postpaid.**

Dwarf Green Long Pod. (55 days). An early dwarf-growing sturdy variety, producing an abundance of long-fluted dark green pods. This Okra is especially adapted for home garden use, because the pods remain in prime condition for cooking or canning until quite large. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00. postpaid.**

Dwarf Green Short Pod. (50 days). This variety produces an abundant crop of short meaty pods of excellent quality, and is recommended for those who prefer a short pod Okra. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00. postpaid.**

Improved White Velvet. (50 days). The best and earliest white Okra and about 5 feet high, and the pods are long, smooth and tender. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00. postpaid.**

Clemson Spineless. (55 days). An improved strain of Perkin's type of Long Pod Okra growing 5 ft. high with uniform rich green pods. Can be picked without discomfort of spines. Splendid for the home garden. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50. postpaid.**



Dwarf Green Long Pod Okra

ONIONS

One ounce will plant a row 100 feet long; 4 to 6 lbs. for an acre in 18-inch rows. 40 to 50 lbs., will plant an acre for sets.

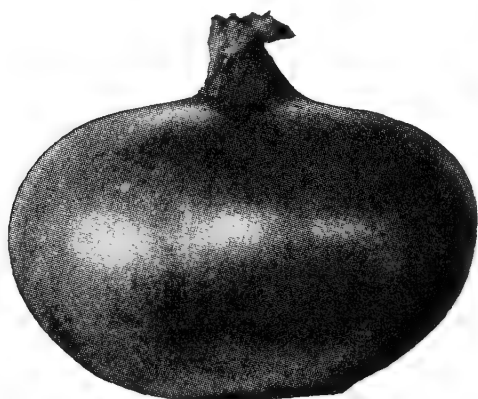
Culture: Onions require a strong, rich and friable soil, heavily fertilized, and cultivation must be thorough. The seed may be sown in February, March and April, in 18-inch rows or on beds 4 feet wide, with the rows 10 inches apart, the drills drawn shallow, as the best Onions grown on the surface. Sow one-fourth inch deep pressing the earth over the seed. When well up, thin from 4 to 6 inches in the row and keep beds well stirred until the young Onions are started, after which it is well to hand weed. In the latitude of Norfolk a good crop can be obtained by sowing in September or October as described, as they will grow until very cold weather and resume growth in the spring.

Prizetaker. (100 days). The remarkable size of this Onion, averaging 12 or more inches in circumference, has made it one of the most popular varieties throughout the country. It is globe-shaped, rich straw color, very uniform in shape and size, phenomenally productive; good quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Riverside Sweet Spanish. (100 days). A large globe-shaped yellow Onion of handsome appearance. It grows larger than the Prizetaker, and its sparkling white flesh and sweet mild flavor make it popular. A fine shipper. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Silverskin or White Portugal.

(95 days). Popular white Onion of medium size and mild, pleasant flavor. Used for bunching and pickles. Good keeper. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**



Ebenezer Onion

Onion Sets

We quote all Onion Sets on the basis of 32 pounds to the bushel. A pound equals about a quart. One pound will set a row 100 feet long, 5 inches apart; 4 to 6 bushels per acre in 12-inch rows.

Ebenezer. In general usefulness this is probably the very best yellow Onion for spring setting, as it ripens quite early in the summer, is of large size, and may be stored for a long time without injury. **Lb., 30c; 2 lbs., 55c; 5 lbs., \$1.15; 8 lbs., \$1.65, postpaid.**

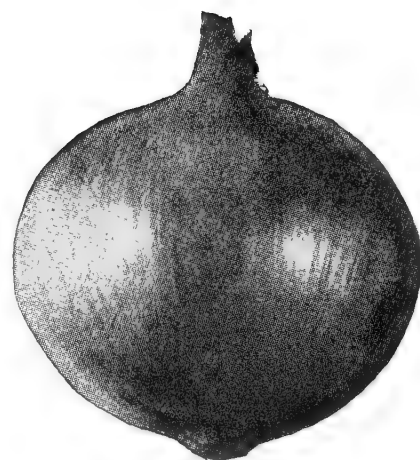
White Globe. A well known variety and good for the family garden and local markets. **Lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 60c; 5 lbs., \$1.35; 8 lbs., \$1.75, postpaid.**

Red Globe. Although less desirable than the Ebenezer, this old variety is still used to some extent on account of its extraordinary keeping qualities. The flavor is extremely strong. **Lb., 30c; 2 lbs., 55c; 5 lbs., \$1.15; 8 lbs., \$1.65, postpaid.**

Crystal Wax. (80 days). An early maturing flat Onion of a beautiful waxy white color and appearance. **Lb., 30c; 2 lbs., 55c; 5 lbs., \$1.15; 8 lbs., \$1.65, postpaid. In stock only from September to November.**

White Multiplier. An early white onion used for early spring bunching. The flesh is pure white and very mild. Keeps well. In stock only from September to November. **Lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 75c; 4 lbs., \$1.35; 8 lbs., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Yellow Potato. Formerly grown in every southern garden, this multiplying Onion with yellow skin is still used, but is being supplanted by the Ebenezer. In stock only from September to November. **Lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 75c; 4 lbs., \$1.35; 8 lbs., \$2.00, postpaid.**



Prizetaker Onion

Yellow Globe Danvers. (110 days). Has long been a standard variety, its uniformity of shape, bright color and fine quality making it popular everywhere; it ranks very high in productiveness, but is less handsome than Southport Yellow Globe. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00, postpaid.**

Southport White Globe. (110 days). The most popular white Onion with good keeping qualities. A splendid globe-shaped variety with silvery white skin. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Southport Red Globe. (110 days). Onions of globular form are rapidly supplanting the flat varieties, and this is a splendid sort. The bulb has a rich, purplish red color, is almost round as a ball, and keeps very well. We recommend it to those who prefer red Onions. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

San Joaquin. A new onion that market gardeners should try out, but the seed will not be ready for sale until after harvest in September. (See page 1.)

Southport Yellow Globe. (115 days). A standard late variety of splendid keeping quality. The bulbs are globular, with deep orange yellow skin, and fine grained white flesh. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Prosperity. (100 days). A perennial variety forming small, slim Onion stalks like a Leek, and used only for bunching. The summer crop is sown in spring. To carry over winter for spring crop, sow in furrows 4 inches deep, and level up the soil as plants grow. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

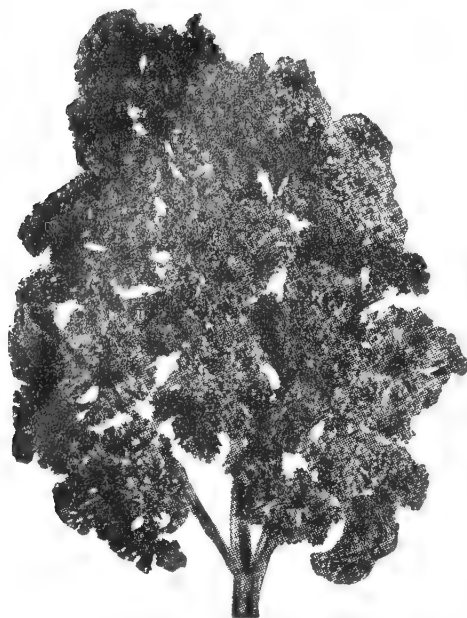
Silver King. (110 days). One of the largest Onions in cultivation, often 15 inches in circumference and as much as 3 pounds in weight. A rapid grower it produces marketable bulbs the first season. Flattened in shape, but very thick and symmetrical. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Crystal Wax. (95 days). In the great Onion-growing districts of Texas, this White Bermuda is a favorite variety, and it has been very profitable. It is of handsome flat shape, with a skin like polished silver. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Ebenezer. A desirable Onion of Japanese origin. Yellow skin, somewhat flattened globe in shape, very small tops and mild sweet flavor. Keeps in good, hard and sound condition all winter. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00, postpaid.**



Silverskin Onion



Tait's Curled Scotch Parsley

PARSLEY

One ounce will plant a row 100 feet long; 3 lbs. will plant an acre in 18-inch rows; or 5 lbs. for an acre 10 inches apart on 4-foot beds.

Culture: Parsley seed is very slow in germinating, often requiring a month and should be sown from February to August, in rich, mellow soil, one-eighth of an inch deep, the surface then being made very firm. If the ground be covered with old bags after sowing, moisture is thus retained until the seeds have sprouted, while the effect of heavy rains is also prevented. With this precaution there is never any difficulty in securing a stand of Parsley even during the heat of summer. Keep the weeds down by frequent hoeing, and when the plants get strong thin from 6 to 9 inches apart. During intensely cold weather, it is well to give the bed some slight protection of hay, grass or burlap, to avoid damage by freezing. Market gardeners will find it profitable to sow Parsley in cold frames in August to winter over for early spring gathering.

Tait's Thorobred Curled Scotch. (68 days). For either market or the home garden we strongly recommend this variety. The color is very dark green and the leaves are most beautifully curled. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.40, postpaid.**

Paramount. (70 days). Very densely curled, being like some luxuriant moss, but not as dark as our Curled Scotch. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.40, postpaid.**

Plain. (70 days). A strong, hardy plant, excellent for seasoning, but not so pretty for garnishing as the curled varieties. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.40, postpaid.**

Hamburg. (75 days). A rooted variety that in growth resembles parsnips, and used for flavoring soups. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.40, postpaid.**

PUMPKINS

One ounce will plant a row 100 feet long; 2 to 3 lbs., will plant an acre in hills.

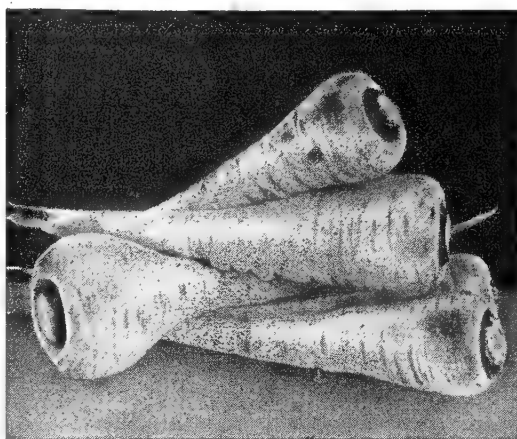
Culture: Plant from May to July 1 inch deep in hills 8 feet apart each way. Cultivation the same as for squash. (See page 34.)

Virginia Mammoth.

(115 days). While possessing the good characteristics of other Pumpkins, this variety is remarkable for its keeping qualities. It is oval in shape, with reddish yellow skin; grows to an immense size, and the thick flesh is of splendid flavor. Very productive. 35 to 50 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**

King of the Mammoths. (120 days). The largest of all Pumpkins. Sometimes called "Jumbo" or "Potiron." The Pumpkins are slightly ribbed, of flattened, globular shape, with light mottled yellow skin and deep coarse orange flesh. 35 to 50 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**

Large Cheese. (110 days). Our Thorobred strain of this flat Pumpkin, with orange colored skin, is justly popular over the whole country. The color is a light reddish orange and the flesh is thick, fine grained and sweet. 12 to 15 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.**



Tait's Model Parsnip

PARSNIPS

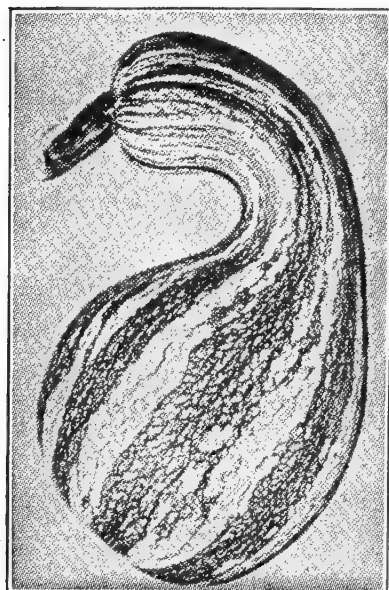
One ounce will plant a row 100 feet long; 4 to 6 lbs. for an acre.

Culture: Sow very thickly one-fourth inch deep from March to August, in drills 12 inches apart in deep, rich, sandy loam, which has been well manured for a previous crop. When the plants are 2 to 3 inches high, thin out from 4 to 6 inches apart and cultivate frequently to keep down weeds. In the latitude of Norfolk, the roots are much improved in flavor if left in the ground during the winter.

Tait's Thorobred Model.

(90 days). A splendid Parsnip with deep crown, small core, and clean, clear white roots. The flesh is of fine texture, sweet, and free from stringiness. The roots are 2½ inches at the shoulder, and grow about 12 inches long. Recommended for either the market or home garden. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**

Improved Hollow Crown. (95 days). A popular variety with smooth white skin, deep crown and sweet, tender flesh. The roots are 2½ inches at the shoulder, and grow about 12 inches long. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.**



Striped Cashaw Pumpkin

Connecticut Field.

(115 days). The common globe-shaped Pumpkin grown in cornfields and grown principally for stock. Very productive. 15 to 20 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.**

Cashaw. (110 days). This popular old variety with a curved neck has a hard creamy skin, with dark stripes, and has solid yellow flesh. 8 to 10 lbs. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**

Tennessee Sweet

Potato. (110 days). Fruits are pear shaped with creamy white skin and faint light green stripes. The flesh is yellow of Sweet Potato flavor. Keeps well. 10 to 12 pounds. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**



Virginia Mammoth Pumpkin

PEAS

Two pounds (one quart) will sow a row 100 feet long; 75 to 100 lbs. for an acre. A pint weighs about one pound. Smooth seeded varieties weigh 60 pounds to the bushel, and wrinkled-seeded varieties weigh 56 pounds to the bushel.

Culture: Dry and moderately rich loam is best adapted to early Peas, while heavy soil is preferable for the late sorts. The early varieties are usually planted about 2 inches deep, from the middle of January to the middle of March; wrinkled Peas, being so liable to rot in cold, wet ground, they should not be sown before the latter part of February. Dwarf varieties may be drilled in rows 18 inches apart, but more space must be given to the kinds which make more vine, truckers usually allowing 2½ feet for the ordinary extra earlies. Commence cultivating when the Peas are 2 inches high, and draw the earth up on each side to help in supporting the vine. In the latitude of Norfolk a fall crop of Peas may be planted between the middle of August and the tenth of September.

Extra Early Varieties

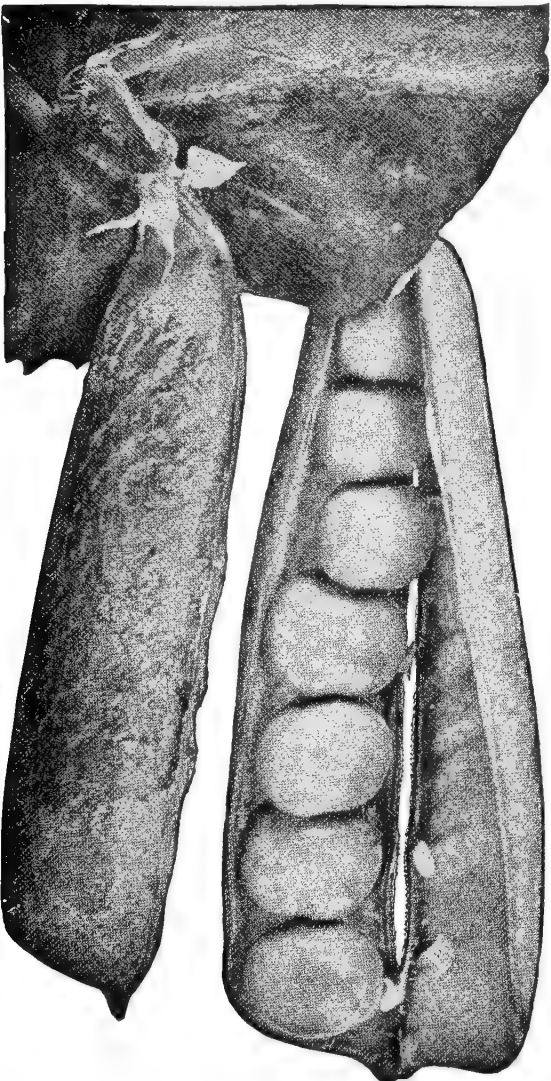
Tait's Thorobred Nonpareil. (55 days). The earliest and best smooth-seeded Pea, but recommended only for those who want an extra early crop. The bright waxen green, blunt pods average about 2¾ inches in length, containing usually 6 to 7 medium sized peas of good quality. It is enormously productive for a small-podded variety. Height, 2 feet. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 60c; 5 lbs., \$1.15; 10 lbs., \$2.05, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.00; 100 lbs., \$15.00.**

Alaska. (60 days). An extremely early variety with light green, blunt pods averaging 2½ inches in length, containing 5 or 6 peas of good quality. Height, 2 feet. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 30c; 2 lbs., 55c; 5 lbs., \$1.05; 10 lbs., \$1.85, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$3.50; 100 lbs., \$13.00.**

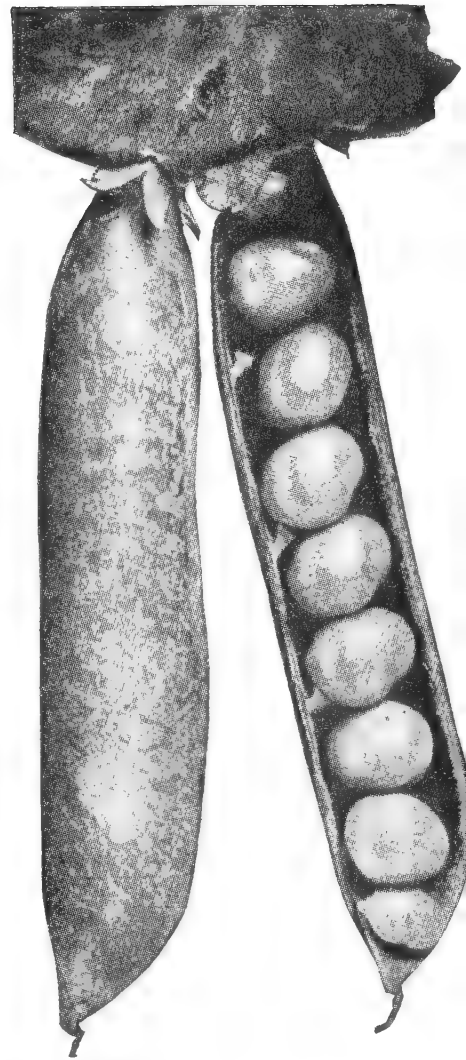
Pedigreed Early Market. (58 days). A smooth, white-seeded variety that for spring sowing cannot compete as to size and quality with either Pilot or Early Bird, but for fall sowing some Pea growers still use it, having found it dependable. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 60c; 5 lbs., \$1.15; 10 lbs., \$2.05, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.00; 100 lbs., \$15.00.**

Early Varieties

Long Pod Alaska. (63 days). A smooth-seeded Pea sometimes called "Ameer" or "Bountiful" and quite popular in some Pea-growing sections. The pods are slightly curved, average about 3 inches in length, and are of a bright green color, containing usually 7 or 8 peas of good quality. Height, 3 feet. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.30; 10 lbs., \$2.35, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.75; 100 lbs., \$18.00.**



Dark Green Thomas Laxton Peas



Laxton's Progress Peas

Early Bird. (60 days). An exceptionally early semi-wrinkled Pea; also known as Laxton's Superb. The pods are pointed, medium dark green, average about 3½ inches in length, and contain usually 7 or 8 large peas of fair quality. On account of its hardiness it can be planted earlier than the Laxtonian type. Very productive. Height, 2 feet. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.30; 10 lbs., \$2.35, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.75; 100 lbs., \$18.00.**

☆ **World's Record.** (60 days). An improved early strain of the well known wrinkled pea Gradus. The pointed pods are medium dark green, average about 3¾ inches in length, and usually contain 7 or 8 large peas of exceptionally fine quality. Height, 3 feet. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.30; 10 lbs., \$2.35, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.75; 100 lbs., \$18.00.**

☆ **Dark Green Thomas Laxton.** (60 days). Considered by many the best all-around early wrinkled Pea for either market or the home garden. It has a vigorous, hardy constitution, is remarkably productive, and matures the crop with remarkable uniformity. The pods are dark green, blunt at the end, and average about 3½ inches in length, and usually contain 8 or 9 large peas of the best quality. Height, 3 feet. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.75; 100 lbs., \$18.00.**

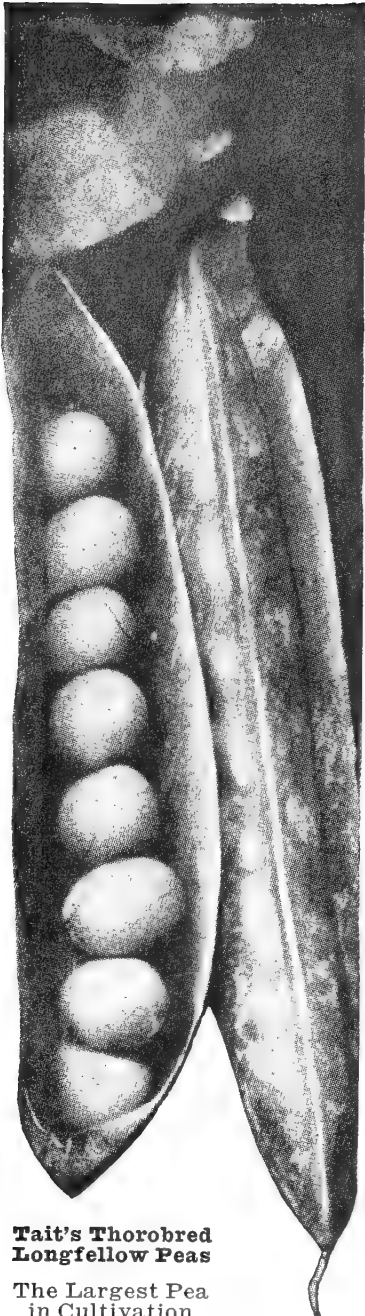
☆ **Laxton's Progress.** (62 days). Probably the largest and best of the early dwarf wrinkled varieties. The pods are dark green, average about 4 inches in length, and usually contain 8 or 9 large peas of the best quality. Height 1½ feet. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.50; 100 lbs., \$17.00.**

☆ **Hundredfold.** (64 days). This wrinkled Pea of the Laxtonian type can well be described as an improved Blue Bantam, which it resembles. The pods are dark green, average about 3¾ inches in length, and contain usually 8 or 9 large peas of excellent quality. Height, 1½ feet. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.50; 100 lbs., \$17.00.**

Varieties marked with a ☆ are wrinkled.

Our Peas are produced from Thorobred Stocks in the Mountain States of the Northwest, are thoroughly rogued, are hand picked and free from disease and weevil.

EARLY PEAS—Continued



Tait's Thorobred Longfellow Peas

The Largest Pea in Cultivation

☆ **Laxtonian.** (62 days). There are several stocks of this popular wrinkled variety, but our strain has dark green pods, quite similar to those of Hundredfold. The pods average 3¾ inches in length, and usually contain 8 or 9 large peas of excellent quality. Height, 1½ feet. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.50; 100 lbs., \$17.00.**

☆ **Gradus or Prosperity.** (See World's Record.)

☆ **Little Marvel.** (62 days). A wrinkled variety. A few days later than Laxtonian and with smaller pods. While it is largely used in some sections, in our judgment it is not as desirable as Laxton's Progress. Height, 1¼ feet. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.50; 100 lbs., \$17.00**

☆ **Bliss Everbearing.** (65 days). An old favorite, and if picked as the pods are 3½ inches long, containing usually 6 to 7 large wrinkled peas of good flavor. Height 2½ feet. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.50; 100 lbs., \$17.00.**

☆ **Tait's Dwarf Long Pod.** (72 days). One of the best second early wrinkled varieties, producing dark green pods 5 inches long, containing 8 or 9 peas of delicious quality. Height, 2 feet. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.30; 10 lbs., \$2.35, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.75; 100 lbs., \$18.00.**

Late Varieties

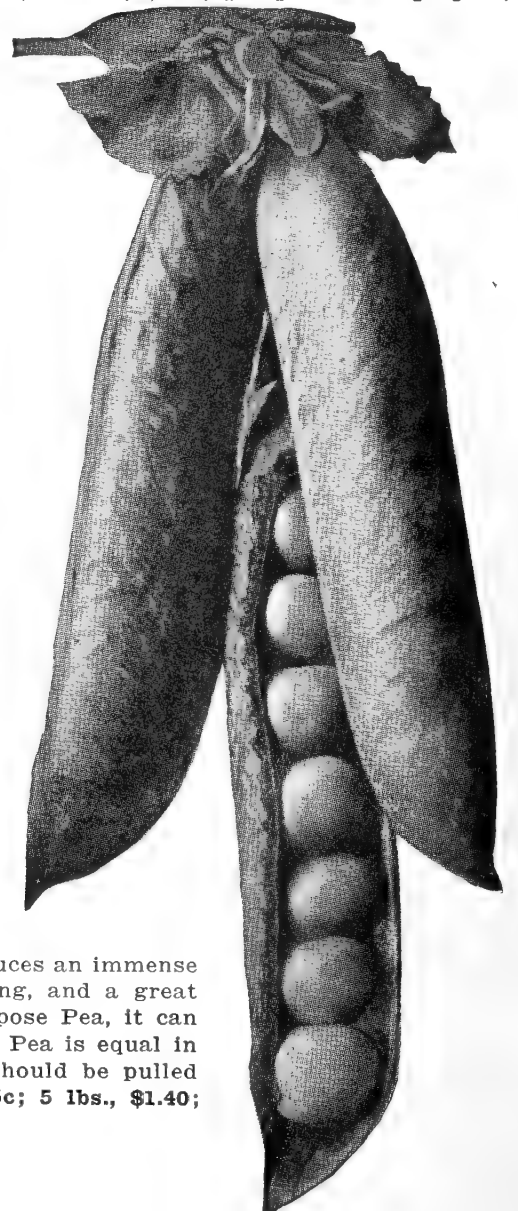
☆ **Tait's Thorobred Longfellow.** (78 days). This splendid wrinkled Pea has the largest pod of any on our list, and possesses a combination of good qualities which make it the most popular tall late variety. The pods are dark green, average more than 4½ inches in length and contain usually 8 or 9 large peas of splendid quality. Very productive. Height, 4½ feet. If supported by brush or trellis, will bear over a long period. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.30; 10 lbs., \$2.35, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.75; 100 lbs., \$18.00.**

☆ **Dark Green Tall Telephone.**

(76 days). A very popular wrinkled pea with home and market gardeners. The pods are very dark green, average over 4 inches in length, and usually contain 7 or 8 large peas of excellent quality. Very productive. Height 4 feet. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.50; 100 lbs., \$17.00.**

☆ **Tait's Thorobred Prizewinner.**

(75 days). The best late dwarf wrinkled variety that matures just after Tait's Thorobred Longfellow. The sturdy vines are dark green in color, producing an enormous crop of pods 4 inches long, containing usually 7 or 8 large peas of excellent quality. Suitable either for market or the home garden. Height, 2½ feet. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.30; 10 lbs., \$2.35, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$4.75; 100 lbs., \$18.00.**



Tait's Prizewinner Peas

Varieties marked with a ☆ are wrinkled.

For a succession of peas planted on the same day, we would suggest the following dwarf varieties: Nonpareil, Early Bird, Hundredfold, Dwarf Green Long Pod, and Prizewinner.

"Cabbage Peas"

(Edible Pods)

Mammoth Luscious Sugar. (75 days). An improved variety that produces an immense quantity of broad pods 5 or 6 inches long, and a great improvement over the old type of Cabbage Peas. This is really a two-purpose Pea, it can be cooked in the pods like snap beans, or as a shelled Pea; and as a shelled Pea is equal in sweetness to any of the wrinkled varieties. When cooked in the pod it should be pulled when half grown. Height, 5 feet. **Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.55, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.25; 100 lbs., \$20.00.**

FIELD PEAS (See pages 42 and 43.)

CHINESE CABBAGE (See page 9.)

PEPPER

One ounce will plant a row 100 feet long; 6 ounces will produce sufficient plants to set an acre.

Culture: Sow one-eighth of an inch deep in warm, mellow soil in May or June in rows 2½ feet apart, and when the plants are large enough, thin so as to leave 18 inches between them. Cultivate frequently to destroy weeds, and keep the earth worked up against the plant to assist the stem in carrying its weight of pods. For an early crop, sow in greenhouse or hotbed in February, transplanting into boxes or pots so as to have stocky plants ready for setting outdoors when danger of frost is past.

California Wonder. (75 days). An exceedingly large and showy variety. It somewhat resembles the Chinese Giant in size and shape, and our special strain has thick walls, making the Pepper heavier and firmer than any other sort. The flesh is sweet, and quite mild. **Pkt., 15c; oz., 90c; ¼ lb., \$2.50; lb., \$9.00, postpaid.**

Oak View Wonder. (68 days). Of the California Wonder type; a week earlier, and more productive. The fruits, while not quite as large, have the same thick flesh, and are smooth and sweet. **Pkt., 15c; oz., 90c; ¼ lb., \$2.50; lb., \$9.00, postpaid.**

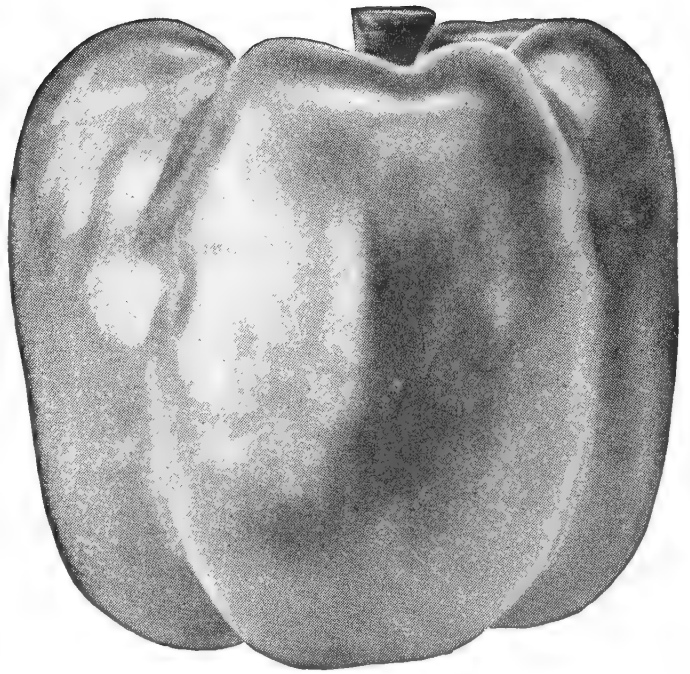
World Beater. (80 days). We consider our special market gardeners' strain of this variety the best all-around large Pepper for either the home or market garden. It is a cross between Ruby King and Chinese Giant, and while practically as early as Ruby King, is considerably larger. The flesh is thick, mild and sweet. Very productive. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; ¼ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00, postpaid.**

Ruby King. (70 days). This splendid, medium sized Pepper of the "Bull Nose" type is used largely by market gardeners. It is early, productive, and so mild that it may be eaten raw. Our special market gardeners' strain of this variety is early and very fine. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Neapolitan. (65 days). An early variety of the Ruby King type, but much smaller in diameter. In flavor it is not surpassed by any sweet Pepper. Very productive. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Long Cayenne. (70 days). The well known narrow hot Pepper which is generally dried and used in that condition for various culinary purposes. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Pimento. (70 days). The thick flesh and mild flavor have made this heart-shaped variety quite popular. It is especially good for salads. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c; ¼ lb., \$2.00; lb., \$7.50, postpaid.**



California Wonder Pepper



Perfection Pimiento Pepper



World Beater Pepper

Be sure and try our special strains of World Beater and California Wonder Peppers

Hungarian Wax. (70 days). A long, narrow slightly curved pepper with glistening light yellow skin. Early and prolific. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; ¼ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00, postpaid.**

Sunnybrook. (75 days). A prolific Pepper of Pimiento type, but of tomato shape, with scarlet skin. Grows in clusters of four or five, and the exceptionally thick flesh is mild, and sweet. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; ¼ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00, postpaid.**

Anaheim Chili. (80 days). This variety often grows 6 or more inches in length, and over an inch at the shoulder. It has just enough of pungency to make it desirable, and is a heavy cropper. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

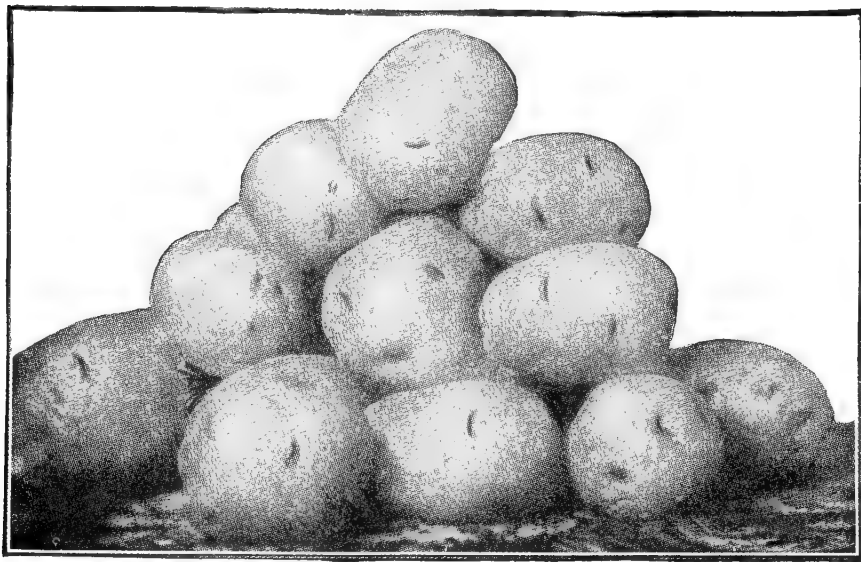
Tabasco. (90 days). Similar in shape to Red Chili, but smaller, and very hot. Used principally in pickles and pepper sauce. Fruits are green, tinged yellow, becoming scarlet when mature. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Red Cherry. (80 days). Named from its close resemblance to the cherry. It is used either as the Cayenne, or as pickles. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Small Chili. (80 days). A small, oblong, hot variety used for pepper sauce and pepper vinegar. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**



Long Red Cayenne Pepper



P.E.I. Certified Irish Cobbler Potatoes

POTATOES

Maine and Prince Edward Island Certified Stocks

Prices of Potatoes are subject to O.P.A. Ceiling and subject to change without notice. Write for prices on larger quantities. $7\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. (4 qts.), properly cut, will plant a row 100 feet long; 4 bags (600 lbs.) will plant an acre.

Culture: For early Potatoes in the latitude of Norfolk, plant at the first suitable weather in February; heavy manuring is absolutely essential. A second crop may be planted in July and August. Furrows 4 to 6 inches deep should be made 3 feet apart, and unless potato fertilizer has been broadcasted, it should be drilled in the furrows at the rate of 40 lbs. to 100 yards, mixing it thoroughly with the soil. Drop the pieces about 12 to 15 inches apart and cover 3 or 4 inches. If planted early in February, they should be covered with 2 furrows. Late in March, when the sprouts have started but are still under the ground, the rows should be dragged to remove the excess of covering

and put the surface in good condition. After the dirt has been turned away from each side of the rows, little need be done except to work it back again by successive cultivations.

Bliss Triumph, or Red Bliss. (80 days). Although less used than formerly, this old extra early is still a favorite in certain sections, especially eastern North Carolina. It is a sure and heavy cropper. $\frac{1}{2}$ pk., 50c; pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.95, not prepaid. (Maine grown.)

Green Mountain. (90 days). For the main crop this potato, is probably the most satisfactory, as it is of exceptionally good table quality and enormously productive, having few small tubers. $\frac{1}{2}$ pk., 50c; pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.95, not prepaid. (Maine grown.)

Jersey Red. (90 days). An oblong, red-skin Potato of good quality. A heavy yielder, but good only for fall crop. Ask for prices. (Virginia grown.)

Irish Cobbler. (75 days). The most popular early Potato in the South. It is a round Potato and the flesh is white and of good quality. Our strain of this Potato is very pure, showing practically no white blossoms. $\frac{1}{2}$ pk., 50c; pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.95, not prepaid. (Prince Edward Island grown.)

Chippewa. (80 days). This Potato was developed by the United States Department of Agriculture. It is somewhat flattened, oval in shape, very smooth with shallow eyes. It is four or five days later than the Cobbler, not quite as mealy in texture, and is less resistant to drouth. $\frac{1}{2}$ pk., 50c; pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.95, not prepaid. (Maine grown.)

Katahdin. (90 days). Like the Chippewa, this variety was developed by the United States Department of Agriculture, and is good for either spring or fall planting. It is oval in shape, smooth, with shallow eyes, white skin and of splendid quality. Resistant to disease. $\frac{1}{2}$ pk., 50c; pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.95, not prepaid. (Maine grown.)

Sebago. (90 days). For fall crop, this heavy yielding potato should be planted in the Tidewater Section of Virginia, in August. It is oval in shape, with smooth white skin, very shallow eyes, and is of excellent quality. The foliage and tubers are almost immune to late "blight." (Not suitable for spring planting.) $\frac{1}{2}$ pk., 50c; pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.95, not prepaid. (Maine grown.)

New Improved Semesan Bel

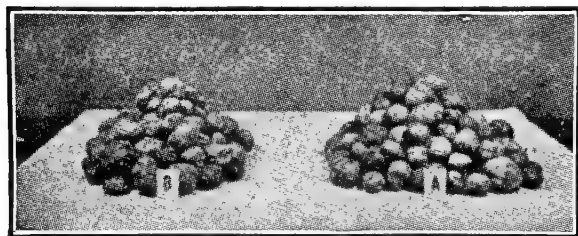
Insure high germination, reduce disease, and increase yield by using Semesan Bel.

Scab, Rhizoctonia, and Black-leg are the bugbears of every potato grower.

The old-fashioned, time-taking method of disinfecting seed potatoes with mercuric bichloride or formaldehyde is now a thing of the past. One pound of Semesan Bel will treat 16 to 20 bushels of cut potatoes. It also possesses greater disease control properties, especially in respect to control of Rhizoctonia and seed-borne Scab. The "instantaneous dip" method of applying new Semesan Bel saves time and labor. Semesan Bel does not harm the seed pieces.

SEMESAN BEL PRICES: 2 ozs., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs., \$7.15; 25 lbs., \$33.25.

"Use Semesan Bel, and insure greater germination on your potatoes."



Showing effect of treatment on "Irish Cobbler" 100 per cent Rhizoctonia infected. To left, untreated, 19 per cent clean and 190 bushels to acre. To right, treated, 89 per cent clean and 243 bushels to acre.

RHUBARB or PIE PLANT

One ounce will plant a row 100 feet long; 8 to 10 lbs. will plant an acre.

Culture: Sow from the middle of March to middle of May, in deep rich ground, in drills a foot apart and $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep, and when well up thin to 6 inches apart. In the fall, trench a piece of ground at least 2 spades deep, manuring abundantly, and set the plants out 4 feet apart each way, covering with leaves or coarse manure. It is best not to gather many of the stalks the first season, and in our Southern country it is rarely successful except in shady situations. Perhaps the most profitable plan for Southern growers is to buy the roots—as offered below—setting them out in November, March or April.

Myatt's Victoria. (85 days). Very large, and although somewhat later than other varieties, the best for general use. For the home garden the roots will be found much better than seeds. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.00, postpaid.

Rhubarb Roots

We can furnish fine Rhubarb Roots in any quantities in either fall or spring, but as they are carried in stock only during March and April, orders at any other time of the year should be sent a week before roots are needed. 25c each; \$1.50 per doz., delivered.

RADISH

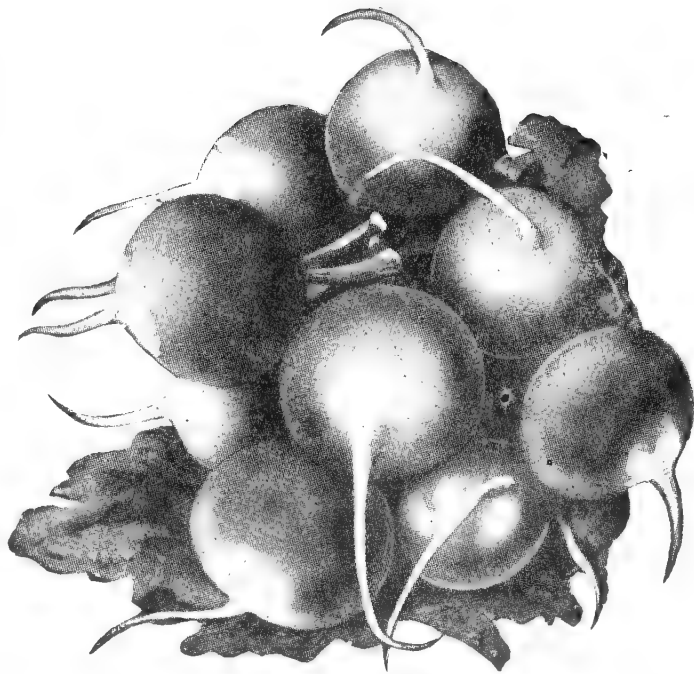
One ounce will plant a row 100 feet long; 5 to 8 pounds will sow an acre in 12-inch rows. When broadcast, 15 pounds of the long, or 25 to 30 pounds of the globe varieties for an acre.

Culture: The tenderness and sweetness of Radishes are greatly dependent upon the rapidity of their growth. In the latitude of Norfolk sow out-of-doors, $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep, from February to October, broadcast, in drills 18 inches apart, or on beds in 10-inch drills, or in drills 1 foot apart. The early varieties are very hardy, but do best if they are sheltered by fences or woods. The winter varieties are sown from the middle of July to the last of September and used as needed. Grown under glass or cottons, the quality of all Radishes is wonderfully improved, and under this cultivation they may be sown at any desired time during the winter.

Globe Varieties

Tait's Thorobred Favorite Forcing.

(25 days). The greatest value of this famous Radish, introduced by us many years ago, lies in its availability for forcing, since it may be depended upon to reach marketable size in twenty-five to thirty days, but it is also used largely for field culture, and under the most favorable conditions it is possible to grow this Radish in four weeks. It is perfect in both shape and color, the skin being a bright transparent carmine, and the shape nearly that of an olive, beautiful and wonderfully uniform, medium tops. Its crispness and delicacy of flavor make it an excellent variety for sowing at intervals in the family garden. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.**



Sparkler Radish

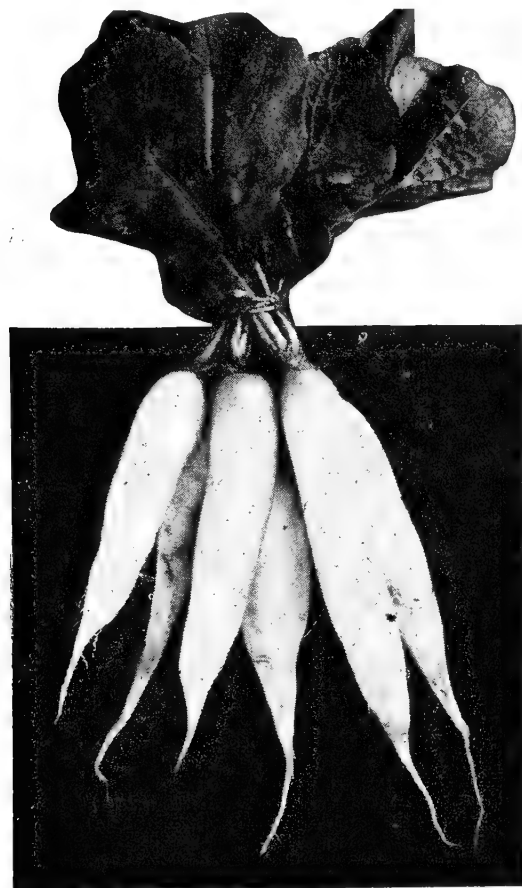
Tait's Thorobred Twenty-Day Forcing. (20 days). This is undoubtedly the quickest growing Radish in cultivation. Radishes large enough to eat having been grown under ideal conditions in twenty days. The Radishes are round, about three-fourths of an inch in diameter, with short tops and of a brilliant red color. When pulled young, this Radish is remarkably crisp and solid. Especially recommended for growing under glass. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.**

Tait's Thorobred Scarlet Globe. (28 days). This Radish is one of our specialties, and our Market Gardener's strain of this popular variety is unsurpassed. The bright scarlet-red color, perfect oval-globe shape, medium tops, small tap root and ideal size combine to make this the most desirable Radish for field culture. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., 90c, postpaid.**

Crimson Giant. (30 days). A large, nearly globe-shaped Radish, deep crimson in color and of excellent quality, that remains crisp a long time before getting pithy. Splendid either for the home garden or local market. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.**

Sparkler White Tipped. (28 days). Similar to Scarlet White Tipped Turnip Radish, but more attractive in appearance. The roots are round, smooth, scarlet red, one third white at bottom. The flesh is crisp and tender. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., 90c, postpaid.**

White Box. (30 days). The Philadelphia gardeners are partial to this turnip-shaped radish, and it is grown to some extent for shipment to that market. It is a rapid grower, with pure white skin and flesh. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid. (Crop failed).**



White Icicle Radish

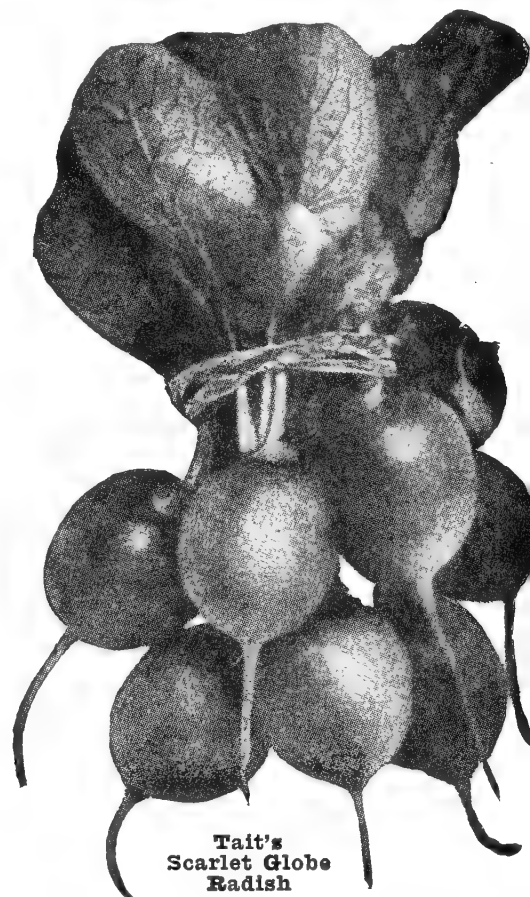
French Breakfast. (30 days). An olive-shaped variety about $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, shading gradually to white at the tip. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., 90c, postpaid.**

Giant Stuttgart. (35 days). A large top-shape Radish, white skin and pungent flesh. While largely used as a summer Radish, it may also be sown in July or August for late use. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid. (Crop failed).**

Long Varieties

White Icicle. (30 days). An outstanding popular variety with very long and do equally as well for sowing under glass or in the open. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., 90c, postpaid.**

Long Scarlet. (See Cincinnati Market.)



Tait's
Scarlet Globe
Radish

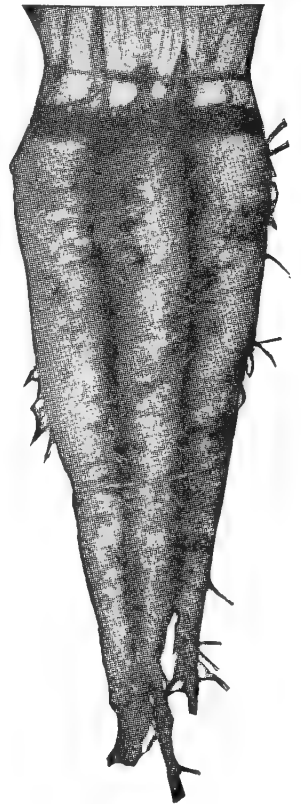
SALSIFY or VEGETABLE OYSTER

Two ounces will plant a row 100 feet long; 6 to 8 lbs. for an acre.

Culture: Salsify does best in a rich, light soil. Sow three-fourths of an inch deep from April until July in drills 2 feet apart, and when the plants are 1 inch high, thin to 4 to 6 inches in the row. The roots are hardy, and late sowings may be left in the ground all winter.

Mammoth Sandwich Island.

(90 days). A large and greatly improved strain. Of delicate, although distinct flavor that can be prepared so as to be hardly distinguished from real oysters. The roots are well shaped, smooth, with dull white skin. 8 inches long, 2 inches at shoulder, tapering. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$4.75, postpaid.**



Mammoth Salsify

SORREL

One ounce will plant a row 100 feet long; 1½ to 2 lbs. for an acre.

Culture: Sow one-fourth inch deep in March or April, in rows 18 inches apart, thinning from 4 to 6 inches. No special cultivation is required, as the plant is very hardy, but keep the flower stalks cut out as they appear.

Narrow Leaved. (60 days). A very whole- some salad, the taste for which is readily acquired. Many who do not care for Sorrel as a dish will be delighted with the combination of Spinach and Sorrel, the peculiar acid of which greatly improves the Spinach. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Broad Leaf. Pale green leaves, resembling spinach, only not so broad. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Spring Sprouts. (See SMOOTH KALE, page 17).

Swiss Chard. (See SPINACH BEET, page 7).

SAGE

(*Salvia Officinalis*). A hardy perennial, the leaves of which are plucked about the time flower stalks are forming, then spread in a dark room and dried as quickly as possible. **Pkt., 10c., oz., 75c.**

The words "Thoroughbred Seeds" and "Thorobred Seeds" being a registered trade-mark (U. S. Patent Office, No. 51052), and the words "Thoroughbred" and "Thorobred" being also a registered trade-mark (U. S. Patent Office, No. 92011), all persons are warned against their use in connection with the advertising or sale of seeds. We solicit the help of our friends in the detection and punishment of infringements of our copyright.

The cost of seed is the smallest item in the production of crops—
therefore plant Tait's THOROBRED SEED.

"Best by Test for Over 75 Years"



French Breakfast Radish

RADISH—Long Varieties—Continued

Cincinnati Market. (30 days). An improved strain of Long Scarlet, often called the Glass Radish on account of its brittleness. It grows from 5 to 6 inches in length and the skin is bright scarlet. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., 90c, postpaid.**

White Strasburg. (35 days). A desirable white Radish for early summer with slightly pungent flesh. The roots grow 5 inches long; 1½ inches at the shoulder, tapering to a point. Keeps in marketable condition longer than most varieties. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.**

Winter Keeping Varieties

Celestial. (50 days). An all-seasons variety but particularly adapted for winter use. The large white roots are slightly oval with blunt base and average 7 inches long and 2½ inches at the shoulder. The flesh is mildly pungent. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.**

Chinese Rose. (50 days). An old variety of splendid quality, with bright carmine skin and crisp, pungent flesh. The roots are cylindrical, slightly larger at the lower end, and average 5 inches in length, and 2 inches in diameter. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.**

Round Black Spanish. (50 days). This slightly top-shaped Radish grows 3 inches long and 4 inches in diameter; has black skin, and very pungent white flesh. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.**

Long Black Spanish. (55 days). The roots of this variety are cylindrical, slightly tapered at tip; grow 8 inches long, and are 2½ inches in diameter; has black skin, and pungent, white flesh. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.**

SPINACH

Two ounces will sow a row 100 feet long; 8 to 10 lbs. when planted in rows 18 inches apart, or, 20 to 25 lbs., when planted in 10-inch rows on beds 4 feet wide, will plant an acre.

Culture: Spinach requires rich, sweet land and liberal fertilizer. For fall crops, sow three-fourths inch deep from the 15th of August to the 15th of November, and when the plants are large enough, thin from 4 to 6 inches apart. For spring crop, sow from February to April.

Tait's Thorobred Dark Green Norfolk or

Bloomsdale Savoy. (40 days). Our re-selected strain of Bloomsdale and slower in going to seed. The plants are quite large, with thick, glossy, dark green crumpled or savoyed leaves, which remain crisp and fresh a long time after being cut and packed. A good sort for planting in the fall or early spring. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50, postpaid.**

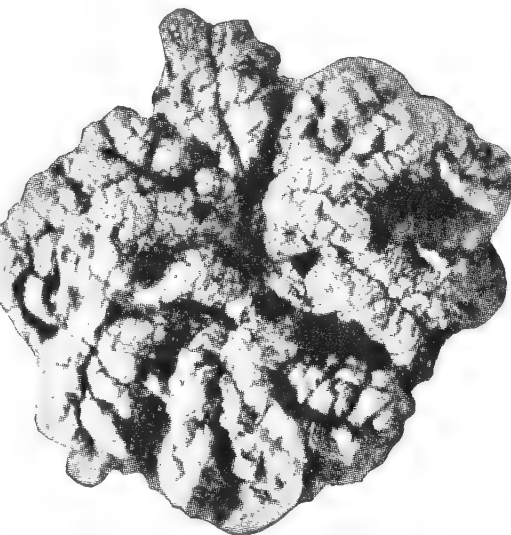
Tait's Thorobred Long Standing

Bloomsdale Savoy. In our judgment this is the best all-around late seeding Spinach. The color is very dark green, the leaves remarkably savoyed, and it will remain in marketable condition in the spring two weeks longer than Norfolk Bloomsdale before going to seed. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50, postpaid.**

Old Dominion. (45 days). A late seeding blight-resistant Spinach developed by Dr. H. H. Zimmerly of the Virginia Truck Experiment Station. It is a cross between Virginia Savoy and King of Denmark, and possesses the blight-resistance of the Virginia Savoy and the late seeding characteristic of the King of Denmark. The leaves are dark green, and crumpled or savoyed except at the tip. Should be sown in the late fall or early spring for the spring crop. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50, postpaid.**

Princess Juliana. An improved late seeding Spinach and a good variety for spring sowing for local markets, as it is of splendid quality, productive and very slow to bolt to seed. The leaves are slightly savoyed and quite dark in color. For shipping it is not so good as Long Standing Bloomsdale Savoy. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50, postpaid.**

King of Denmark. A popular Long Standing variety. It is medium early, of rapid growth, resembling somewhat Long Standing, but the leaves are more savoyed, and of a dark green color. Slow in running to seed. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50, postpaid.**

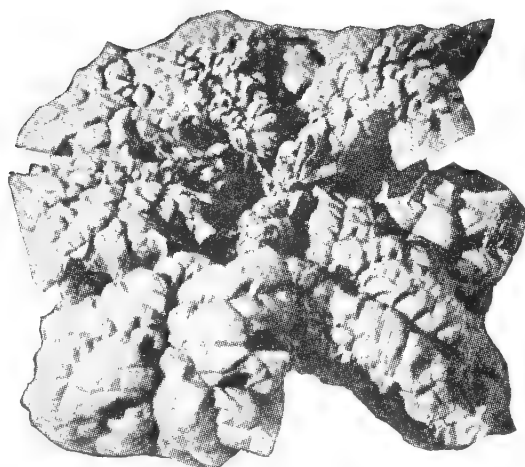


Virginia Savoy Spinach

New Zealand. (50 days). A "cut and come again" summer variety, and while not botanically related to Spinach, is a good substitute. The large, spreading plants grow vigorously in any soil during hot weather, producing an astonishing quantity of small, thick, pointed dark green leaves which resemble Spinach in appearance and flavor, and when cut, come again in a few days. Plant from April to July, ¾ of an inch deep in rows 2½ feet apart, dropping 3 or 4 seeds every 2 feet in the row. The seed should be soaked 24 hours before planting. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$1.75; 5 lbs., \$7.50, postpaid.**

Tampala. A much advertised vegetable of Chinese origin used as "greens." The leaves are prepared and cooked like Spinach. Does well in hot weather, and will keep on producing all summer. **Pkt., 15c; oz., \$2.50; ¼ lb., \$9.00, postpaid.**

WE ARE AMONG THE LARGEST GROWERS OF SPINACH SEED IN THE COUNTRY AND WILL BE GLAD TO QUOTE SPECIAL PRICES ON QUANTITIES FROM 1,000 TO 10,000 POUNDS.

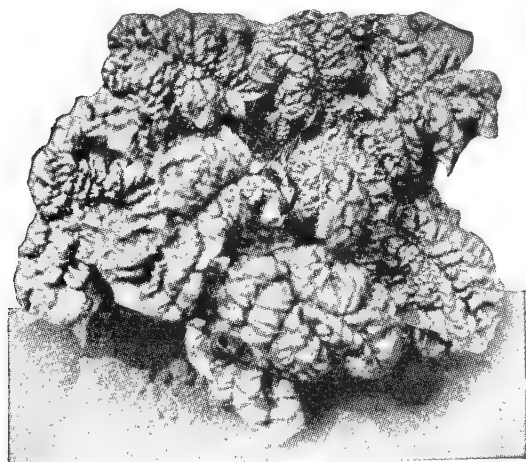


Old Dominion Spinach

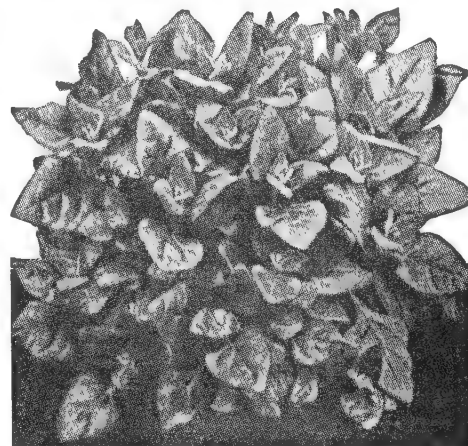
Northland. (45 days). A dark green selection from Giant Thick Leaved Nobel Spinach. The huge, smooth leaves are very succulent and of splendid quality. This variety will produce more tonnage per acre than any other sort, and is slow in going to seed. A good sort for the home garden, and especially good for canning. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50, postpaid.**

Virginia Savoy Blight-Resistant.

(40 days). This distinct variety was developed by Dr. H. H. Zimmerly at the Virginia Truck Experiment Station at Norfolk, Virginia, and can be grown in "blight" (mosaic) infested soils where ordinary Spinach cannot be grown. Our seed is produced from stock seed furnished by the Virginia Truck Experiment Station; is almost as savoyed as the Norfolk or Bloomsdale; just as early, nearly as dark in color, and far superior to most of the so-called "blight-resistant" strains being offered in the trade. Should be planted only in the late summer or early fall, as it goes to seed quickly when sown in the spring. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50, postpaid.**



Norfolk or Bloomsdale Spinach



New Zealand Spinach

SQUASH



Table Queen Squash

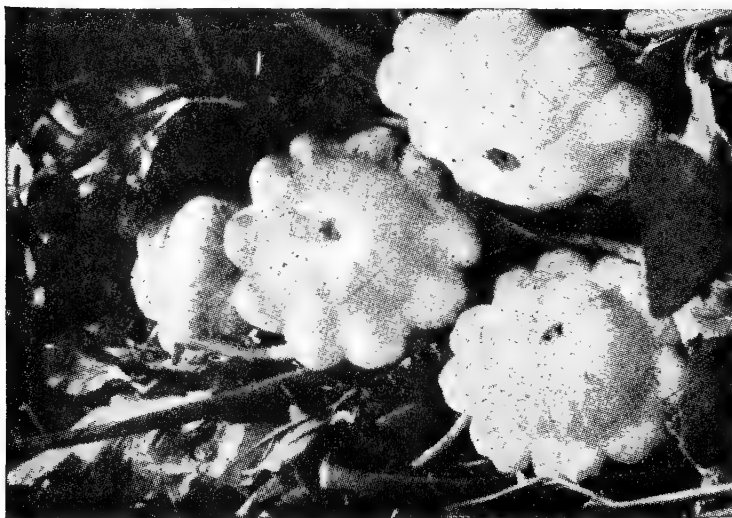
One ounce will plant a row 100 feet long; 2 to 3 lbs., of the bush varieties or 1½ to 2 lbs. of the running varieties will sow an acre in hills; double the quantity if drilled.

Culture: Sow one inch deep from April to July in drills, or in hills in the same manner as cucumbers and melons. The bush varieties should be about 3 feet apart each way, and the running kinds about 8 feet. When the plants are up, thin so as to leave three of the strongest plants, and keep well cultivated.

Bush Varieties

Benning's Green Tinted White Bush.

(55 days). A popular early variety preferred by many market gardeners because of the attractive greenish tint of the skin when young. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**



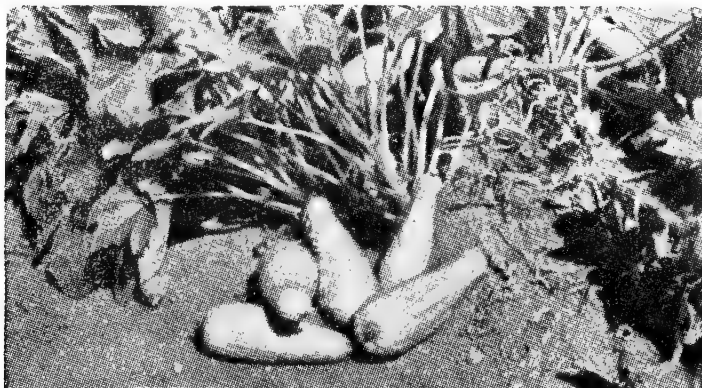
Benning's White Bush Squash

Cocozelle. (65 days). Sometimes called "Bush Italian Vegetable Marrow." An elongated Squash that often grows a foot or more in length. Skin handsomely mottled dark and light green; flesh of extremely good quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**

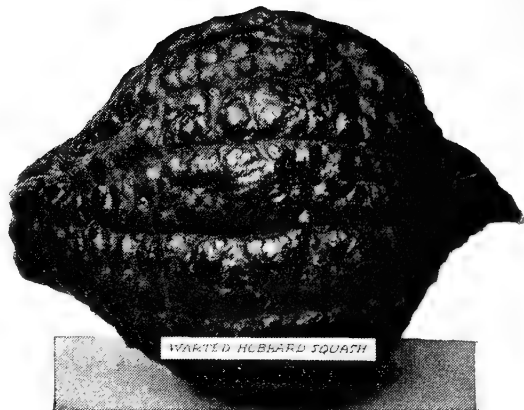
Prolific Early White Bush. (50 days). The earliest white "Cymbling." The flesh is finely grained and of good flavor. It is not as large or as showy as Benning's Green Tinted. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**

Early Prolific Straightneck. (50 days). A prolific early summer squash that grows 12 to 14 ins. long. The plants are bush form, and the fruits are straight, smooth, of an attractive creamy color, and of splendid quality. Edible when only 4 to 5 ins. long. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**

Tait's Thorobred Cocozelle. (60 days). Our special strain of this popular bush variety. Because of its earliness, small diameter and evenness is preferred by critical market gardeners. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.25, postpaid.**



Early Prolific Straightneck Squash



Improved Green Hubbard Squash

Black Zucchini. (65 days). Developed from the Italian Marrow and becoming popular in the South. The fruits weigh from 4 to 5 pounds, are cylindrical, long, smooth, and of a blackish green color. The flesh is greenish white and of good flavor. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.**

Early Yellow Summer Crookneck.

(53 days). Our market gardener's strain of this Squash is early, just the right size and shape, with bright yellow warted skin. Prolific and of good quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**

Tait's Thorobred Silver Custard. (63 days). This is the largest of the White Bush "Cymblings." It is of a silvery white color, medium early, large, handsome, and of splendid quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**

Golden Custard. (60 days). Those who prefer the yellow bush "Cymbling" will find this the best for their use. It is of good size, beautifully colored, and of the best quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**

Running Varieties

Boston Marrow. (85 days). Our strain of this fall variety is very pure. The Squash are oval-shaped, larger at the blossom end with mottled, somewhat rough orange skin, and thick, fine grained yellow flesh. Good for pies. 8 to 10 lbs. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.**

Improved Green Hubbard. (95 days). A popular winter Squash, somewhat the shape of Boston Marrow, with dark green, warted skin. The flesh is orange color and of splendid quality. 8 to 10 lbs. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Golden Delicious. (95 days). This winter variety is top-shaped. The skin and flesh are both of a rich, golden orange color. Excellent for home use or canning, because of its extremely sweet, dry flesh. 6 to 8 lbs. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**

Table Queen. (58 days). This small Squash is also known as "Acorn" and "Des Moines." The fruits are acorn-shaped, with dark green, deeply ribbed skin and golden yellow flesh. It keeps well and is excellent for pies. 1 to 1½ lbs. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.**

Swiss Chard or Spinach Beet. (See page 7).

Tampala. (See page 31).



Tait's Thorobred Cocozelle Squash

TOMATOES

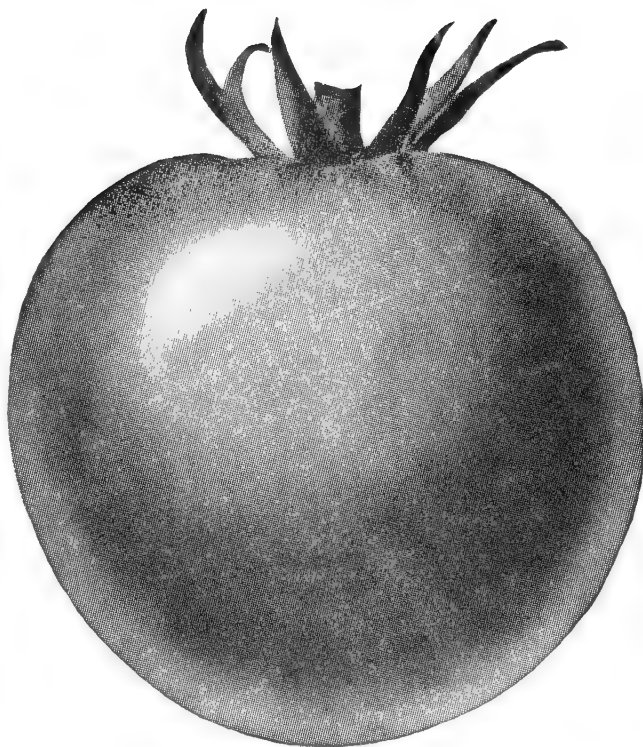
One ounce is sufficient for a row 100 feet long; four ounces will produce enough plants to set an acre.

Culture: The Tomato flourishes best in warm, light soil, moderately rich. For early use sow one-eighth inch deep in January or February in a greenhouse hotbed, or, if only a few plants are wanted, they may be sown in a window box. In order to get the plants strong and stocky, they should be transplanted when 2 to 3 inches high, and a second transplanting later on will add greatly to their stockiness. When all danger of frost has passed, set out in the open ground in rows 3 feet apart, leaving the same distance between the plants. For later crops sow in the open ground from April to July as directed. Tomatoes do best when they are supported by brush, or staked. Spray with Bordeaux to prevent blight.

Tait's Thorobred Trucker's Delight. (72 days). In this fine Tomato we offer truckers a variety with a strong robust vine and a remarkable bearer. The fruits are just the right size for market, globular in shape, and of an attractive scarlet color. Has a heavy thick wall, making it especially suitable for hauling at long distance. **Pkt., 15c; oz., 75c; ¼ lb., \$2.50, postpaid.**

Break O'Day Wilt Resistant. (70 days). Nearly as early as Earliana, but larger and smoother. The light scarlet, globe-shaped fruit has solid flesh, few seeds, and is of good quality. Should be grown on stiff land. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; ¼ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00, postpaid.**

Marglobe Wilt-Resistant. (77 days). A popular variety, free from nailhead rust. The medium size fruit is smooth and solid, deep scarlet in color, and splendid quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00, postpaid.**



Marglobe Tomato

Certified Marglobe. (77 days). **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Rutgers. (72 days). An outstanding, flattened, globe-shaped, blood-red Tomato, which ripens from the center. The plants have abundant foliage to protect the fruit from sun-scald, and resist remarkably well "Fusarium Wilt." The fruit has thick, solid flesh, and due to low acidity, is of exceptionally fine flavor. Splendid for market canning, or the home garden. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Certified Rutgers. (72 days). **Pkt., 10c; oz., 65c; ¼ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.50, postpaid.**

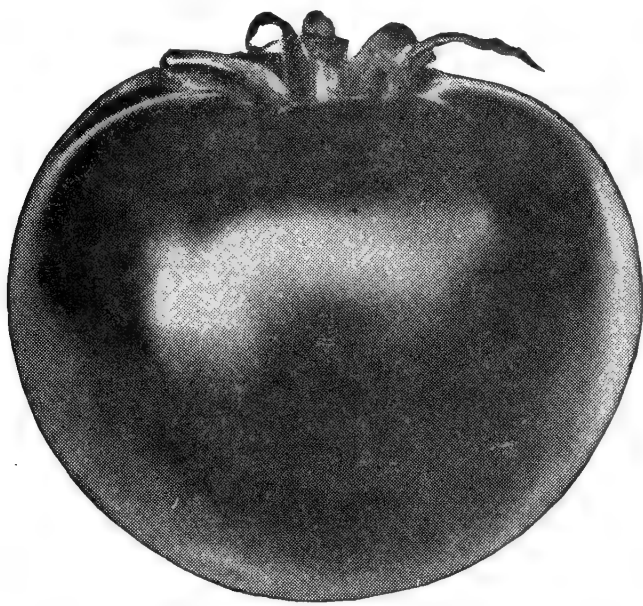
Pritchard's Scarlet Topper Wilt-Resistant.

(73 days). This short branching or self-topping variety was developed from a cross between Marglobe and Cooper's Special. The vivid scarlet fruit is early, globe-shaped, solid, and of splendid quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.15; lb., \$4.00, postpaid.**

Certified Pritchard's Scarlet Topper.

(73 days). **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Stokesdale Certified. (70 days). An early, scarlet fruited variety with remarkably thick walls. It resembles Marglobe in size and shape, but is a full week earlier. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; ¼ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00, postpaid.**



Tait's First Early Tomato

Norton Wilt-Resistant. (90 days). A good late variety shaped, cardinal-red fruit of excellent quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

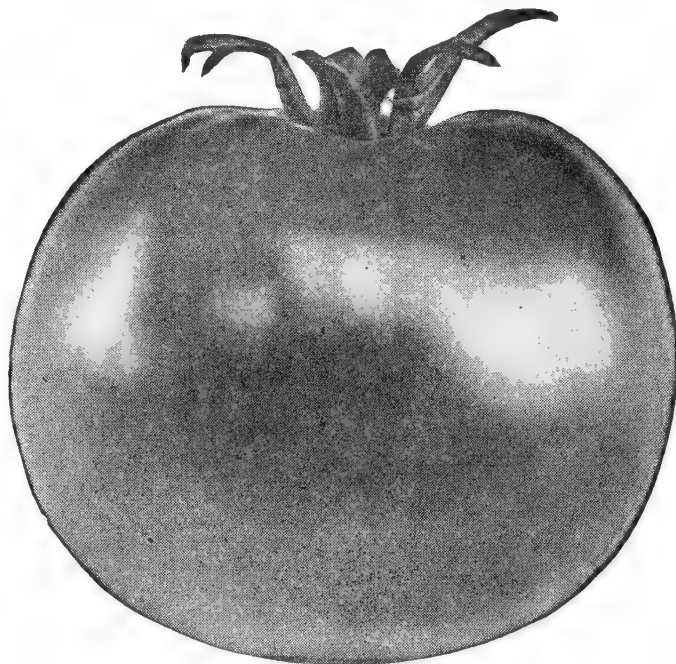
Tait's Thorobred First Early. (63 days). We believe this is the earliest Tomato in cultivation. The vine is amazingly productive, and the scarlet fruit is quite smooth, of good size and solid. **Pkt., 20c; oz., 75c; ¼ lb., \$2.00; lb., \$7.50, postpaid.**

Earliana. (65 days). Our market gardener's strain is earlier and larger than most stocks of this well known variety. The fruit is globe-shaped bright scarlet, of medium size and very prolific. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c; ¼ lb., \$2.00; lb., \$7.50, postpaid.**

June Pink. (68 days). Sometimes called "Pink Earliana," and is the earliest crimson-pink tomato. The fruit is of medium size and very prolific. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; ¼ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00, postpaid.**

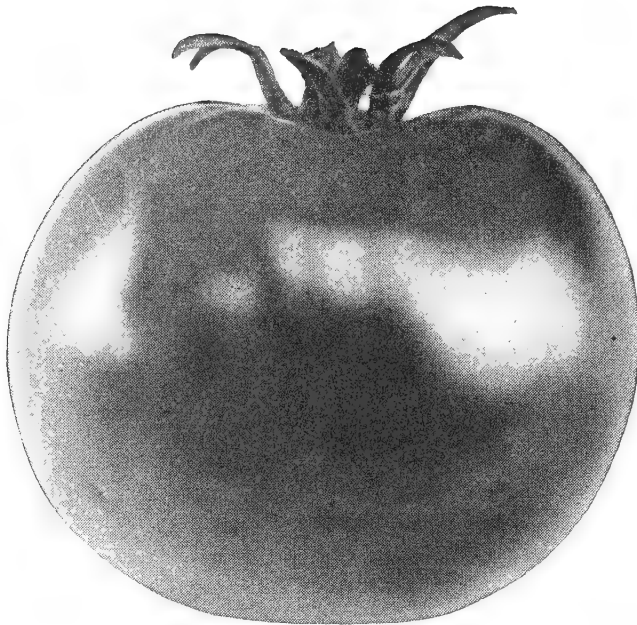
Bonney Best. (72 days). An attractive, early, flattened, globe-shaped scarlet Tomato of splendid quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.50, postpaid.**

Bounty. (65 days). An early and prolific Tomato. The fruits are of medium size, bright scarlet, and quite solid. The vines are rather small for the heavy set of fruit. **Pkt., 15c; oz., 75c; lb., \$7.50, postpaid.**



Rutgers Tomato

TOMATOES—Continued



Tait's No Equal Tomato

Stone. (82 days). An old favorite much improved in recent years and still popular in some sections. The fruit is bright scarlet, large, smooth, solid, and of good quality. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00, postpaid.**

Tait's Thorobred Norfolk. (80 days). A splendid medium large Tomato with crimson-pink skin. The fruit is smooth, globe-shaped, and of excellent quality, good for the fall crop. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

Tait's Thorobred Perfection. (90 days). One of the best late Tomatoes and commands the highest prices, because of its attractive appearance. The fruit is large, free from cracks, solid, and of attractive deep red color. Equally good for home, market or canning. Very prolific. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.**

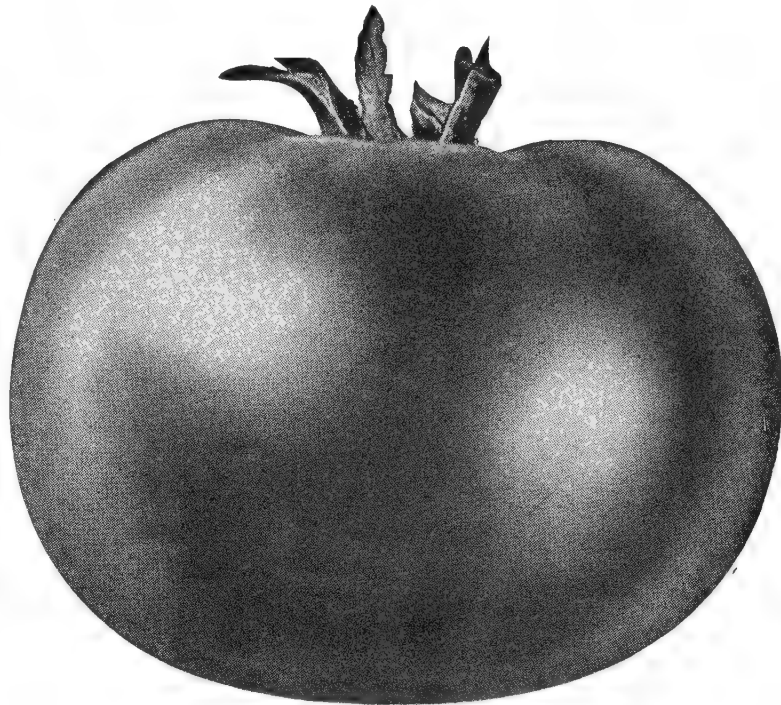
Brimmer. (100 days). This magnificent Tomato is of huge size and can be grown to weigh over a pound. It has crimson-pink skin, is quite smooth, solid, and of delicious flavor. **Pkt., 15c; oz., \$1.00; ¼ lb., \$3.00; lb., \$10.00, postpaid.**



Shogrow Turnip

Tait's Thorobred No-Equal. (73 days). It matures a few days later than our FIRST EARLY and is a splendid Tomato for market, the home garden and canning. The vines are practically wilt-resistant, very vigorous, and bear fruit over a long season. The bright scarlet fruit is always smooth, solid, and of delicious flavor. An all-purpose Tomato which we think has no equal. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c; ¼ lb., \$2.00; lb., \$7.50, postpaid.**

Improved Grothen's Globe. (68 days). An early variety O'Day. Disease resistant and very productive. The fruit is of a bright red color, medium large; globe shaped and quite solid. Especially adapted to shipping as a green wrap sort. Quite popular in Florida and Texas. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c; ¼ lb., \$2.00; lb., \$7.50, postpaid.**



Tait's Perfection Tomato

Ponderosa. (Also known as Beefsteak). (100 days). Quite similar to the Brimmer, but not as smooth. The fruit is large, with deep crimson-pink skin, and of delicious flavor. **Pkt., 15c; oz., \$1.00; ¼ lb., \$3.00; lb., \$10.00, postpaid.**

Oxheart. (110 days). Gardeners who take pride in growing large Tomatoes will be delighted with this variety of splendid quality. The fruit is nearly oxheart-shape, of enormous size, with crimson-pink skin, and will often weigh 1½ pounds. **Pkt., 15c; oz., \$1.50; ¼ lb., \$4.00; lb., \$15.00, postpaid.**

Golden Ponderosa. (100 days). This is the most handsome yellow Tomato and greatly esteemed because of the remarkable solidity of the flesh. The fruit is large and smooth, of good quality, and very productive. **Pkt., 15c; oz., \$1.25; ¼ lb., \$3.50; lb., \$12.00, postpaid.**

Small Fruiting Varieties

The fruits of these are well flavored and used for making fancy pickles, preserves and salads.

Red Cherry Yellow Cherry Red Pear Yellow Pear Red Plum Yellow Plum
Any of the above varieties: **Pkt., 10c; oz., 90c; ¼ lb., \$2.50.**

TURNIPS

One ounce will plant a row 100 feet long; 1½ lbs. for an acre in 2-ft. drills; 3 lbs. when broadcast.

Culture: For early crop, sow ½ inch deep in February or March in rows 2 feet apart, and when large enough, thin to 8 inches in the row. For main crop sow from 10th of July to 1st of September.

White Milan. (42 days). An extra early flat turnip with white skin. The fine grained white flesh is of good quality. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid.**

Purple Top Milan. (42 days). Identical with the White Milan, except that the skin at the top of the root is purple. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid.**

Snowball. (45 days). A beautiful extra early ball-shaped Turnip with white skin and tender sweet white flesh. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid.**

Purple Top Strap Leaf.

(47 days). Until the introduction of Tait's Purple Top White Globe, this flat variety, with white skin and purple around the top was very popular. The flesh is white and of good quality. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50, postpaid.**

TURNIPS—Continued

Tait's Thorobred Purple Top White Globe (55 days). The most popular Turnip for market or the home garden. It is globe-shaped, with purple skin around the top, and white at the bottom, giving it a most attractive appearance. The flesh is pure white, fine grained and sweet. Our Thorobred strain is faultless. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1b., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid.**

Tait's Thorobred White Norfolk. (70 days). A large, late flattened globe-shaped Turnip with white skin. Good either for table or stock. The flesh is pure white, and when young, is of good quality. In the vicinity of Norfolk, the leaves are used for "greens." **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1b., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50, postpaid.**

Pomeranian White Globe. (70 days). Quite similar to our Thorobred White Norfolk, and used for the same purpose. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1b., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50, postpaid.**

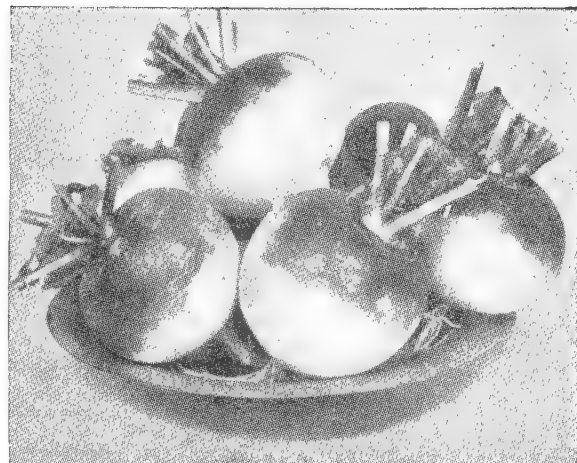
White French or Rock. (80 days). One of the very best globe-shaped Turnips with eggshell-white skin, tinted purplish green around the top. The flesh is the same color of the skin, fine grained, sweet, and solid as a rock. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1b., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid.**

White Egg. (55 days). A splendid early, egg-shaped variety with white skin. The fine grained white flesh is sweet, and of excellent quality. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1b., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50, postpaid.**

Cow Horn. (70 days). This long white variety gets its name from its shape. It has white skin, with a suggestion of green at the top, and grows half above the ground. The flesh is pure white, of good quality and keeps well. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1b., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50, postpaid.**

Shogrow. (60 days). This semi-globe-shaped Turnip with white skin and light green, upright foliage is equally as popular for "greens" as for roots. The flesh is pure white, crisp and sweet. Highly resistant to both insects and blight, and will grow in the hottest and driest weather. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1b., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50, postpaid.**

Southern Prize or Dixie. (50 days). Principally grown for its tops for winter or spring "greens." Very hardy. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1b., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25, postpaid.**



Tait's Purple Top White Globe Turnip

Yellow Aberdeen. (75 days). This well-known globe-shaped variety is used for both table and stock. The skin is light yellow, with purple and amber top, and the flesh is light cream, solid and sweet. A good winter-keeping sort. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1b., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid.**

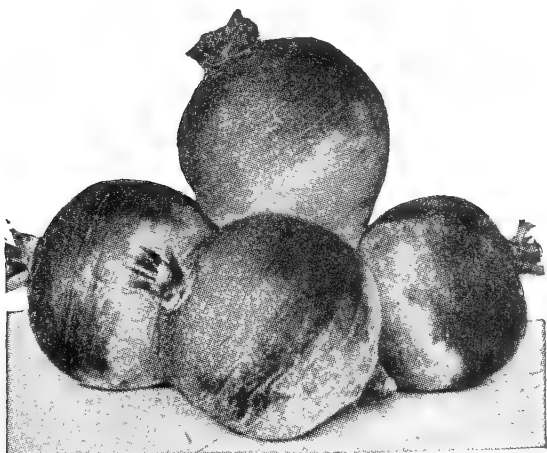
Seven Top. (50 days). Like the Southern Prize or "greens." **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1b., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25, postpaid.**

Amber Globe. (70 days). An attractive large globe-shaped variety with pale amber skin, tinted green around the top. The flesh is light cream, fine grained and sweet. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1b., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid.**

Golden Ball. (60 days). An attractive medium size Turnip, having light yellow skin, and round as a ball. The flesh is about the same color as the skin, fine grained, solid and sweet. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1b., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid.**

Mixed Turnips. A mixture of Turnips and Rutabagas, giving a variety with one sowing. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1b., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50, postpaid.**

RUTABAGA



Tait's True Globe Shaped Rutabaga

Tait's Thorobred Globe-Shaped. (80 days). This splendid Rutabaga is practically neckless. The globe-shaped roots have yellow skin, with purple around the tops. The flesh is yellow, solid, and sweet. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1b., 85c; 5 lbs., \$3.75, postpaid.**

Tait's Thorobred Purple Top. (80 days). An excellent strain of the well-known Long Island Rutabaga. The roots are globe-shaped, have yellow skin, purple around the top, with small neck. The flesh is of the same color as the skin, fine grained and sweet. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1b., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid.**

Tait's Thorobred Champion Market. (85 days). A large elongated yellow globe variety, very uniform in type, with small neck and top. Has a very deep purple top, and the yellow flesh is very fine grained and sweet. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; 1b., 85c; 5 lbs., 3.75, postpaid.**

Macomber. (85 days). A fine Rutabaga of oval shape and cream tinted skin. The flesh is of the same tone, fine grained, and of a most delicate flavor. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1b., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid.**

THYME

(*Thymus Vulgaris*). A favorite herb for seasoning, supposed to possess various medicinal qualities. The plant is perennial, both leaves and tops of stems are utilized. **Pkt., 15c; oz., \$1.50.**

BIRD SEEDS

All prices are subject to change without notice.
Write for prices on larger quantities.

Per pound, postpaid

Canary, for Canary Birds..... 40c
Hemp, for Birds, Parrots, Pigeons and Chickens.... 35c
Kaffir Corn, for Pigeons and Chickens..... 15c
Lettuce, for Birds..... 25c

Per pound, postpaid

Maw (Blue Poppy), for Birds..... 75c
Millet, Golden, for Birds, Pigeons, and Chickens..... 15c
Mixed Seed, for Canary Birds..... 35c
Rape, German, for Birds..... 20c
Sorghum, Mixed, for Pigeons and Chickens..... 15c
Sunflower, for Parrots, Pigeons and Chickens..... 35c
Cuttle Fish Bone, for Birds..... 2.00

MAKE
BETTER CORN



MAKE
BIGGER CROPS

Funk's G Hybrids are consistently good year after year

Funk's Hybrids that have everything you want in corn—vigorous, early growth, that saves cultivating labor; deep roots that protect against storm damage and enable plants to withstand periods of drought; big, wide leaves for excellent silage; large uniform ears that are easy to husk; big kernels and medium size cobs that shell more corn, and most important, more corn from every acre you plant.

You, too, can grow better corn and get bigger yields next fall if you decide to plant Funk G Hybrids this spring. We have special varieties that are suited to your local climate or soil conditions.

Funk's G Yellow Hybrid No. 135. (125 days). The most popular yellow hybrid among Tidewater, Va. farmers. It has given excellent results on all types of soil, producing lots of grain, with abundant foliage, and for this reason, many farmers use it for ensilage. It is a single ear corn, with an excellent stalk, and wonderful ability to stand up under severe epidemics of Stewart's Disease, Helminthosporium leaf blight, and Diplodia stalk and ear rot. See price page 37.

Funk's G Yellow Hybrid No. 722. (130 days). A most promising hybrid about the same maturity as G-711, that has made an enviable record in Experiment Station tests in Tidewater Virginia. It is prolific in its ability to produce two ears on many of the stalks. However, it does not produce as many twin ears as does G-711. This hybrid has the ability to be a high producer of foliage, which makes it ideal for ensilage purposes, as well as for husking purposes, in the Tidewater section of Virginia. It has a high degree of resistance to heat, drouth, and to many of the corn diseases which sometimes cause failure in corns that do not have this quality of resistance. See price page 37.

Five definite advantages you can enjoy from Funk's "G" Hybrids:

1 Greater Yield on the same acreage—15 to 20% more corn in the field and more when shelled because of good sized kernels.

2 Corn that stands up in storm and drought because it's bred to excel in that feature. Deep vigorous root systems give greater standability—in drought the deep roots go way down for moisture and food.

3 Uniform ears—one to practically every stalk with very few nubbins.

4 Corn that's easy and economical to harvest, short shanked ears that break off easy and won't fall off. Ears all same height from the ground and the big diameter ears peel down easily.

5 Nutritious silage—highest feeding value. Leafy plants, tall ones, some with leaves 6" wide, and they do stand up for easy harvesting.

MAKE
BIGGER YIELDS



FROM
AVERAGE FIELDS

We are distributors for Funk's "G" Strains of Hybrid Corn

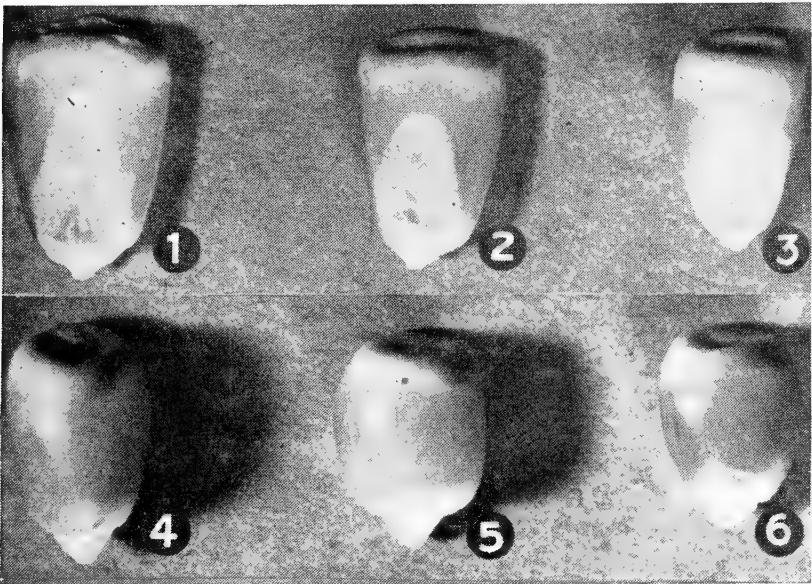
Be sure to plant Funk's G Strains rather than some unknown Hybrid that you are told is just as good.

PRICES OF FUNK'S G HYBRID YELLOW CORN

LARGE FLAT KERNELS	- - - - -	\$9.25 bu.
REGULAR FLAT KERNELS	- - - - -	\$9.25 bu.
MEDIUM FLAT KERNELS	- - - - -	\$9.25 bu.
LARGE ROUND KERNELS	- - - - -	\$7.00 bu.
REGULAR ROUND KERNELS	- - - - -	\$8.00 bu.
MEDIUM ROUND KERNELS	- - - - -	\$8.00 bu.

NOTE (WHITE varieties of Funk "G" Hybrid seed corns are 50c additional to the above prices.)

Funk's G Yellow Hybrid No. 711. (130 days). In Tidewater, Virginia and Eastern North Carolina is just right in maturity to be used for husking purposes. It is prolific in its ability to produce two ears on many stalks, and to produce an abundance of foliage. The ears produced are fat, plump ears and the grains produced are deep and wide, produced on a medium cob. It has proven its ability to have a high degree of resistance to heat and drouth, and to withstand severe corn borer infestations. It also has the ability to have a high degree of resistance to diseases.



1. Large Flat Kernel

2. Regular Flat Kernel

3. Medium Flat Kernel

4. Large Round Kernel

5. Regular Round Kernel

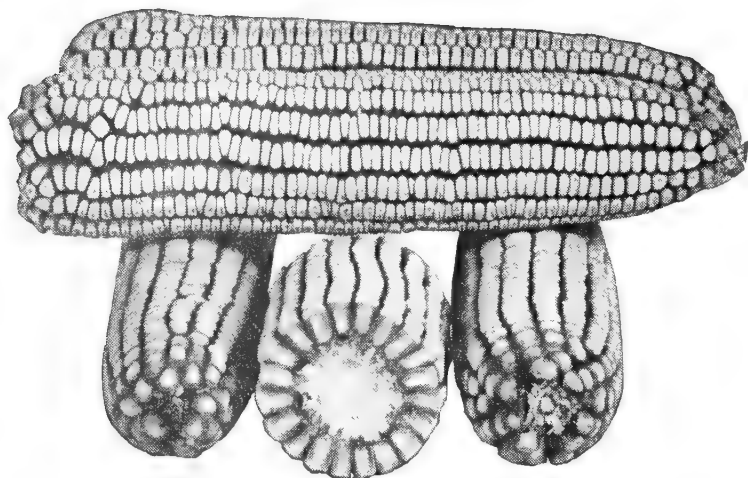
6. Medium Round Kernel

Funk's G Yellow Hybrid No. 80. (125 days). A winner in state and private yield tests. Produces large golden ears that carry their size to the tip, with kernels of unusual depth. Has excellent stalk and root system, which enables it to stand up when storms level other types of corn. Every corn grower should give it a trial.

Funk's G Yellow Hybrid No. 169. (105 days). Early in maturity for southern Virginia, and should be used only for late planting or for hogging down purposes. It will reach complete maturity in approximately 105 days, which makes it about three weeks earlier than G-135. It has a stiff stalk and has the ability to withstand many corn diseases which prevail in high humidity territories, such as the Tidewater section of Virginia. It produces one ear per stalk, the ears being exceptionally long, covered with deep kernels.

Funk's G White Hybrid No. 515. (110 days). This outstanding Corn has proven to be much better than No. 527, formerly used. It is truly amazing to note the wonderful improvement accomplished by Funk Brothers, which this fine Hybrid carries. It has the same large type ear and fodder of 527, but a deeper root system, and stands up better. A good Hybrid for milling purposes.

Funk's "G" Hybrid round kernels carry same germination and grade guarantee as flats.



Tait's Golden Supreme Corn

YELLOW FIELD CORN

Tait's Thorobred Golden Supreme. (110 days). In our opinion, this is one of the best open pollinated yellow corns for the Tidewater section of Virginia and Eastern Carolina. The stalks grow 8 feet high, bearing ears 10 to 14 ins. long, with 14 to 16 rows of deep golden grain. **Lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c; 5 lbs., 90c; 10 lbs., \$1.75, postpaid.** Not prepaid, \$4.75 per bushel.

Improved Golden Dent. (120 days). A well known early yellow corn. The stalk grows 8 feet high, bearing ears with 14 to 16 rows of medium deep, golden grain. Good either for hard corn or ensilage. **1 lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.50, postpaid.** Not prepaid, \$4.50 per bushel.

Jarvis Golden Prolific. (120 days). This popular prolific yellow corn with a white cob has won many prizes in North Carolina. The stalk grows about 8 feet high, bearing medium size ears with 12 to 14 rows. **Lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.50, postpaid.** Not prepaid, \$4.50 per bushel.

WHITE FIELD CORN

IT PAYS TO PLANT GOOD SEED CORN

A Pint Weighs a Little Less Than a Pound;
a Bushel Weighs Fifty-six Pounds.

Tait's Prolific (130 days). On rich land this prolific variety will grow 10 to 12 feet high, and produce 3 to 4 medium-size ears with 10 to 12 rows of medium deep grains to the stalk. A splendid sort for those who prefer a prolific corn. **Lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.50, postpaid.** Not prepaid, \$4.75 a bushel.

Boone County Mammoth. (140 days). A large white dent corn that has taken many prizes for perfect ears and enormous yield. The stalk grows from 8 to 9 feet high, and bears ears with 18 to 20 rows of medium deep grains. On rich soil both stalk and foliage are of strong growth, which makes it desirable for ensilage. It is a soft corn, and will sometimes mould on the stalk in a wet season. **Lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.50, postpaid.** Not prepaid, \$4.50 a bushel.

Dixie. (125 days). An early maturing prolific white corn. Stalk grows 8 to 10 feet high, bearing usually 2 large ears with 14 to 16 rows of deep board flinty grains. A good sort for thin land. Makes good meal. **Lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.50, postpaid.** Not prepaid, \$4.50 a bushel.

WHITE FIELD CORN

Continued

Eureka. (140 days). A popular white ensilage corn that produces an enormous tonnage per acre. The stalk grows 12 to 15 feet high, usually bearing two long ears with 12 to 14 rows of medium grains. The grains are hard and thick, and make good meal. Especially adapted to growing on rich low land. **Lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.50, postpaid.** Not prepaid, \$4.50 a bushel.

Latham's Double Ear. (130 days). When planted early on rich land under ideal conditions, this desirable white corn will produce an enormous crop. Stalk grows 9 to 10 feet, bearing usually two large ears, with 14 to 16 rows of deep grains. Our Latham's Corn is grown by the originator, Mr. F. P. Latham, and is superior to most corns sold under this name. **Lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c; 5 lbs., 90c; 10 lbs., \$1.75, postpaid.** Not prepaid, \$4.75 a bushel.

Silver King. (90 days). This early white corn grows 6 to 8 feet high, bearing long ears with 14 to 16 rows of deep grains on a small cob. Makes splendid early roasting ears in 65 days, and is often used for this purpose. **Lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.50, postpaid.** Not prepaid, \$4.00 a bushel.

Snowflake. (125 days). A selection from White Dent, which matures a little later than Trucker's Favorite, but with larger ear and deeper grains. A splendid sort for meal, and often used for "roasting ears." **Lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.50, postpaid.** Not prepaid, \$4.00 a bushel.

Tait's Virginia Mammoth. (130 days). This splendid open pollinated white variety is one of the most popular in our list. The stalk grows from 9 to 10 feet, bearing usually two large ears with 14 to 16 rows of deep grains. It is medium early, and unreservedly recommended for Tidewater Virginia and eastern North Carolina. **Lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.50, postpaid.** Not prepaid, \$4.50 a bushel.

Virginia Horsetooth. (135 days). This famous corn will give splendid yields on rich land. Stalk grows 8 to 10 feet high, bearing usually two large ears with 12 to 14 rows of deep grains. **Lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.50, postpaid.** Not prepaid, \$4.50 a bushel.

Hickory King. (125 days). A well known white corn, remarkable for its extremely small cob. Stalk grows from 6 to 8 feet, bearing usually two medium-size ears with 8 rows of very large grains. A good sort for thin light land. **Lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.50, postpaid.** Not prepaid, \$4.50 a bushel.



Tait's Virginia Mammoth Corn

STANDARD VARIETIES OF GRAIN USEFUL IN THE SOUTH

AS PRICES ON GRAINS ARE CONSTANTLY CHANGING, WRITE FOR PRICES BEFORE ORDERING

BARLEY

Forty-eight pounds to the bushel. Two bushels per acre.

The value of Barley for winter pasturage has not been generally recognized, but many Southern dairymen have adopted it as one of their main crops for this purpose, using it also for hay. If intended to be cured for hay, the head should not be allowed to form. Sowings are made both in spring and fall.

Beardless. This variety does not have a beard, and can be used for grazing, hay, or grain. (Write for prices).

Sunrise. A new variety that is practically beardless, and shows much promise. The spike or head of the grain has two rows of grain on opposite sides of the head bearing short awn. The other four rows of grain are awnless (without beard or hood).

Wong. A semi-bearded barley of exceptional merit. It has a strong stiff straw, is resistant to cold and smut, and a heavy yielder. (Write for prices.)

BUCKWHEAT

Forty-eight pounds to the bushel. One bushel per acre.

Buckwheat thrives where few other plants will, and makes a cheap cover crop. In the latitude of Norfolk it may be sown from June to August either in drills or broadcast. Requires little preparation and is a good crop to smother weeds or for bees. It also makes good flour.

Brown Hull. A distinct variety, early and very productive. The plant is large and vigorous, and the flour made from it is of the best quality. (Write for prices).

OATS

Thirty-two pounds to the bushel. Two bushels per acre.

Columbia. An early maturing and heavy yielding spring oat. Superior to Burt for hay or grain. (Write for prices).

Lee Cold Proof. This variety combines the earliness of Fulgham with the cold-resistance of Winter Turf, and will probably produce more hay or grain than any other spring-sown oats. (Write for prices).

Fulgrain. An early maturing smut-resistant variety that produces a heavy yield of both hay and grain. (Write for prices).

Fulgham. A popular variety that produces heavy yields of both hay and grain. A good variety for spring planting. (Write for prices).

Oregon Winter Turf. Known also as Virginia Turf. Sown in September or October, this variety will be well set before the cold weather, and may be grazed freely through the winter. (Write for prices).

WHEAT

Sixty pounds to the bushel. One and one-half bushels per acre.

Leap's Prolific. A fine beardless wheat with the tallest straw. Very productive and of high milling value. (Write for prices).

Forward. A beardless, loose, smut-resistant selection from Fulcaster that is quite popular. Best variety for mountain sections. (Write for prices).

Redhart No. 3. Considered by many growers one of the best and heaviest yielding Beardless varieties. (Write for prices).

Hardired. This beardless variety matures a week earlier than Redhart or Leap's Prolific, and is well liked by a good many growers. (Write for prices).



Abruzzi Eye

RYE

Fifty-six pounds to the bushel. One and one-half bushels per acre.

For winter pasturage few crops compare with Abruzzi Rye, its adaptability to almost all soils and situations being enough to make it a universal favorite. Inexpensive, very productive and of remarkable nutritive value. It also ranks among the best green manures, and is very largely used for that purpose. Our Abruzzi Rye is genuine and must not be confused with inferior sorts of Rye often offered as Abruzzi.

Abruzzi. The best variety of winter rye for the South and is becoming more popular each year. It is ready for grazing about ten days earlier than any other sort, and will produce nearly as much grain. (Write for prices).

Rosen. A standard variety that produces a strong, vigorous straw, and stools to a remarkable degree. It is, however, not as good for the South as Abruzzi. (Write for prices).

New Improved CERESAN

A New Low Cost Grain Disinfectant

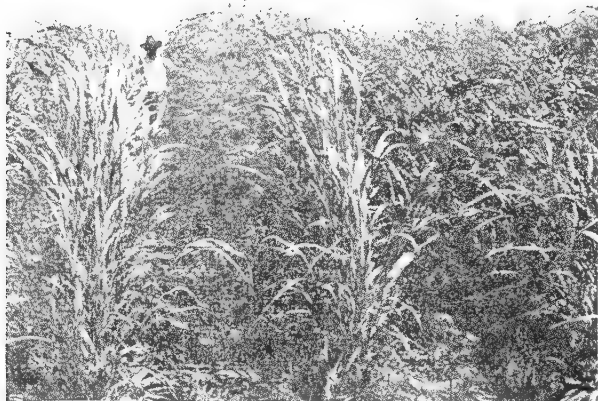
Costs only 2 to 3 cents per bushel. Usually effective in controlling bunt or stinking smut of wheat, covered smut and stripe of barley, and oat smuts. Frequently improves the stand and yield of grain 1 to 5 bushels per acre. Easily and quickly applied by 20 revolutions of seed treater or 3 turnings with a shovel. Seed should be treated 24 hours before planting. Does not reduce drilling rate nor damage drill. One pound treats 32 bushels of wheat, oats, or barley.

Prices: 4 oz., 35c; 1-lb. tin, 90c; 4-lb. tin, \$2.95, postpaid.

Barley - Oats - Wheat Should be Treated
with New Improved CERESAN
Before Sowing

We endeavor to have our grains most carefully grown from pedigreed stocks and properly treated; and they are always of the highest purity and germination.

REMEMBER IT NEVER PAYS TO PLANT INFERIOR SEED GRAIN



Sudan Grass

SUDAN GRASS

50 lbs. to the bushel; 35 lbs. per acre
broadcast; 6 lbs., in 18-inch drills.

Sow from May to August. It is of finer growth than Sorghum, and will produce more and better hay than millet, as when sown early it can be cut two or three times. It is easily mowed, and cures readily. **Lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.55, postpaid.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)

SUDAN GRASS No. 23

This variety has a more vigorous growth than ordinary Sudan, and is said to produce about 25% more hay of finer quality. **1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.75, postpaid.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)

SWEET SUDAN

A cross between Leota Red Sorghum and common Sudan, and is considered a greatly improved variety. Some think that it may even replace common Sudan altogether. It has slender leafy stems, making it easy to handle with ordinary haying machinery. **1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; 10 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)

COMBINE WHEATLAND MILO

A variety of Milo that has become popular because of its heavy yield per acre. Grows about 30 ins. high, with heads that vary in length from 6 to 9 ins. The kernels resemble those of Yellow Milo. Matures in about 100 days. **1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 70c; 10 lbs., \$1.25, postpaid.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)

TEOSINTE

50 lbs. to the bushel; 4 lbs. per acre.

Sow from May to August in rows 3 feet apart, dropping two or three seeds every foot. This Central American plant in general appearance bears considerable resemblance to Indian Corn, but has broader and longer blades. It is of very rapid growth, and will often attain a height of 12 feet. It produces an amazing number of shoots on each plant, and in favorable seasons may be cut several times. **Lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50; 10 lbs., \$4.50, postpaid.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)

MILLET GOLDEN MILLET

Fifty pounds to the bushel; 50 to 75 pounds per acre.

Sow broadcast from May to August. Makes an enormous yield of hay, and is usually in best condition for cutting just as the heads begin to form, usually about 50 days after sowing. A favorite use is to follow early potatoes. Never put Millet on poor ground. **Lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 75c; 10 lbs., \$1.35, postpaid.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)

PEARL OR CAT-TAIL MILLET

Fifty pounds to the bushel; 6 pounds per acre,
in rows; 30 pounds per acre when broadcast.

Sow from May to August. This variety will grow 10 feet high, but should be cut when 3 or 4 feet high. It will stool out enormously after being cut, and can be cut several times as it keeps growing until frost. **Lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.15; 10 lbs., \$2.15, postpaid.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)

SORGHUM

50 lbs. to the bushel; 2 bushel per acre broadcast.

Sow from May to August. When grown for hay, it should be sown thickly so that the stalks do not have a chance to get too large. Will often produce from three to five tons of cured hay per acre. When grown for summer feeding, it should be sown in rows 2½ feet apart, leaving about eight stalks to the foot, using 15 lbs. to the acre. If grown for syrup, sow 6 lbs. to the acre. Height 8 to 10 feet.

Amber. (60 days). An early productive variety which grows from 8 to 10 feet high. **Lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 75c; 10 lbs., \$1.25, postpaid.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)

Orange. (65 days). A good variety for stock feeding, as it produces the strongest stalk and is less liable to lodge than other saccharine Sorghum. **Lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 70c; 10 lbs., \$1.25, postpaid.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)

Sugar Drip. (70 days). An excellent sort for making syrup, which is of splendid quality, and will also make as large a yield of forage as any other variety. **Lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 70c; 10 lbs., \$1.25, postpaid.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)

HEGARI

Certified

NOTE: We suggest using Hegari instead of Kaffir Corn or ordinary Milo Maize.

50 lbs. to the bushel; 6 lbs.
per acre in 18-inch rows.

Considered by many one of the most valuable of all grain sorghums. It is similar in growth and appearance of grain to Kaffir Corn, but makes a larger leaf growth, stools better, and makes a heavier yield per acre. It has a semi-sweet stalk, and will yield from 1500 to 1800 lbs. of grain per acre. Matures in about 120 days, and can be planted the same as corn. Height 8 to 10 feet. **1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 70c; 10 lbs., \$1.25, postpaid.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)



Early Amber
Sorghum

MISCELLANEOUS FIELD SEEDS

BEANS, SOY

WRITE FOR PRICES ON SOY BEANS

Tests of the nutritive value of Soy Beans demonstrate that they are excellent for feeding purposes, and recognized as one of the most important forage crops for the South, as well as a nitrogen gatherer of the greatest value. The plant thrives in hot, dry weather and does equally well on heavy and light soils. Either broadcast or in drills from May to July. Sow broadcast 1 to 1½ bushels to the acre of the large seeded varieties and ½ bushel to 3 pecks of the small seeded varieties. In drills sow about 1½ pecks of the large varieties and about 1 peck of the small varieties.

Early Yellow. (140 days). Considered a great improvement on the Mammoth Yellow. It is earlier, more productive, and the beans do not shatter. Height 3 feet.

Habalandt. (130 days). A valuable early all-purpose bean. It produces a splendid quality forage, and heavy yield of seed. Height 2½ feet.

Mammoth Brown. (140 days). Quite similar to Mammoth Yellow, but earlier. A good sort to mix with cow peas, as they mature together. Height 3 feet.

Mammoth Yellow. (150 days). A popular late variety, extensively grown for both seed and forage. Height 3 feet.

Tokio. (150 days). Probably the heaviest yielder of both hay and seed, and should be more extensively grown. Height 3 feet.

Virginia. (125 days). An excellent variety to plant for hay, as it has small stems, and is leafy. Height 3 feet.

Wilson. (120 days). One of the earliest varieties, and very prolific. A good sort to plant for hay, as it has small stems and is leafy. Height 3 feet.

EDIBLE SOY BEANS

Edible Soy Beans.

Edible Soy Beans are attractive in appearance, and each year more and more of them are being used for the table. The quality is as good as any shell bean for the table and they are very rich in protein.

Bansei. (90 days). An early and very prolific edible Soy Bean. The Beans are nearly round and of mild and pleasing flavor. ½ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.55, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.25; 50 lbs., \$10.00.

Rokuson. (120 days). One of the best edible varieties, either green or dry. The Beans are flathead oval shaped, and average about three to the pod. Height 2½ feet. ½ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.45; 10 lbs., \$2.55, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.25; 50 lbs., \$10.00.

SHELL BEANS

Red Kidney Beans. (90 days). A popular commercial variety with 4½-inch oval pods. Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.55, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$5.25; 50 lbs., \$10.00.

White Navy Beans. (80 days). Best known commercial variety, with 4-inch flat pods. The plants are large, spreading, with many runners. On account of the weevil, Navy Beans should not be planted in the latitude of Norfolk until after July 1st. Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$3.25; 50 lbs., \$6.00.



Early Yellow Soy Beans

BEANS, VELVET

60 lbs. to the bushel; 50 lbs. per acre, broadcast; 25 lbs. in drills.

100-Day Speckled.

Suggested to improve the soil. Sow in June or July one inch deep, in rows 3 feet wide, leaving 12 inches between the beans in the row, and give one cultivation. The vines make such remarkable growth that they soon cover the ground with dense foliage. In more northerly sections where the pods will not mature, the vines make good pasturage for cattle. (Write for prices.)

STOCK BEETS or MANGLE

Culture: 6 to 8 pounds of seeds are allowed per acre, and they are planted from April to July. Field Beets are handled in much the same way as the garden varieties, except that the drills must be at least 2 feet apart, and the plants are

thinned to about 10 inches in the row. Cultivation must be constant and thorough to keep down the weeds until the plants are well developed.

Mammoth Long Red. An improved strain of the Long Red, which grows very large and well out of the ground. It has long, straight roots of a medium red color; does best on light soils. Oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.10; 5 lbs., \$4.25, postpaid.

Sludstrup. This variety has been repeatedly awarded the highest honors in the Danish Agricultural Exhibitions. The color is a reddish yellow, and while the roots do not grow as long as those of the Mammoth Long Red, the growth is more above ground, thicker and heavier. Desirable sort. Oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.10; 5 lbs., \$4.25, postpaid.

Yellow Globe. A large and productive variety. It keeps well, and is the best kind for soils which are rather shallow. Oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.10; 5 lbs., \$4.25, postpaid.

CROTALARIA SPECTABILIS

12 lbs. per acre broadcast, or 6 lbs. in drills.

Very heavy yields are obtained from Crotalaria; green weight of 3500 pounds per acre is not uncommon. A remarkable cover crop and soil builder and this is the only purpose of the crop, as it is not recommended for livestock. The actual cash value of nitrogen returned to the soil is estimated about \$20.00 per acre, and besides the humus is of untold value—increases the water-holding capacity of the soil and prevents erosion. Many report the doubling of farm crops when following Crotalaria. It succeeds well in all the southern States, can easily be eradicated, and will grow on sweet or sour soil. Requires no lime, inoculation, fertilization or cultivation. Plant as soon as danger of frost is past for maximum growth. Later plantings, however, have shown good results. Our Seed is scarified and germinates readily. Lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.35; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. (Write for prices on larger quantities.)

COTTON

Our Cotton Seed is treated with 2% Ceresan
Selected varieties (30 lbs. to bu.). 1 to 1½ bu. per acre.

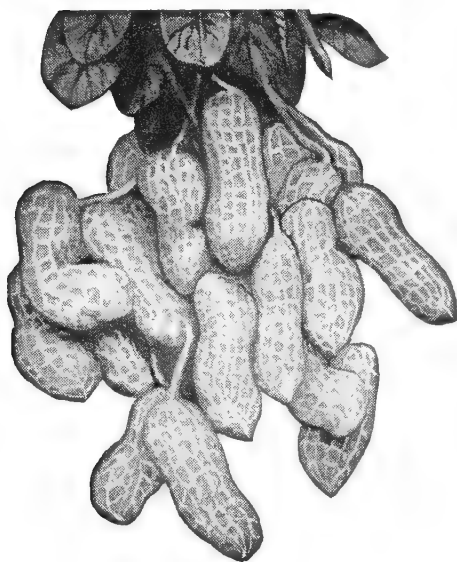
ON ALL ITEMS LISTED BELOW
WRITE FOR PRICES ON LARGER QUANTITIES

Culture: The cultivation of Cotton varies considerably of course, according to the locality and soil, but in general the ground should be prepared by thorough plowing and harrowing, with rows of 40 to 50 inches apart, 5 feet being given where the land is unusually rich. Seeding is best done with the cotton planter, and the young plants should be thinned to about 18 or 20 inches in the rows; if the ground is very rich, two plants may be left in a hill, but otherwise only one. Frequent shallow cultivation is necessary to keep the surface free from crust, and planting should never be done until danger of frost is passed.

2% CERESAN

INCREASE YOUR COTTON PROFITS 10 TO 20%

Two per cent Ceresan generally protects the seed against decaying in cold, wet soil and the young seedling against damping-off. A pound treats 5 bushels. **Lb., 85c; 4¾ lbs., \$3.35, postpaid.**



Running Jumbo Peanuts

Running Jumbo

The largest variety and especially adapted to light, sandy soil. Twenty-two pounds to the bushel. **Lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Treat Peanuts
with
Arasan

Treating Peanut seed with Arasan prevents much of the loss from rotting. Arasan increases the average stand of Peanuts by a third more plants from treated seed than from untreated seed. Cost less than 10c per acre for treating. **Oz., 20c; 8 ozs., 90c; 4 lbs., \$5.40, postpaid.**

Culture: Peanuts do well on most southern farm land, whether light, loamy or even sandy, providing lime is not lacking; for without an abundant supply of lime they cannot be successfully grown, 1200 to 1500 pounds being often put upon an acre, with good results. Soils rich in marl, of course, require no liming. Plant in May or early June, the dwarf varieties in 2½-foot rows and the running varieties in 3-foot rows, dropping one nut every 10 to 12 inches in the rows, covering 1 to 1½ inches deep, and the Peanuts should be shelled before planting. If large quantities are to be planted, a regular Peanut planter should be used. When the vines are started, thorough cultivation must begin, and continue until just before the nuts begin to form. Do not cultivate too late in the season, as late cultivation is likely to injure the formation of the nuts. For an acre, from 1 to 2 bushels in the hull, according to size.

Mammoth Virginia Bunch. This is by far the most profitable of dwarf varieties, the nuts are almost as showy as those of the Running Jumbo. Twenty-two pounds to the bushel. **Lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Spanish. Land which would not make 10% of a crop of the Jumbo will often produce excellent bunch Spanish nuts, they require very little cultivation. Are easily gathered, the nuts clinging firmly to the roots at harvest, and no kind cures so readily. Immense quantities are now grown simply for hogs, hardly any food being more fattening or wholesome. Thirty pounds to the bushel. **Lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.00, postpaid.**

Certified Coker 100. (Medium Boll). An early dwarf variety with well formed fruiting branches and thin dark green foliage. The bolls are round ovate, slightly pointed, and open wide. About 70 to the pound. The lint is 1 1-16 inches in length, and will run 36 to 38%. **Peck, \$1.00, postpaid; bu., \$3.00, not prepaid.**

Certified Trice. (Medium Boll). Although a few days later than Coker 100 in maturing, this fine Georgia selection has been making wonderful yields every year since its introduction, and competent judges believe it to be the best type of Prolific in cultivation. It is of rank growth and resists drought better than most kinds. **Peck, \$1.00, postpaid; bu., \$3.00, not prepaid.**

Certified Mexican Big Boll. (Large Boll). One of the best of the "big boll" varieties. It is early, the lint is of splendid quality and it has been found to resist drought particularly well. **Peck, \$1.00, postpaid; bu., \$3.00, not prepaid.**

FLAX

Flax is very sensitive to cold and should not be sown until all danger of frost is past. When sown for the fiber, two bushels are usually sown to an acre. **Lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$3.00, postpaid.**

PEANUTS

Treat Peanuts
with
Arasan

AUSTRIAN WINTER PEAS

Considered by some southern growers equal to Hairy Vetch as a winter hay crop or for improving the soil. In the South they mature earlier than Vetch, making it possible to follow the Peas with cotton. They should be planted in Sept. or Oct., and can usually be plowed under in time for spring crop. They may also be planted in Feb. for forage crop. Bushel, 60 lbs. For an acre, when sown alone, 60 lbs. When sown with one bu. of rye or two bu. of oats, 30 lbs. **Pk., \$1.65, postpaid.**

COW PEAS

One of the cheapest and best crops for hay and improving the soil.

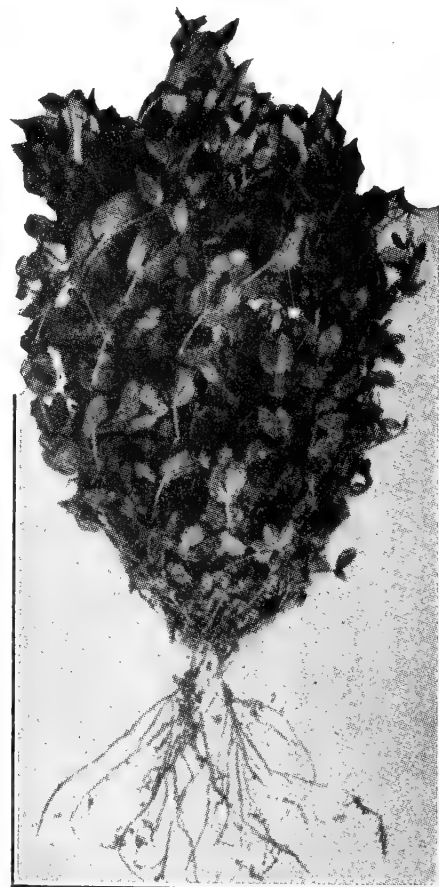
Sow in May, June or July. 60 lbs. to the bushel; 1 to 1½ bushels per acre.

Black. (90 days). A popular, low growing vining pea. Equally good for forage, turning under, growing in corn, or for hog pasture. Also used for culinary purposes. **Lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c; 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.50, postpaid.**

Gray Crowder, Blue Goose, or Taylor. (75 days). An early speckled variety sold under many names, of upright growth and long vine. It also makes a heavy yield of shelled Peas. **Lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c; 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.50, postpaid.**

Clay. (85 days). A late variety of running habit and medium vine. A good sort for improving the soil. **Lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c; 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.50, postpaid.**

Mixed. (80 days). In many instances, mixed Cow Peas grow thicker and produce a better crop of vines and forage than single varieties sown alone. When grown for soil improvement only, we recommend mixed Cow Peas. **Lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c; 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.50, postpaid.**



Austrian Winter Peas



Dwarf Essex Rape

RAPE, DWARF ESSEX

An excellent forage plant for poultry and all kinds of stock, especially sheep and hogs. Grows with wonderful rapidity, being usually ready for pasturage in 6 or 8 weeks, and will thrive in almost any soil. Do not turn stock into a Rape pasture when very hungry or when the Rape is wet, as it may cause bloating. The stock should have access at all times to plenty of salt. When young, Rape makes a delicious, tender, sweet salad, and is often sown solely for this purpose. Sow $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep from early summer until late fall, either in rows or broadcast. When sown broadcast, it requires 6 to 8 lbs., in 3-ft. rows, 3 lbs. **Lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.50, postpaid.** (Write for prices in larger quantities.)

SUNFLOWER

Mammoth Russian. This variety is a great improvement on the native Sunflower and it is adapted to almost any soil and situation. Poultry are extremely fond of the seed, and when thus fed fatten more rapidly, perhaps, than on any other food. Plant one inch deep in rows three or four feet apart, leaving 18 inches between the hills, and cultivate the same as corn. When the seeds are hard, cut off the heads and pile them loosely in a well-ventilated place to cure; they may then be easily threshed out and cleaned. For an acre six pounds. **Lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.50, postpaid.** (Write for prices in larger quantities.)

VETCH, WINTER or HAIRY

After the most thorough tests, the best informed farmers now consider *Vicia villosa* (Winter Vetch) one of the most valuable forage plants within the reach of southern farmers. Good authorities claim that it will yield from six to ten tons of green food to the acre, and its nutritive value has been determined to be much greater than clover. It makes good and easily-cured hay, and is perfectly hardy, thriving on poor, arid, sandy soils, while on rich soil it makes a growth of five or more feet. Any kind of grain may be sown with it, to support the vines, but rye or oats will be found more satisfactory, and we think particularly good results will be obtained from 20 pounds of Vetch with one bushel of Oats per acre, sown in September or early October. It is available for use a remarkably long time, as it is green through the winter and remains in condition until the middle of July, all stock eating it with the greatest relish. May be cut very early in spring, thus releasing ground for other early crop. For an acre, 60 lbs. When sown alone, 80 lbs. per acre. Write for prices.

TOBACCO

Tait's Tobacco Seed is treated as recommended by the Virginia Agricultural Experiment Station.

Culture: 1 oz. of Tobacco will sow 50 sq. yds., and produce approximately 10,000 plants. In making the seed bed, select a fertile piece of ground, which should be burned over to destroy grass, weeds, insects, etc. The seed should be broadcast over the surface in February, and should be protected by plant bed cloth to keep off tobacco flies. The plants should be set out when large enough (about June 1st) in rows $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. wide, leaving 3 ft. between the plants. Constant care must be given to cultivation, suckering and keeping the plants free of worms.

Gold Dollar. This variety is adapted to a wide range of soil, but does best on sandy soil. The growth is rather tall, with wide leaves of good length. It is of the priming type, and has a high grade smoking leaf. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00, postpaid.**

Gold Leaf. A disease-resistant bright tobacco combining good weight and color. The leaves are tapering, well spaced on the stalk, and of good quality. Cures into a good bright tobacco for either cutters or wrappers. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00, postpaid.**

Bonanza. An improved strain of Hickory Pryor, and on the sandy soils of the eastern bright belt, makes the highest class bright leaf. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00, postpaid.**

Warne. One of the best bright tobaccos. The leaf is long, of silky quality, good breadth, and well spaced on the stalk. Easily cures to a bright color, and is of good quality and weight. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00, postpaid.**

BLACK EYE and other EDIBLE PEAS

While sometimes used for forage and soil improvement, Black Eye Peas are also used for the table, and usually bring good prices, both in the green and dry state.

Ramshorn. (75 days). This is a favorite Black Eye Pea coming in just after the Extra Early, and is very popular with small market gardeners, as it nearly always commands a good price in the green state. **Lb., 30c; 2 lbs., 55c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.80, postpaid.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)

Early Wilt-Resistant

Ramshorn. (65 days). Extremely prolific for its small upright vine. Best Black Eye variety for early market. **Lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 60c; 5 lbs., \$1.10; 10 lbs., \$1.90, postpaid.** (Write for prices in larger quantities.)

Large Wilt-Resistant

Ramshorn. (70 days). Probably the most vigorous and heaviest yielding Black Eye Pea. **Lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 60c; 5 lbs., \$1.10; 10 lbs., \$1.90, postpaid.** (Write for prices in larger quantities.)

Brown or Cream, Crowder.

(65 days). An early prolific variety preferred by many as the best table sort. The Peas are generally of good size and delicious flavor. Also good for forage crop and improving the soil. **Lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.30; 10 lbs., \$2.00, postpaid.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)

CANADA FIELD PEAS

60 lbs. to the bushel

These are very valuable for stock feeding, and are being more largely used each season. They are planted at the rate of two bushels to the acre broadcast, being usually sown with oats, a combination which is extremely satisfactory. A bushel and a half of each to the acre is sufficient, the Peas, of course, being plowed into the usual depth and the oats put in afterwards with a harrow. Sowings may be made as early as February in ordinary years, and it is usually safe to put them in at any time up to the middle of March. They make a quick growth and produce an immense amount of the best forage at a time when feed is apt to be particularly scarce. When grown with oats they are very easily cured, and all kinds of stock are fond of the hay, the nutritive value of which is remarkably high. **Pkt., \$1.35; bu., \$4.50.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)

GRASSES AND CLOVER

The ideal time for sowing Grass and Clover Seeds, in the latitude of Norfolk, is from March to May in the spring and from September to November in the fall, except where noted.

As a rule, most people are far too careless with regard to the quality of the grass and clover seeds they buy. It requires an experienced eye to detect the various grades of these seeds, and, indeed, it is no uncommon thing for us to meet persons who are entirely ignorant of the fact that different grades exist. To them clover is clover, whether it be old or new, pure or full of noxious weeds. Like everything else, grasses and clovers may be had to order at any price, but the farmer who thinks that he has saved money by buying cheap seeds need feel no surprise if he fails in getting a stand, or if his fields are covered the next season with weeds previously unknown. The purity and germination of our grass and clover seeds may be relied upon with the same confidence that is universally felt with regard to our garden and flower seeds.

Special Grass Mixtures For Meadows and Pastures

No. 1. Pasture Mixture for light sandy soil. Composed of grasses and clovers including Tall Meadow Oat Grass, Red Top or Herd's Serecia, Korean and Common Lespedeza. (Write for prices.)

No. 2. Pasture Mixture for good loam soil. Composed of grasses and clovers, including Kentucky Blue Grass, Red Top, Orchard Grass, Meadow Fescue, White Dutch Clover, Red Clover, Alfalfa, and Lespedezas. (Write for prices.)

No. 3. Pasture Mixture for heavy soil. Composed of grasses and clovers, including Kentucky Blue Grass, Carpet Grass, Meadow Fescue, White Dutch Clover, Red Clover, Alfalfa, and Lespedezas. (Write for prices.)



No. 4. Pasture Mixture for low land. Composed of grasses and clovers, including a predominant amount of Meadow Fescue, Red Top, Carpet Grass, Timothy, Alsike Clover and Lespedezas. (Write for prices.)

Grasses

On all items below, write for prices on larger quantities

Bent, Agrostis Tenuis. (Astoria Creeping). Rapid-growing grass. Its short growth, spreading habit, deep green and fine-leaved foliage make it very useful for fine lawns and putting greens. Prefers a moist soil. Height, 12 to 18 inches. Bu., 16 lbs. Sow 35 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.50; 10 lbs., \$10.00, postpaid.**

Bent, Colonial. (Agrostis Capillaris). Sometimes called Brown Top and nearly identical with Rhode Island Bent. Makes excellent turf and is permanent in cool climates under close cutting. **Lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.50; 10 lbs., \$10.00, postpaid.**

Bent, Agrostis Palustris. (Seaside Creeping). Another useful grass for lawns, although the foliage is not so deep as the above variety. Adapts itself to almost any soil, and spreads by means of surface runners. Height, 12 to 18 inches. Bu., 16 lbs. Sow 35 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.50; 10 lbs., \$10.00, postpaid.**

Bermuda. (Cynodon Dactylon). For hot and dry locations in the South, this variety is well adapted. Does best when sown in warm weather, preferably in May and June. Height, 6 to 12 inches. Bu., 36 lbs. Sow 15 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 65c; 5 lbs., \$3.00; 10 lbs., \$5.50, postpaid.**

Blue, Canada. (Poa Compressa). A hardy perennial grass adapted to sandy and gravelly soils. For pasture and dairy use and well adapted to the eastern and middle states. Height, 10 to 18 inches. Bu., 14 lbs. Sow 40 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 65c; 5 lbs., \$3.00; 10 lbs., \$5.50, postpaid.**

Blue, Kentucky. (Poa Pratensis). This well known species requires several years to become thoroughly established, but when once well set, will last indefinitely and improve each year, enduring the hottest summer. While of too short a growth for hay, as a pasture grass it is extremely valuable, very productive, and nutritious. Its smooth, even growth, spreading habit, fine texture and rich green color make it one of the best grasses for lawns. Height, 10 to 18 inches. Bu., 21 lbs. Sow 35 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 65c; 5 lbs., \$3.00; 10 lbs., \$5.50, postpaid.**

Millet. (See page 40).

Lawn Grass. (See inside front cover).

Herd's Grass. (See Red Top, page 45).

Carpet Grass. Known also as Louisiana Grass, and recommended for the Coastal Plain area of the South for pasture grass. It should be sown in the South for pasture grass only. It should be sown from early spring until early summer. It is strictly a pasture grass and does splendidly when sown with Japan Clover. Bu., 28 lbs. Sow 15 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.65; 10 lbs., \$5.15, postpaid.**

Crested Dog's-Tail. (Cynosurus Cristatus). A useful variety for pastures, and a splendid grass for fine lawns. Does well in shaded situations. Height, 12 to 18 inches. Bu., 30 lbs. Sow 30 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.10; 10 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid. (Sold Out)**

Fescue, Chewings. (Festuca Rubra). This creeping-rooted species thrives on all sorts of soils, forming a close and lasting turf. Is very valuable as a lawn grass for shady spots. Height, 18 to 24 inches. Bu., 22 lbs. Sow 40 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.75; 10 lbs., \$9.00, postpaid.**

Fescue Meadow. (English Blue Grass). (Festuca Pratensis). For permanent pasture or for hay, Meadow Fescue will prove very satisfactory. It does not attain its full productive power until 2 or 3 years after sowing. Succeeds best in cold, moist light soil. Height, 3 feet. Bu., 22 lbs. Sow 40 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$2.00; 10 lbs., \$3.75, postpaid.**

Oat, Tall Meadow. (Avena Elatior). This very and luxuriant growth and in the Southern States is very much used for pastures and hay. It is much relished by cattle. Height, 24 to 36 inches. Bu., 12 lbs. Sow 40 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 55c; 5 lbs., \$2.50; 10 lbs., \$4.50, postpaid.**

Orchard. (Dactylis Glomerata). Most employed in permanent meadows, either for pasture or mowing. Very hardy, and thrives better than any other grass in nearly all sorts of climate and soil. The hay is of excellent quality, and it will endure considerable shade. Cutting should be done while in flower, as stalks tend to mature hard. Height, 24 to 36 inches. Bu., 14 lbs. Sow 35 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 55c; 5 lbs., \$2.50; 10 lbs., \$4.50, postpaid.**

The market prices of Grasses and Clovers are constantly changing; quotations by mail or wire furnished upon application. In large quantities they are sold strictly net cash, "F. O. B. Norfolk," quotations subject to change without notice.

GRASSES—Continued

On all items below, write for prices on larger quantities

Randall. (See Meadow Fescue.)

Red Top, or Herd's. (*Agrostis Vulgaris*). While this hardy native perennial grass does best on moist soils, it, however, will do well on a variety of soils, even in dry situations. Sown alone or in mixture, it makes a very fine permanent pasture. Height, 18 to 30 inches. Bu., 40 lbs. Sow 15 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.25, postpaid.**

Rye, English Perennial. (*Lolium Perenne*). Succeeds well on almost all cultivated soils, and produces a strong growth 4 to 5 weeks after sowing. Height, 18 to 30 inches. Bu., 28 lbs. Sow 50 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.00, postpaid.**

Rye, Italian. (*Lolium Italicum*). While lasting only one year, this rapid-growing and productive grass is coming more and more into general use, especially for winter and spring grazing. It thrives on almost any soil. Height, 18 to 30 ins. Bu., 24 lbs. Sow 50 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 95c; 10 lbs., \$1.75, postpaid.**

Rough Stalk Meadow. (*Poa Trivialis*). A fine leaved grass, and one of the few varieties that thrive in shady situations. Resistant to drought. Height, 15 to 20 inches. Bu., 25 lbs. Sow 35 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 85c; 5 lbs., \$4.00; 10 lbs., \$7.50, postpaid.**

Timothy. (*Phleum Pratense*). This well-known grass succeeds best in strong, rich clay soils, but yields well on any land which is not excessively dry and sandy. Generally sown by itself, but often mixed with clover and red top. Height, 18 to 30 in. Bu., 40 lbs. Sow 15 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 75c; 10 lbs., \$1.25, postpaid.**

Wood Meadow. (*Poa Nemoralis*). The deep green color, exceptionally fine leaf and stalk, and its special fitness for shaded places make this variety a splendid kind for shaded lawns, and woodland parks. Height, 18 to 20 inches. Bu., 19 lbs. Sow 30 lbs. to the acre. **(Sold Out)**



Red Top or Herd's Grass

Special Mixtures for Golf Links and Polo Grounds

Tait's Golf Links Mixture. A mixture of hardy grasses, adapted to golf courses. **\$8.00 per bu. of 20 lbs., delivered.**

Tait's Putting Green Mixture. A mixture of extra fine grasses that will make a close, firm, green, lasting turf, improving with trampling. **\$10.00 per bu. of 20 lbs., delivered.**

Tait's Fair-Way Mixture. A mixture for the ground in general. **\$8.00 per bu. of 20 lbs., delivered.**

Tait's Polo-Ground Mixture. A mixture of fine-leaved and deep-rooting grasses, forming a strong and lasting turf that stands hard usage. **\$8.00 per bu. of 20 lbs., delivered.**

CLOVERS

On all items below, write for prices on larger quantities

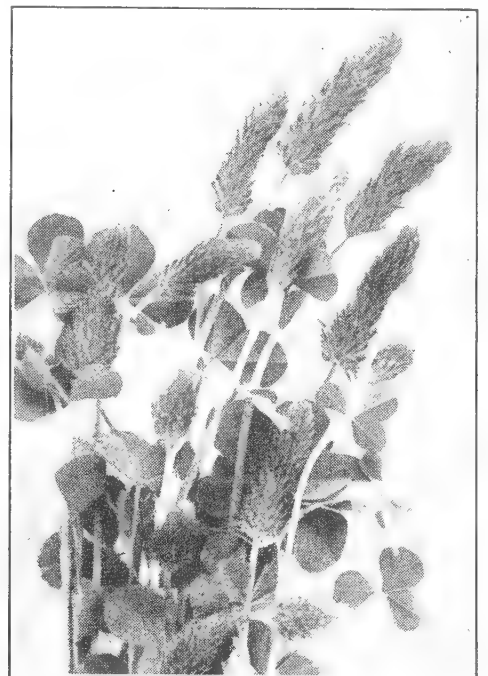
Alfalfa or Lucerne. (*Medicago Sativa*). One can hardly estimate the value of Alfalfa where it succeeds, as the yield per acre each season is generally four or five cuttings of about two tons each. The hay is remarkably palatable and the feeding value has been scientifically estimated to be worth nearly twice that of the very best Timothy. Droughts which would either destroy or quite stop the growth of ordinary plants have no effect upon Alfalfa, as its roots penetrate to astonishing depths in search of moisture, and the effect upon the land is highly beneficial. Alfalfa can be sown in either fall or spring. The cleaner the ground, the better the stand will be, as young Alfalfa is so slender and delicate that it is easily smothered by weeds. Sow on deep, well-drained, good loamy land. Alfalfa will not grow on acid soils, and to correct this condition, spread 1 to 1½ tons of finely ground lime to the acre after plowing, and a few weeks before sowing. Cutting should be done always as blooming begins. Bu., 60 lbs. Sow 30 to 40 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.65; 10 lbs., \$5.25, postpaid.**

Alsike. (*Trifolium Hybridum*). A very hardy variety and will withstand extremes of heat, drought and cold better than any other clover. Owing to its tendency of lying down on the ground and its somewhat bitter taste, it should always be sown in mixture with other clovers and grasses. Does well on soil which is too acid or moist for other clovers. Bu., 60 lbs. Sow 12 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.35; 10 lbs., \$4.50, postpaid.**

Crimson. (*Trifolium Incarnatum*). This valuable annual variety grows from 1½ to 3 feet high, and has long cone-shaped, dark red blossoms. The stem is smaller than that of Red Clover and is apt to fall over unless supported by Rye or some stronger plant. Sowing is begun during the last of July and continues until the last of October. Farther south it can be sown later. A common practice is to sow the seeds in furrows of corn and cotton fields at the time of the last cultivation. A mixture of Rye and Clover makes good winter pasture. Bu., 60 lbs. Sow 20 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.25, postpaid.**

Black Medic. This clover has a beautiful dark green color, does well on most soils, and grows vigorously during cold weather. An excellent cover and soil improving legume, maturing a little later than Crimson Clover. Mixed with Lespedeza, makes a good winter or early spring grazing or hay, as it is relished by all livestock. 1 bu., 60 lbs. Sow 15 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; 10 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid.**

The market prices of Grasses and Clovers are constantly changing; quotations by mail or wire furnished upon application. In large quantities they are sold strictly net cash, "F.O.B. Norfolk." All quotations subject to change without notice.



Crimson Clover

CLOVERS—Continued

Korean Lespedeza. This variety is an annual and particularly adapted for high altitudes where ordinary Japan Clover will not reseed. It is also earlier, grows more rapidly, and has larger foliage. Bu., 25 lbs. Sow 25 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 90c; 10 lbs., \$1.65, postpaid.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)

Japan Lespedeza. This variety of Lespedeza thrives in most any soil in the south. Its most valuable quality is its ability to last through the dryest seasons in soils which would support nothing else. It is an annual and often used in mixtures with Carpet Grass for pastures. Bu., 25 lbs. Sow 25 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$3.00, postpaid.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)

Kobe Lespedeza. A late annual variety of spreading growth, but when sown thickly, stands up well. A mixture of this and Korean will lengthen the grazing season. 1 bu., 25 lbs. Sow 25 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$3.00, postpaid.**

Tenn. 76 Lespedeza. A late maturing strain of annual Japan or Common Lespedeza that grows taller and yields more hay. 1 bu., 25 lbs. Sow 25 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$3.00, postpaid.**

Serecia Lespedeza. A perennial variety of this useful clover that is becoming very popular. The seed should be scarified before planting. For an acre, 3 to 5 lbs. when sowed in rows; 25 lbs. broadcast. **Lb. 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; 10 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)



Medium Red Clover

Red, Medium. (Trifolium Pratense). This well-known clover is indispensable on every well-managed farm. It not only furnishes fine pasturage and excellent hay crops, but it is one of the cheapest and most effective mediums for improving worn-out land. Its enormous root development greatly loosens and ventilates the earth and the turning under of the entire plant is very beneficial on account of the humus obtained. Red Clover on good land will yield two cuttings a year, and should be cut for hay when in full bloom. Bu., 60 lbs. Sow 15 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 55c; 5 lbs., \$2.75; 10 lbs., \$5.00, postpaid.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)

Virginia Northern Neck Medium. We can also furnish Virginia Northern Neck Medium Red Clover, resistant to anthracnose or wilt. 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.40; 10 lbs., \$4.75, postpaid.

Red, Mammoth. (Trifolium Pratense Perenne). Known also as Pea-Vine, Sapling Clover, and Cow Grass. It is a vigorous perennial, and grows from 4 to 6 feet high. The stalk is coarse when cured, and stock usually reject all except the leaves. Bu., 60 lbs. Sow 15 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 55c; 5 lbs., \$2.75; 10 lbs., \$5.00, postpaid.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)

White Dutch. (Trifolium Repens). Every permanent pasture should have some White Clover. It is adapted to all soils, and makes a small, close compact growth like a carpet. Bu., 60 lbs. Sow 10 lbs. to an acre. **Lb., \$1.50; 5 lbs., \$7.25; 10 lbs., \$14.00, postpaid.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)

Ladino. A mammoth strain of White Clover that grows twice as large as ordinary White Dutch Clover. It is a long lived perennial, with very deep tap root, and the stems run along on the ground taking root. It is excellent for grazing, and will also produce a large crop of palatable hay. 1 lb., \$2.85; 5 lbs., \$13.75; 10 lbs., \$26.50.

Sweet White Blooming. (Melilotus Alba). This biennial clover is adapted to almost any kind of soil, grows from 3 to 5 feet high, and on rich soil, can be cut three times. Bu., 60 lbs. Sow 15 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.25, postpaid.** (Write for prices on larger quantities.)

Alyce Clover. A summer annual, re-seeding itself each fall, and volunteering the following summer. It grows taller than Lespedeza, and is good for either hay or pasture. It is also a soil building legume, and does well on most soils that are not too sandy or wet. Sow 15 lbs. to the acre. **Lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; 10 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid.**

**APPROX. 70,000,000 LBS. OF AIR-NITROGEN
ABOVE EVERY ACRE. THIS IS AVAILABLE
FREE FOR SOIL AND CROP IMPROVEMENT IF YOU
CONVERT LEGUME SEEDS
INTO FERTILIZER PLANTS**

Inoculating by **NITRAGIN** with
SINCE 1898

ALFALFA RED CLOVER
SWT. CLOVER COWPEAS
PEAS VETCH
A.W. PEAS SOYBEANS
LESPEDeza PEANUTS
BEANS ALL-
LEGUMES

BUILD UP YOUR SOIL Inoculate Your Legumes
With **NITRAGIN**
Inoculate your Legume seeds even tho planted on
fields that have been inoculated before. Field tests
have shown that better crops are harvested when
Legume seeds are inoculated even when planted on
fields where inoculated seeds of the same Legume
crops had grown the previous year.

1946 NITRAGIN INOCULATION PRICES
When Ordering, ALWAYS State Name of Seed

<p>ALFALFA Sweet, Bur, Hubam Clovers</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <th>Size</th> <th>Retail</th> </tr> <tr> <td>1 bu. ea.</td> <td>\$.50</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2½ bu. ea.</td> <td>1.00</td> </tr> </table> <p>CLOVERS Medium & Mammoth Red, Alsike, Crimson & White Clovers</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>1 bu. ea.</td> <td>\$.50</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2½ bu. ea.</td> <td>1.00</td> </tr> </table> <p>PEAS (All Varieties) 100 lb. size (Inoculates up to 100 lbs.) ea. \$.50 1200 lb. size ea. 5.70 (12-100 lb. size cans)</p> <p>BEANS—Navy, Pinto, Wax, String, Kidney, Gr. Northern 1 bu. ea. \$.35</p> <p>LESPEDeza Hulled or Unhulled 100 lb. size (Inoculates up to 100 lbs. seed) \$.50</p>	Size	Retail	1 bu. ea.	\$.50	2½ bu. ea.	1.00	1 bu. ea.	\$.50	2½ bu. ea.	1.00	<p>PEANUTS, LIMA BEANS, COW PEAS</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <th>Size</th> <th>Retail</th> </tr> <tr> <td>Small (Inoculates up to 120 lbs. seed)</td> <td>\$.30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5 bu. ea.</td> <td>.55</td> </tr> <tr> <td>25 bu. (one can) ea.</td> <td>2.50</td> </tr> <tr> <td>30 bu. (one ctn.) ea.</td> <td>3.25</td> </tr> </table> <p>(Contains 6-5 bu. cans)</p> <p>SOYBEANS (All Varieties) Small (Inoculates up to 120 lbs. seed)</p>	Size	Retail	Small (Inoculates up to 120 lbs. seed)	\$.30	5 bu. ea.55	25 bu. (one can) ea.	2.50	30 bu. (one ctn.) ea.	3.25
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NITRAGIN—Oldest and Most Widely Used Inoculator in America

IT PAYS TO INOCULATE ALL CLOVERS WITH NITRAGIN

FERTILIZERS -- LIME -- PEAT MOSS

Prices subject to change without notice. Write for prices on larger quantities.

👉 All prices f.o.b. at our store, Norfolk, Va. 👈

Aluminum Sulphate. Used in creating acid soil in which Azaleas, Rhododendrons, and similar plants are to be grown. Use 1 pound to each 10 square feet of surface. 5 lbs., 35c; 10 lbs., 65c; 25 lbs., \$1.15; 100 lbs., \$3.85.

Bonemeal. An all-purpose fertilizer rich in nitrogen and phosphoric acid. Excellent for lawns, roses and shrubs. 5 lbs., 30c; 10 lbs., 50c; 25 lbs., 95c; 100 lbs., \$3.75.

Canada Hardwood Ashes. A fertilizer rich in potash, and excellent for plants like Dahlias, Delphinium and Lilies, which require an alkaline soil condition. 5 lbs., 25c; 10 lbs., 40c; 25 lbs., 75c; 100 lbs., \$2.25.

Cotton Seed Meal. A valuable fertilizer, rich in ammonia and potash, and an excellent top-dressing for lawns. 5 lbs., 45c; 10 lbs., 85c; 25 lbs., \$1.55; 100 lbs., \$3.95.

Cow Manure, Wizard Brand (Pulverized). A natural fertilizer, splendid for roses and perennials. Especially good for applying in the late spring and summer. 5 lbs., 45c; 10 lbs., 75c; 25 lbs., \$1.25; 100 lbs., \$3.50.

Tait's Victory Garden Fertilizer. Recommended for vegetables and flowers. 5 lbs., 40c; 10 lbs., 75c; 25 lbs., \$1.25; 100 lbs., \$3.25.

Muriate of Potash. An essential fertilizer for the proper development of all root crops. 5 lbs., 45c; 10 lbs., 85c; 25 lbs., \$1.35; 100 lbs., \$3.75.

Nitrate of Soda. The most available inorganic form of nitrogen, and used principally for forcing plant growth. 5 lbs., 30c; 10 lbs., 50c; 25 lbs., 75c; 100 lbs., \$2.75.

Phosphoric Acid. (16% Acid Phosphate). Principally used where rapid development of plants, with corresponding stimulation of flower production is desired. 5 lbs., 25c; 10 lbs., 40c; 25 lbs., 60c; 100 lbs., \$1.50.

Sheep Manure, Wizard Brand (Pulverized). An all-around natural fertilizer for vegetables or flowers, but should not be applied in warm weather. 5 lbs., 45c; 10 lbs., 65c; 25 lbs., \$1.10; 100 lbs., \$3.25.

Sulphate of Ammonia. A nitrogenous stimulant that is desirable for lawns, as it causes rapid growth, and will kill out broad-leaved weeds. 5 lbs., 35c; 10 lbs., 55c; 25 lbs., 95c; 100 lbs., \$3.25.

Sulphate of Potash. Highly recommended for plants requiring acid soil condition, like rhododendrons and azaleas. 5 lbs., 45c; 10 lbs., 85c; 25 lbs., \$1.25; 100 lbs., \$3.85.

Plantabbs. A concentrated plant food in tablet form. Package of 30 tablets, 25c; 75 tablets, 50c; 200 tablets, \$1.00; 1000 tablets, \$3.50.

Tait's Dahlia-Gro. A fertilizer especially prepared for Dahlias. 5 lbs., 35c; 10 lbs., 65c; 25 lbs., \$1.15; 100 lbs., \$3.50.

Tait's Rose-Gro. A fertilizer especially prepared for growing roses. 5 lbs., 40c; 10 lbs., 75c; 25 lbs., \$1.45; 100 lbs., \$3.85.

ADCO. A preparation for turning the compost pile or other vegetable refuse, grass clippings, leaves, etc., into clean, odorless manure in about 3 months. Use 1 pound to each bushel of material. 7½ lbs., \$1.00; 25 lbs., \$1.75.

GARDEN LIME. Calcium Oxide, 50%; Magnesium Oxide, 20%. Splendid for sweetening the soil. 10 lbs., 35c; 50 lbs., 75c; 100 lbs., \$1.25.

PEAT MOSS. Used extensively for gardens and lawns. Also used as a summer and winter mulch for plant protection. Standard bale, \$4.25; 5 bu., \$1.95; bu., 60c.

DR. HESS PRODUCTS

for the protection of your Livestock and Poultry

(ALL PRICES POSTPAID)

For Poultry

Dr. Hess Poultry Pan-A-Min. 1½-lb. pkg., 40c; 3-lb. pkg., 65c; 7-lb. pkg., \$1.30.

Coxitrol. 1 lb., 90c.

Nicozine. 40-tablet pkg., 55c; 100-tablet pkg., \$1.10; 250-tablet pkg., \$2.15.

Dr. Hess Liquid Louse Killer. 5-oz. bottle, \$1.20.

Dr. Hess Chick Tablets. 1 pkg., 30c

Dr. Hess Poultry Tablets. 30c and 60c per pkg.

Sofenate—All-Round Farm Disinfectant. 1-lb. pkg., \$1.20.

Dr. Hess Dip and Disinfectant. 12-oz. bottle, 65c; quart, 90c; gal., \$2.00

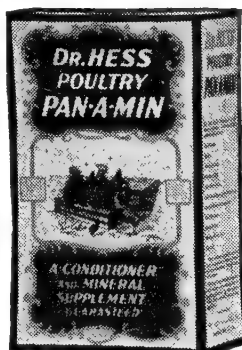
For Hogs

Dr. Hess Hog Special. 1½ lb., 40c; 3 lbs., 65c; 7 lbs., \$1.25.

PTZ Pellets—8 gram, \$2.35; 13.5 gram, \$3.60

Sofenate—All-Round Farm Disinfectant. 1-lb. pkg., \$1.20.

Dr. Hess Dip and Disinfectant. 12-oz. bottle, 65c; quart, 90c; gal., \$2.00.



Descriptive
Circulars
Mailed
on Request

For Cattle

Dr. Hess Stock Tonic. 1½-lb. pkg., 40c; 3-lb. pkg., 65c; 7-lb. pkg., \$1.25.

Sofenate—All-Round Farm Disinfectant. 1-lb. pkg., \$1.20.

Dr. Hess Udder Ointment. 8-oz. jar, 65c.

Dr. Hess Powdered Louse Killer. 1-lb. pkg., 40c; 2½-lb. pkg., 75c.

For Sheep

PTZ Powder. 4-oz., 80c; 1 lb., \$1.70.

PTZ Pellets—8 gram, \$2.35; 13.5 gram, \$3.60.

Dr. Hess Stock Tonic. 1½-lb. pkg., 40c; 3-lb. pkg., 65c; 7-lb. pkg., \$1.25.

Sofenate—All-Round Farm Disinfectant. 1-lb. pkg., \$1.20.

For Horses

Dr. Hess Stock Tonic. 1½-lb. pkg., 40c; 3-lb. pkg., 65c; 7-lb. pkg., \$1.25.

Dr. Hess Medicated Powder. 4 oz., 30c.

Tait's Thorobred

Full Directions for Sowing Seeds Under Culture A, B, C, etc., Will Be Found On Page 50



Arctotis Grandis

ABRONIA

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
June to frost

A charming trailing annual with clusters of verberna-like heads of fragrant lilac-pink flowers. Useful for porch boxes, hanging baskets or rock work. Will grow in sunny situations. Height 8 inches....Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c

ACONITUM

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
May and June

Napellus. A hardy perennial producing long spikes of curiously shaped blue flowers. Well adapted for planting among shrubbery. Height 3½ feet.....Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.50
Mixed Colors.....Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.00

ACROCLINIUM

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
June to frost

Popular daisy-like strawflower or everlasting. The flowers should be cut when in bud, the stems stripped of leaves, and hung in a cool place to dry. Useful for winter bouquets. Height, 18 inches.

Double Mixed.....Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c

AGERATUM

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
June to frost

A splendid annual, bearing its dense clusters of small fuzzy blossoms all summer. Does well in nearly all locations and soil. May be used alone or for beds.

Fairy Pink. Soft, salmon-rose pink. Height 5 ins.....Pkt., 25c; oz., \$7.00

Blue Ball. Deep amethyst-blue. Height 8 inches.....Pkt., 15c; oz., \$4.00

Midget Blue. Fine dwarf compact rich blue. Height 6 inches.

Pkt., 15c

AGROSTEMMA

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
June to October

Coronaria. The silvery foliage forms a pleasing background for the blood-red, white and violet small button-shaped flowers. Height 2 feet.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c

ANCHUSA

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
June to October

Capensis, Blue Bird (Cape-forget-me-not). A pretty annual, blooming all summer. Large forget-me-not like flowers of purest blue, on slender stems with small foliage. Very attractive in beds and fine for cutting. Height 18 inches...Pkt., 10c; oz., 80c

Alyssum

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
May to November

A popular hardy annual of easy culture. Splendid for rock gardens or edgings for beds and borders. The fragrant, delicate, small flowers bloom in profusion throughout the summer and autumn.

Carpet of Snow. A very select strain, growing about 4 inches high, and often 12 to 18 inches in diameter. A bed in bloom has the appearance of a carpet of snow.....Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 45c; ½ oz., 75c

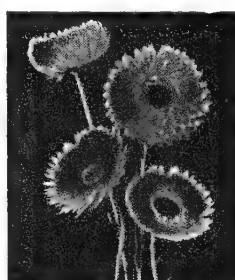
Violet Queen. Compact plants with sweet scented violet flowers. Height 5 inches.....Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 45c; ½ oz., 75c

Lilac Queen. A distinct dwarf annual variety with lilac flowers. Height 6 inches.....Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 60c

Saxatile Compactum (Basket of Gold) This variety is a perennial with bright yellow flowers, and is used principally for rock gardens and borders. Height 9 inches.....Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 45c; ½ oz., 75c



Anagallis



Acroclinium

AMARANTHUS

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
June to frost

Brilliant-foliaged annuals, some of the varieties bearing curious racemes of flowers. All are useful in borders of tall plants, or for the centers of large beds. They thrive in sunny locations and poor soil.

Caudatus (See Love-Lies-Bleeding).

Globosus (See Gomphrena).

Molten Fire. The most brilliant of this interesting family. The foliage is bronzy crimson, each branch terminating with a tuft of poinsettia-red leaves that look like molten fire. Height 3 feet....Pkt., 10c; oz., \$3.50

ANAGALLIS

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
June to October

An attractive annual that blooms all summer. The pretty five petaled flowers come in shades of blue, pink and lavender. Height 10 inches. Grandiflora. Mixed colors.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c

ANEMONE

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
April and May

A very beautiful perennial, with finely cut foliage, producing lovely saucer-shaped flowers in many shades of scarlet, blue, purple, and white; often over 2 inches in diameter. A splendid cut flower. Height 10 inches. Coronaria. Mixed colors.

Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.00

St. Brigid. A special selection of the above, with double and semi-double flowers. Mixed colors.

Pkt., 15c; oz., \$3.00

ANTIRRHINUM (See Snapdragon).
AQUILEGIA (See Columbine).

ARCTOTIS

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
June to October

A lovely South African annual with showy, daisy-shaped flowers more easily grown from seed than Gerberas and just as attractive. Height 2 feet. Grandis. White, blue eye.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c

Hybrids. Red and orange shades. Pkt., 15c; oz., \$4.50



Anemone St. Brigid

Flower Seeds

More interest is being taken each year in old-fashioned Perennials and Biennials, and they are so easily grown from seed that they should be in every garden. Our list includes those that are best adapted to our southern climate.

Perennials. These bloom from seed the second year, and come up in increasing numbers year after year. The stems die down each season after blooming, and come up each spring from the roots. In the latitude of Norfolk, time can be saved by sowing the seed in the early fall out-of-doors, setting the plants out when large enough. When this method is followed, they will bloom the following spring ahead of many Annuals. Many Perennials if sown in hotbeds in January, or out-of-doors early in April, will bloom the same year.

Biennials. The life of Biennials is two years. They grow from seed the first year, rest over the winter, bloom and bear seed the second season, and then die.

ARMERIA

Perennial—Culture “E”, Blooms
May to October

Formosa. A dwarf, compact perennial with grasslike foliage. The clover-like flower heads are bright rose, and are borne on long stems. Height 12 inches. Pkt. 10c; oz., \$1.00

BABY BLUE EYES

Annual—Culture “B”, Blooms
April and May

This annual is of compact habit of growth, and does well in shady places. The small, dainty flowers are of a beautiful sky-blue shading lighter toward the center. Height, 6 inches. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c; ½ oz., 45c

BABY'S BREATH

Annual—Culture “B”, Blooms
May to October

An attractive annual producing quantities of graceful, small, delicate flowers in white on long stems. For continuous bloom plant every ten days. Splendid for mixed bouquets. **Covent Garden (White)** Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c; oz., 50c

BABY'S BREATH

Perennial—Culture “E”, Blooms
April to September

A pretty free flowering perennial, with misty white and pink panicles, and used largely in mixed bouquets. **Paniculata.** Single white. Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c

Paniculata. Double white. Pkt., 15c; oz., \$3.50

BACHELOR BUTTON

(See Cornflower; Gomphrena).

BASKET OF GOLD (See Alyssum).

BELLFLOWER (See Platycodon).

BALSAM

Annual—Culture “A”, Blooms
June to October

This old garden favorite is sometimes called “Touch-me-not.” It has been improved so that it is one of our showiest annuals. The plants grow 2 feet high, and lovely double flowers that measure 2½ inches across nestle among the rich green foliage. It is easy to grow, and will succeed in almost any good soil. **Camellia-Flowered.** Beautiful double flowers of extra size. Mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.25

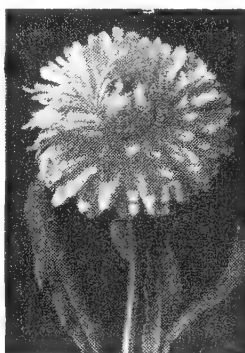
BLUE LACE FLOWER

Annual—Culture “B”, Blooms
June to November

A pretty annual with dainty lace-like delicate lavender-blue flower heads 2½ inches across. Height, 1½ feet Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.25



Calendula
Campfire



Chrysanthema

BELLIS PERENNIS

Biennial—Culture “G”, Blooms
April to July

The double English Daisy. A biennial which must be sown each year from seed. Useful for combining with pansies and forget-me-nots in borders. Height, 6 inches. **Monstrosa.** Large double flowers. Red, White, Rose Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.75

Mixed Colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.25

BIDENS HUMILIS

(See Yellow Cosmos).

BLACK-EYED SUSAN

(See Thunbergia).

BLUE BONNET

(See Scabiosa Caucasica).

BLUE BONNET

(See Annual Lupins).

BLUETS

(See Cornflower).

BLUE SAGE

(See Salvia).

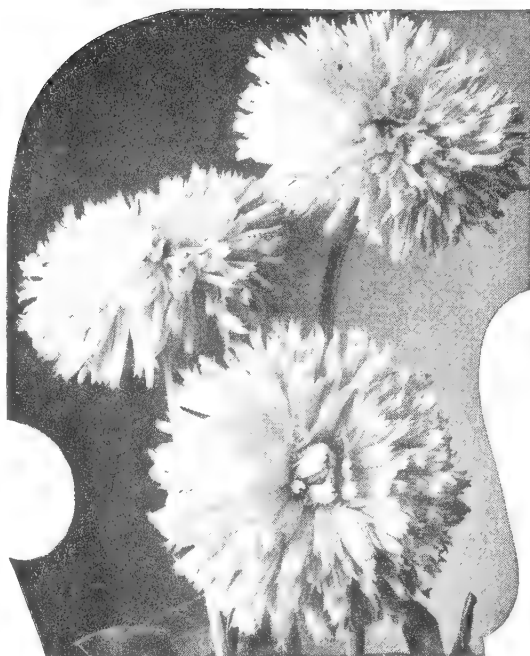
BROWALLIA

Annual—Culture “B”, Blooms
May to October

Elata. A beautiful easily grown free-flowering tender annual. The star-shaped flowers are a lovely shade of amethyst-blue. Excellent for edging or baskets. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.00

BUTTERFLY FLOWERS

(See Schizanthus).



Calendula, Yellow Colossal

Calendula

Annual—Culture “B”, Blooms
June to October

One of the most popular and easily grown hardy annuals, thriving even in poor soil. Blooms from midsummer until frost, if the seed pods are picked off.

Yellow Colossal. A larger and better Calendula than Sunshine or Chrysanthema. The flowers are a clear bright yellow, and measure 4 inches across. Height 15 inches. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 60c

Ball's Gold Improved. A splendid variety and used largely by florists. The large double flowers are a rich golden orange with a light center, borne on long stems. Height 15 ins. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 60c

Radio. The petals of this large double flower, instead of being flat, are beautifully quilled, forming an almost globular golden orange flower. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 60c

Campfire, or Sensation. A beautiful orange-scarlet Calendula with yellow center. The lovely flowers of flattened shape are often over 3 inches in diameter, and are borne on long stems. Height 15 ins. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 40c; ½ oz., 70c

Ball's Supreme. Large double flowers of light orange with brown centers. Height 15 ins. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c; oz., 50c

Ball's Masterpiece. Rich orange, brown center. Height 15 ins. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c; oz., 50c

Lemon King. Rich lemon-yellow. Height 15 ins. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c; oz., 50c

Mixed Varieties. A mixture of Calendulas in shades of yellow and orange. Height 15 ins. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 45c

CALIFORNIA POPPY

(See Eschscholtzia).

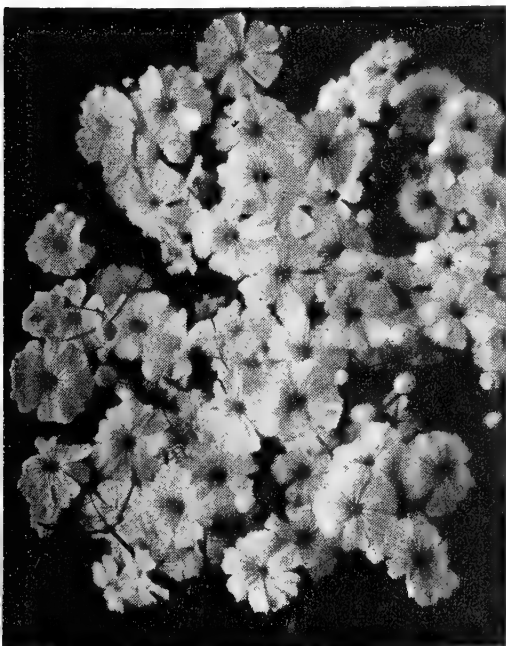
CALLIOPSIS

Annual—Culture “B”, Blooms
May to frost

A graceful, hardy annual with finely cut foliage, and brilliant daisy-shaped flowers in many shades of yellow and brown. Does well in most any location and soil, and blooms continuously from May to frost. Height 2 to 3 ft. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c

CAMPANULA

(See Canterbury Bells).



Baby's Breath Covent Garden

General Directions for Sowing Flower Seeds in the Latitude of Norfolk.

These different paragraphs are referred to directly under the headings of the different varieties, such as "Culture A, B, C," etc.

Perennials and Annuals which can be planted in the latitude of Norfolk in greenhouse or hot-bed January and February, and out-of-doors September and October

Flowers Marked Thus • do Better when Planted in Greenhouse

Achillea
Aconitum
Adonis
Agrostemma
Alyssum
Anemone
Aquilegia
Arabis
Aristolochia
Armeria
Anchusa
Aster, Perennial
Baby's Breath
Bellis
Blue Sage
Campanula
Canna
Canterbury Bells
Carnation
Centaurea Candidissima
Chinese Lantern
Chrysanthemum
•Cobea Scandens
•Coleus
Columbine
Coral Bells
Coreopsis
•Cowslip
Daisy, English
Dahlia
Delphinium
Feverfew
Flax
Forget-Me-Not
Foxglove
Gaillardia
Garden Pinks
•Geranium
Geum
Gypsophila
Hardy Sweet Peas

ANNUALS

Blooms first summer from seed.

Culture A

Flowers under this classification can be sown outdoors in the spring as soon as the weather and soil become warm. This is from the middle of April to the middle of May. Although any of these varieties may be started earlier indoors and later transplanted, if it is more convenient for you, it is not necessary if the seed is sown in good soil and a suitable location.

Culture B

A few flowers are much more satisfactory if the seed is sown real early. They need to get off to a good start before the hot weather. Such sowing can usually be done here about April 1st. If the seed is not sown until later, they will grow and bloom, but not as well. Flowers coming under this class can usually be sown in the early fall in well drained and well protected situations.

Culture C

It is really necessary to sow only a very few kinds of annuals indoors in order to get good results. There are a few others that are usually more satisfactory to sow indoors if bloom is wanted all summer. If you are not interested in having them bloom until early fall they could well be sown outdoors as in Culture A.

Culture D

Most annual vines can be sown outdoors in the early spring although some varieties do better if started earlier indoors.

HARDY PERENNIALS

Blooms second summer from seed and comes up each year thereafter.

Culture E

All varieties of hardy perennials, except a few with very small seed, can be sown outdoors where the plants are to remain or sown separately in a seed bed and transplanted later. The sowing can be done any time from April until September 1st. We recommend spring sowing as the plants obviously will be larger and in better shape to go through the first winter. They will also flower more abundantly and earlier the next summer.

Culture F

When sowing varieties with very small seed, the new kinds, and those where you have only a very small amount of seed, it is usually more satisfactory to sow the seed in well prepared boxes or pots where it can be carefully watched and later transplant them.

HARDY BIENNIALS

Blooms second summer from sowing.

Culture G

With the exception of Culture G, the treatment is the same as for Hardy Perennials.

Bellis, Forget-me-nots, Pansies and some other kinds seem to be the most satisfactory when the seed is sown in late July or early August for flowers the following spring. Pansies can be grown as annuals by sowing the seed in a partial shady situation in the spring for late summer blooming.

Perennials and Annuals which can be planted in the latitude of Norfolk in greenhouse or hot-bed January and February, and out-of-doors September and October

Flowers Marked Thus • do Better when Planted in Greenhouse

Heuchera
•Heliothrope
Iberis
•Impatiens
Japanese Bellflower
Linaria
•Lantana
Lathyrus
Linum
Lobelia
Lupines
Lychnis
Matricaria
Michaelmas Daisy
Molten Fire
Mullein Pinks
Painted Daisy
Pansy
Pentstemon
Platycodon
Phlox Decussata
Poppy, Nudicaule
Poppy, Oriental
Pyrethrum
Rudbeckia
•Salvia Farinacea
•Salvia Patens
Scabiosa Caucasica
Shasta Daisy
Snapdragon
Stock
Torenia
Thrift
Verbena
Veronica
Vinca
Viola
Wallflower

Annuals Which Can Be Planted in the Latitude of Norfolk in Greenhouse or Hotbed in January and February, or Out-of-Doors April and May

Those marked thus * do better if planted in greenhouse, or out-of-doors in May. Those marked † can be planted out-of-doors in September.

Abronia	Blue Eye Daisy	Chinese Forget-me-not	Dolichos Lablab	Lady Slipper	Petunia	Snapdragon
Ageratum	Blue Lace Flower	†Eschscholtzia	†Euphorbia	†Larkspur	Phlox	Spider Flower
*Alonsoa	*Brachycome	Chinese Woolflower	Flax	Linum	Poppy	Statice
†Alyssum	*Browallia	Chrysanthemum	Floss Flower	*Lobelia	Poppy Mallow	Stocks
Amaranthus	Butterfly Flower	Cleome	Four O'Clock	Love-in-a-Mist	Portulaca	Sunflower
Anagallis	Calendula	Cockscomb	†Gaillardia	Lupins	Rhodanthe	Sun Plant
*Anchusa	†California Poppy	Cornflower	Godetia	Marigold	Ricinus	Sweet Wivelsfield
Antirrhinum	Campanula	Convolvulus	Gourds	Rudbeckia	Salpiglossis	Tagetes
Arctotis Grandis	†Candytuft	†Coreopsis	Gypsophila	Mexican Sunflower	*Salvia	Tithonia
Aster	Canterbury Bells	Cosmos	Helianthus	Mignonette	Sand Verbena	Thunbergia
Baby Blue Eyes	Cardinal Climber	Cynoglossum	Helichrysum	Moonvine	Sanvitalia	*Venidium
Baby's Breath	Carnation	Cypress Vine	Humulus	Morning Glory	Scabiosa	Vinca
Balloon Vine	Castor Oil Plant	Dahlia	Hunnemannia	Nasturtium	Scarlet Runner	*Verbena
Balsam	Celosia	†Dianthus—Pinks	*Ice Plant	Nemophila	*Scarlet Sage	Viscaria
Balsam Pear	†Centaurea Cyanus	Dish Cloth Gourd	Jap Hop	Nigella	Schizanthus	†Wallflower
Bidens Humilis	†Centaurea Imperialis	Dimorphotheca	Kochia	*Nicotiana		Zinnia
†Blanket Flower		Didiscus		†Pansy	*Sensitive Plant	

Tait's Thorobred Asters

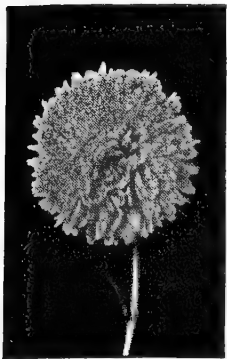
ANNUAL -- Blooms June to October

CULTURE "A"

Asters will thrive in most any situation, but prefer one in which they get the morning sun. It is well to remember that any extra care taken in the preparation of the soil is repaid by finer plants, larger blooms with longer stems, and more profuse flowering. They should have an open position, and prefer a good, heavy loamy soil, enriched with a liberal quantity of bone meal, or garden fertilizer. When wanted for cutting with long stems they should be set out not closer than 12 inches apart in rows.

The varieties offered represent the finest Asters introduced to date including many of the new wilt-resistant varieties that make Asters easy to grow, and they should be in every garden where high quality is appreciated. The early sorts begin blooming in July, followed by the midseason varieties, which are usually at their best in August and September.

To destroy the black Aster beetle, which is the Aster's worst enemy, use arsenate of lead.



Queen of the Market Aster



Aster Super Giant Los Angeles

PLANT WILT-RESISTANT

QUEEN OF THE MARKET ASTERS (Wilt-Resistant)

An improved wilt-resistant strain of this well-known early flowering Aster. It is of branching habit, bearing good-sized flowers on long stems. Height 1½ feet.

Light Blue..	Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c; ½ oz., 90c; oz., \$1.50
Blush Pink.	
White	
Purple	
Rose	
Crimson ...	
Mixed Colors	

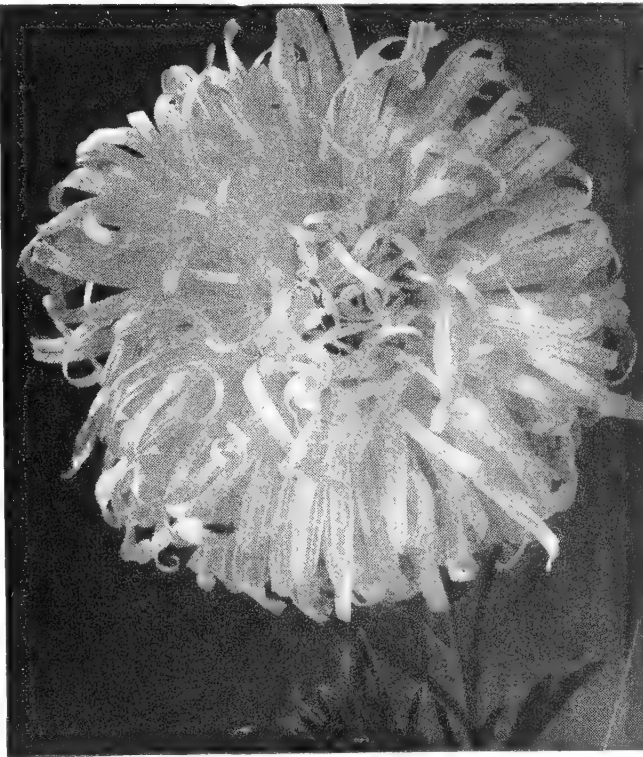
COLLECTION — Package each of 6 Colors.....\$0.50

AMERICAN BRANCHING ASTERS (Wilt-Resistant)

We offer below eight splendid wilt-resisting midseason Asters, of American origin, and especially adapted to our climatic conditions. The plants form strong bushes and when properly fertilized and cultivated, produce wonderful flowers 4 to 5 inches across on long stout stems. Height 2½ feet.

Dark Blue..	Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c; ½ oz., 90c; oz., \$1.50
Crimson ...	
Purple	
Rose	
Shell Pink..	
White	
Azure Blue.	
Mixed Colors	

COLLECTION — Package each of 7 varieties.....\$0.60



Aster Wilt-Resistant Giant Crego

GIANT SUNSHINE ASTERS

A wonderful improvement over the old California Sunshine. The clear and beautiful colors are varying shades of Pink, Apple Blossom, Rose, Blue and Lavender. A dual tone effect is obtained through contrasting light yellow and blue centers. The outer or guard petals are somewhat loosely placed, creating an airy lace-like effect, which is altogether charming. Height 2 feet.

Out for the duration.

	Pkt.	Oz.
Salmon-Pink	\$0.20	\$4.00
Lavender .....	.20	4.00
Deep Rose .....	.20	4.00
Mixed Colors .....	.15	3.00

IMPROVED GIANT CREGO ASTERS (Wilt-Resistant)

This is a fine midsummer variety for all purposes. Flowers of the Comet type, the twisted and curled petals give the flower the appearance of a huge flat chrysanthemum. They often measure 5 inches in diameter and are borne on strong, long stems averaging 12 to 15 inches in length. Although the flowers are large, they are produced in abundance. Height 2½ feet.

Azure Blue..	Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c; ½ oz., 90c; oz., \$1.50
White	
Pink	
Purple	
Crimson ...	
Deep Rose..	
Mixed Colors	

COLLECTION — Package each of 6 Colors.....\$0.50

HARDY PERENNIAL ASTER

Perennial—Blooms October-November—Culture "E"

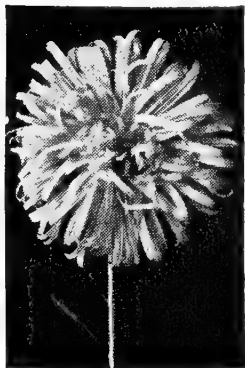
Single fall-flowering hardy herbaceous plants bearing daisy-shaped flowers. If sown early they will flower the first season. Height 3 feet. Mixed ColorsPkt., 15c

THREE SPLENDID ASTERS

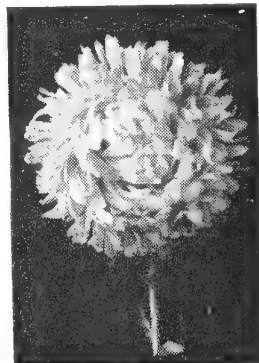
ROSE MARIE. An early large wilt-resistant Aster of a lovely shade of rose. The flowers measure 3 to 4 ins. in diameter, with graceful petals daintily plumed and intertwined. Height, 18 ins.....Pkt., 25c

BALL'S LATE WHITE. A wilt-resistant white Aster of branching habit, with flowers of good size. Height 2 feet.....Pkt., 15c

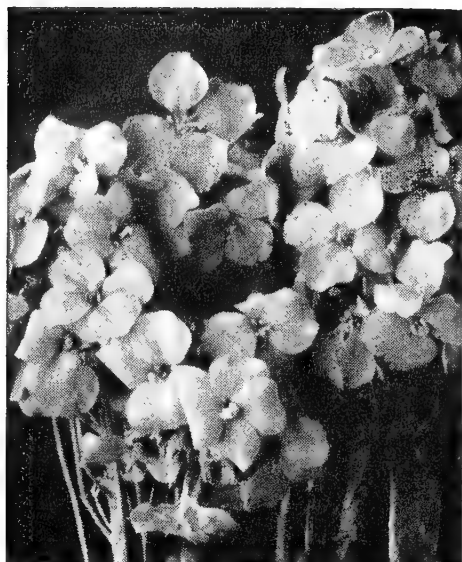
LOS ANGELES. A super-giant branching Aster of the California Giant type. The flowers are a lovely shade of bright shell-pink and often measure six inches across. Height 2½ feet.....Pkt., 15c



Early Giant Aster Rose Marie



American Branching Aster



Cheiranthus Allioni

Candytuft

Annual—Culture "B", Blooms
April to June

For solid beds, edgings or rockeries, candytuft is invaluable. Successive sowings should be made in the spring and during summer. If sown in the autumn, it will bloom very early in the spring. Hardy annual.

Giant Hyacinth Flowered. Beautiful heads of pure white flowers resembling miniature hyacinths. Height 12 inches.

Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c; ½ oz., 50c
Umbellata, Dwarf Hybrids. Persons familiar with only the white sorts, will be delighted with the beauty of these hybrids. Height 6 inches.

Flesh	} Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c; ½ oz., 40c
Rose	
Crimson	
Lilac	
White	

Mixed Colors
Gibraltarica. A splendid variety with clusters of lovely lavender-pink blooms during June and July. Height 10 inches. **Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.25.**

CANNA

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
June to Frost

Quick growing half-hardy perennial plants with luxurious foliage and brilliant flowers. The seeds are so extremely hard that before planting they should be soaked for twelve hours in warm water. Height 3 to 5 feet. Mixed colors. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c**

CANTERBURY BELLS

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
August and September

An annual Canterbury Bell, which blooms from seed in about five months. The plant grows from 2 to 2½ feet tall, each plant having from 6 to 8 spikes of lovely bell-shaped flowers. Height 30 inches.

Angelus Bell. A beautiful shade of deep rose. **Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.75**
Liberty Bell. A pleasing shade of intense violet. **Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.75**
Mixed Colors. **Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.50**

Biennial—Culture "E", Blooms
May to July

Well known, hardy biennials profusely covered with large bell or cup-shaped flowers; very showy in mixed borders and splendid for greenhouse and conservatory.

Campanula Calycanthema Medium. These produce beautiful, large, single flowers resembling a cup and saucer. Height 3 feet. White, Rose, Light Blue, Dark Blue and Mixed Colors.

Pkt., 15c; oz., \$1.85

Tait's Thorobred Flower Seeds

CARDINAL CLIMBER

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
July to October

One of the most beautiful and brilliant of annual vines. If planted in rich soil in a sunny place, will attain a height of 15 feet in a season. The beautiful dark green fern-like foliage is literally covered with fiery cardinal red star-shaped flowers from mid-summer until frost. **Pkt., 10c; oz., \$3.50**

CARNATION

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
September to December

Few flowers surpass in beauty of form or delicious fragrance the richly hued Carnation.

Chabaud's Giant. This variety blooms six months after planting and continues throughout the summer. Height 18 inches. Mixed Colors.

Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.50

CASTOR OIL PLANT

Annual—Culture "A"

Large annual foliage plants of rapid and luxuriant growth, attaining a height of from 5 to 10 feet, producing large, palm-like leaves about 2 feet across, of majestic sub-tropical effect. From June to frost.

Zanzibariensis Enornis. The plants grow to immense size, branching widely and vary in color from pale green to brownish purple. Height 8 feet. Mixed Colors. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c**

CAMPANULA (See Canterbury Bells)

CELOSIA (See Cockscomb).

CENTAUREA (See Cornflower).

CENTAUREA (See Sweet Sultan).

CERASTIUM

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
April to June

Tomentosum. A creeping perennial with attractive, silvery-white, woolly foliage, with masses of pure white star-shaped flowers. When in full bloom the plants appear to be covered with snow. Splendid for bare sunny spots. Height 6 inches.

Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.25

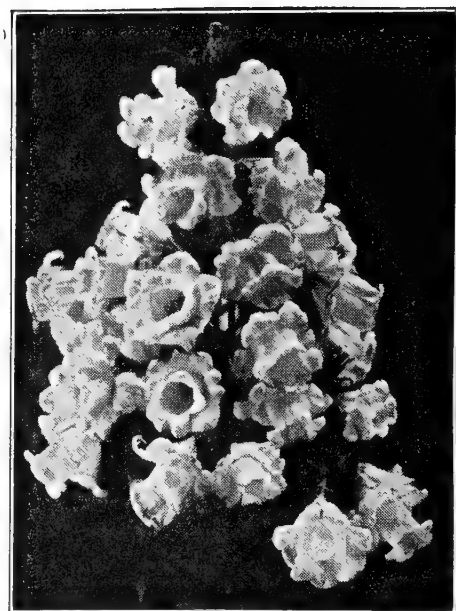
CHRISTMAS ROSE

Perennial—Culture "E"

Niger. Single, waxy white flowers, sometimes flushed violet, growing 2 inches across, and resembling wild roses. A few mild days will cause established plants to bloom in late winter. **Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.50**



Aquilegia or Columbine



Campanula or Canterbury Bells

CHEIRANTHUS

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
April and May

Allioni. Height 12 inches. Brilliant orange. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c**

CHINESE FORGET-ME-NOT

(See Cynoglossum).

CHINESE LANTERN (See Physalis).

CHINESE WOOLFLOWER

(See Cockscomb Childsi).

CLARKIA

Annual—Culture "B", Blooms
June to October

One of the prettiest and showiest of hardy annuals. The individual double flowers resemble miniature carnations in graceful appearance. Our mixture contains a wide range of colors.

Elegans, Mixed Colors

Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c

CLEOME

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
July to November

A quick-growing annual with large, curious flower heads on long stems. The individual flowers hang on slender thread-like stems resembling spider legs. Height 4 feet.

Pungens, Giant Pink Queen

Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.50

COCKSCOMB

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
June to Frost

Popular annuals of easy culture. The beautifully formed, highly colored flowers are very attractive and effective. Height 2¼ feet.

Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.00

Plumosa. A handsome foliage plant producing large, graceful, feathery plumes of red and yellow. Height 2 to 3 feet. **Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.50**

Christata Glasgow Prize. Dark crimson heads resembling a Cockscomb. Green foliage. Height 1 foot.

Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.00

Cristata Empress. Bright crimson heads resembling a Cockscomb. Bronze foliage. Height 1 foot.

Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.00

COLEUS

Annual—Culture "A"

Greenhouse perennial plants with richly colored foliage, valuable for pot culture, and indispensable for groups on lawns and in ribbon gardening. Height 2 feet. Mixed Colors.

Pkt., 25c; ¼ oz., \$2.50

COLUMBINE

Perennial—Culture "E",
Blooms May and June

One of the prettiest perennials, and easy to grow. Will thrive in any good garden soil, but prefer partial shade and moisture. Height 2 feet.

Tait's Long-Spurred Hybrids. A splendid mixture of many colors. Pkt., 15c; ¼ oz., \$1.25.

Tait's Long Spurred—Blue. The immense lovely blue flowers are borne on plants 3 to 4 feet high. Pkt., 15c; ¼ oz., \$1.25.

Tait's Long Spurred—Pink. The huge flowers in lovely shades of pink are borne on plants 3 feet high. Pkt., 15c; ¼ oz., \$1.25.

Mrs. Scott Elliott's Select Long-Spurred Strain. Choice varieties. Mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., \$1.00.

Coerulea—Rocky Mountain Columbine. Large flowers, violet-blue and white. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.75.

COREOPSIS

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
April to October

For borders there is nothing brighter or more reliable than this hardy perennial. The plant is covered all summer with beautiful daisy shaped flowers. Height 2 feet.

Mayfield Giant. Extra large flowers of deep golden yellow. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.00.

Double Yellow (Sunburst). About the same shade as Mayfield Giant, but flowers are semi-double. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.25.

CORNFLOWER

Annual—Culture "B", Blooms
April to June

An old favorite annual, known as "Ragged Robin," "Blue Bottle," "Bachelor Button," "Bluets," etc., and is as hardy as any wild flower. The dainty flowers, especially the double sorts, are exquisite in form and color. Height 1½ feet.

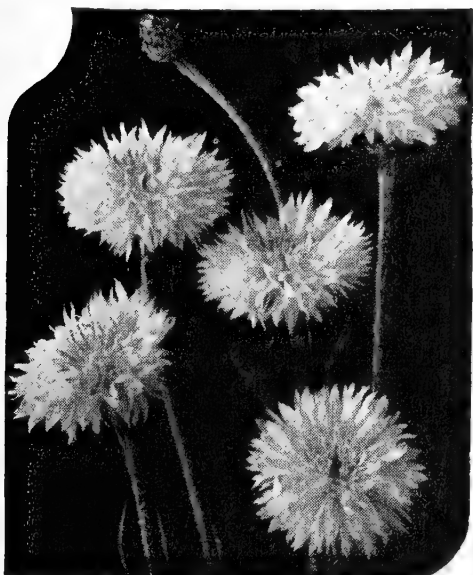
Double Blue Boy. Same shade as Single Blue. Florist strain. Very double. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 40c; oz., 75c.

Double Pinkie. Bright pink. Florist strain. Very double. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 40c; oz., 75c.

Double Red Boy. Deep red. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 40c; oz., 75c.

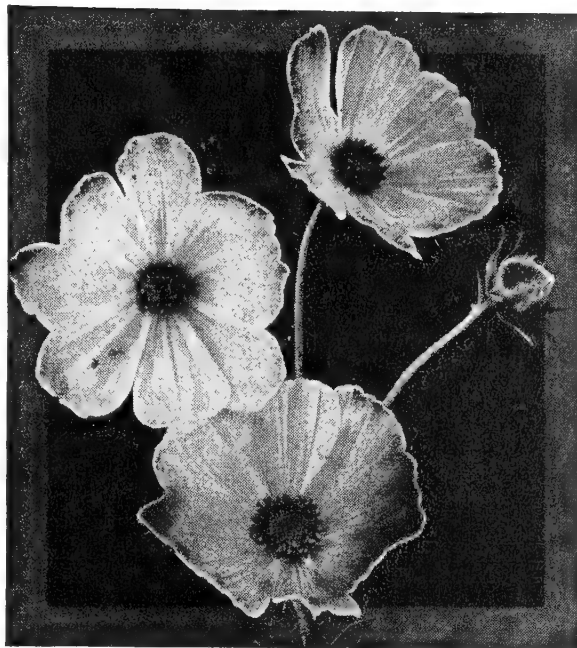
Double Snow Man. Pure white. Florist strain. Very double. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 40c; oz., 75c.

Jubilee Gem. The plants are rather dwarf, bearing in profusion double flowers of true cornflower-blue. Height 15 inches. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.50.



Centaurea Cyanus

Tait's Thorobred Flower Seeds



Cosmos Sensation

Cosmos

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
July to Frost

One of the most popular annuals, with large daisy-shaped flowers. Height 5 feet.

Early Sensation. The flowers of this variety grow nearly double the size of ordinary cosmos. Single

Pink. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c; ½ oz., 50c
White Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c; ½ oz., 50c

Early Flowering. This type will produce flowers a month earlier than Giant Late Flowering Cosmos. Height 5 feet.

Crimson Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c; ½ oz., 50c
Pink. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c; ½ oz., 50c

White Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c; ½ oz., 50c
Mixed Colors Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c; ½ oz., 40c

GIANT LATE FLOWERING

Lady Lenox—Pink. Rose-pink. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c; ½ oz., 50c; oz., 75c

Lady Lenox—White. Pure white. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c; ½ oz., 50c; oz., 75c

Crimson Ray. Rich crimson. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c; ½ oz., 50c; oz., 75c

Mixed Colors Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c; oz., 50c

DOUBLE CRESTED

The flowers of this Cosmos are crested, having double centers, with a row of guard petals around the base. However only about half of the flowers come true to type. Height 4½ feet.

Crimson King. Crimson. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 60c; ½ oz., \$1.10

Pink Beauty. Soft pink. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 60c; ½ oz., \$1.10

White Queen. Pure white. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 60c; ½ oz., \$1.10

Mixed Colors Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c; ½ oz., 90c

Orange Flare. Attractive orange. Height 4 feet Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 75c

CUPHEA FIREFLY

Annual—Culture "A"

A dwarf, tender annual, bearing numerous small attractive bright red flowers, which when in full bloom, has the appearance of a ball of fire. Height 10 inches. Pkt., 15c; oz., \$6.00

CUT FLOWER MIXTURE

A mixture of annuals and perennials suitable for cutting. Pkt., 10c

CYNOGLOSSUM

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
June to October

An easily grown sweet-scented early flowering annual, producing large sprays of Forget-me-not-like flowers from June until October. Thrives in dry hot locations. Excellent for cutting. Height 1½ feet.

Dwarf Compact Firmament Blue Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c

CYPRESS VINE

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
June to October

A popular summer climber. The star-shaped flowers are small and thickly set in beautiful dark green foliage of fernlike appearance. Tender annual. Height 10 feet.

Scarlet Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c

White Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c

Mixed Colors Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c

DAHLIA

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
August to November

Contrary to general belief, this perennial will bloom the first year, if the seed is sown early. The strain we offer is finely selected, and will show very few single flowers. Height 3 to 6 feet. Finest double mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.50

Dahlia Roots (See page 59).

DAISY

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
May to August

Shasta "Conqueror." A much improved perennial white Daisy, with yellow center, and of large size. Height 2 feet. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.00

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
June to October

Tahoka. An early, free-flowering annual, bearing daisy-like, lilac-blue flowers, with yellow eyes. Height 1½ feet. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.00



Cuphea Firefly

Tait's Thorobred Flower Seeds

DELPHINIUM

(Perennial Larkspur)

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
June to September

To get the best results, the seed should be sown in boxes or under glass. Height 4 to 7 feet.

Belladonna. Clear turquoise blue. Pkt., 25c
Bellamosum. Rich dark blue. Pkt., 25c
Wrexham Hybrids. (Hollyhock strain). Splendid colors, mixed. Pkt., 25c; oz., \$7.50
Chinensis. (Blue Butterfly). A distinct and neat variety growing 18 inches high and producing freely spikes of large dark blue blossoms... Pkt., 25c

DIANTHUS—PINKS

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
May to October

Single and double hardy annuals with carnation-like flowers, unsurpassed for color and fragrance. Height 12 inches.

Chinensis. (India Pink). Double flowers of many bright hues. Height 15 ins. Mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.25

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
May to October

Plumarius Semperflorens. A beautiful hardy perennial with sweet-scented ever-blooming double and semi-double flowers. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.50

DIANTHUS BARBATUS

(See Sweet William).

DIDISCUS (See Blue Lace Flower).

DIGITALIS (See Foxglove).

DIMORPHOTHECA

An attractive Daisy with dark center in shades of orange, yellow, salmon and white. Height 12 inches.

Pkt., 15c; oz., \$1.85

DOLICHOS LABLAB

(See Hyacinth Bean).

ESCHSCHOLTZIA

Annual—Culture "E", Blooms
May to October

Attractive annuals growing in tufts with bluish green lacy foliage and saucer-shaped flowers, 2½ inches in diameter, ranging in color from primrose to orange-scarlet. Blooms profusely all summer. Height 1 foot.

Aurantiaca. (True California Poppy). Rich orange. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c; ½ oz., 40c

Brilliant Mixed Colors. Shades of orange, pink and red. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c; ½ oz., 40c

EUPHORBIA

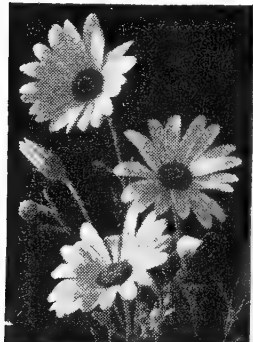
Annual—Culture "A"

An attractive annual with showy ornamental foliage. Height 2 to 2½ feet.

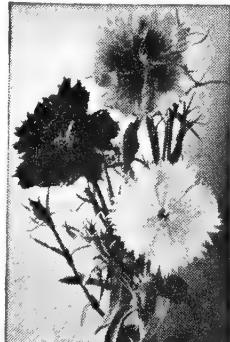
Variagata. (Snow-on-the-Mountain). Foliage light green veined and margined with white. Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c

Everlastings. For winter bouquets.

FLAX (See Linum).



Dimorphanthea
Aurantiaca



Dianthus Heddwigi
Single Mixed

FEVERFEW

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
May to October

An old-fashioned perennial that blooms the first season from seed. The plants are erect and bushy with finely cut dark leaved foliage, bearing double button-like flowers.

Eximia Dwarf, Snowball. Double white flowers. Height 18 inches. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.50

Eximia Grandiflora, Golden Ball. Bright yellow flowers like golden balls. Height 10 inches. Pkt., 15c; oz., \$1.50

FORGET-ME-NOT

Biennial—Culture "G", Blooms
April and May

A favorite old biennial border plant that succeeds best in moist situations. It comes into blossom early and the little star-shaped blue flowers appeal to every heart. Height 6 inches. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$4.00

FOUR O'CLOCK

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
July to Frost

A favorite old annual for beds or borders. The plants are quite bushy, bearing in profusion small red and yellow flowers. Height 2½ feet. Mixed Colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c



Eschscholtzia—California Poppy

FOXGLOVE

Biennial—Culture "E", Blooms
May to July

Hardy biennial, producing long clusters of pink, purple and white tubulous flowers. Splendid for shady places and borders. Height 4 feet. The Shirley. Mixed Colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.75

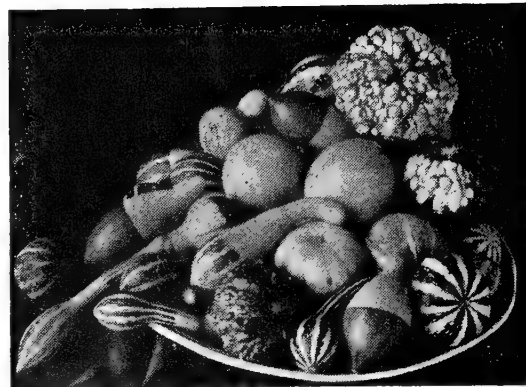
GAILLARDIA

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
April to November

Showy annuals, remarkable for the profusion, size, and brilliance of their flowers. Height 1½ feet.

Picta, Single, Indian Chief. Large daisy-like flowers with glistening metallic bronzy red petals around a dark brown center. Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c

Perennial—Culture "E"
The Dazzler. (Grandiflora). Coppery scarlet, brown disc, narrow golden yellow edge. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.50



Ornamental Gourds

GERANIUM

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
May to November

A perennial with phlox-like flowers in large round clusters are borne on sturdy 1-inch stems. Height 15 ins. **Zonale.** A free blooming variety with zoned leaves.

Mixed Colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$3.50

GERBERA

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
June to Frost

Jamesoni Hybrids. Large attractive daisy-like blooms. Our mixture contains shades of orange, pink, salmon and yellow.

Pkt., 25 seeds, 25c; 100 seeds, 75c

GEUM

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
April to September

A beautiful hardy perennial bearing small rosette flowers similar to a miniature double rose. Height 2 feet. **Mrs. J. Bradshaw.** Dazzling orange-scarlet. Pkt., 15c; oz., \$3.00

Lady Stratheden. Handsome golden yellow. Pkt., 15c; oz., \$3.00

GLOBE AMARANTH

(See Gomphrena).

GOMPHRENA

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
May to November

The true Bachelor Button, and sometimes called "Globe Amaranth." The flowers resemble clover heads and come in red, purple, and white, and when dried used for winter bouquets. Height 2 feet.

Mixed Colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c

GOURDS

Annual—Culture "A"

Quick growing, interesting annual climbers with ornamental fruit of many peculiar shapes. Height 12 feet. Ornamental, Mixed Colors. Pkt., 5c; oz., 60c

Dish Cloth. Pkt., 5c; oz., 60c

GYPHOPHILA (See Baby's Breath).

HARDY PINKS (See Dianthus).

HARDY SWEET PEA

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
June to Frost

A splendid perennial vine for covering fences or unsightly banks or rocks. Height 8 feet.

Pink. Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c

White. Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c

Red. Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c

Mixed Colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c

HELIANTHUS (See Sunflower).

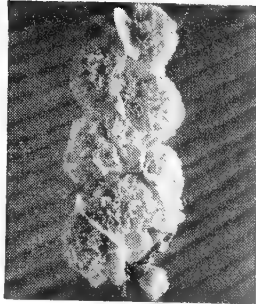
HELICHRYSUM

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
June to November

One of the best known of the Strawflowers or Everlastings. The center of the double pompon-like flower of this annual is nearly covered by the stiff overlapping petals. The flowers should be gathered when coming into bloom, and suspended with the heads downward in a cool place for winter bouquets. Height 2 feet. Mixed Colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c



**Gaillardia
The Dazzler**



**Hollyhock Chater's
Double**

HELIOTROPE

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
June to October

The sombre green foliage, and clusters of fragrant flowers in various shades of heliotrope and white form a most pleasing contrast. This popular half-hardy perennial is adapted to both bedding and house culture, and requires little attention. Seed started indoors early in the spring will make fine plants for summer blooming. Height 2 feet.

Mixed ColorsPkt., 10c; oz., \$2.50

HEUCHERA (See Coral Bells).

HELLEBORUS (See Christmas Rose).

HOLLYHOCK

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
April to July

The beautiful color effects and the dignified, stately appearance render these popular perennials indispensable in the old-fashioned garden.

Chater's Superb Double. Our seed has been saved from the finest double flowers and is sure to produce satisfactory results.

Newport pink, crimson, salmon-rose, yellow, white, and mixed colors.

Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 40c;

1/4 oz., 75c; 1/2 oz., \$1.25

Allegheny Fringed. Large, loosely formed, semi-double flowers and beautifully fringed petals. Height 6 to 8 feet. Mixed Colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.50

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
June to September

Indian Spring. A handy annual variety with semi-double flowers in rose and pink shades. Height 3 to 4 feet.

Pkt., 15c

HONESTY

Biennial—Culture "E"

Lunaria Biennis. Also called "Money." The flat, silvery white seed pods are most attractive when used with other flowers. Makes an attractive winter bouquet when dried.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c

HUMULUS

Annual—Culture "A"

A rapid summer climber resembling the common Hop, but the foliage is more luxuriant in appearance, while the mixture of white, light green, and dark green makes it strikingly ornamental. Heat, drought, and insects do not trouble it. Height 15 feet.

Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.00

HUNNEMANNIA

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
May to October

The flowers of this splendid annual Poppy are much like the finest Eschscholtzias. It blooms about ten weeks after sowing, and produces saucer-shaped canary-yellow flowers 2 1/2 inches across. Height 2 feet.

Single Fumariaefolia.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c

Semi-Double Fumariaefolia, Sunlite.

Pkt., 15c; oz., \$2.50

Tait's Thorobred Flower Seeds

HYACINTH BEAN

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
June to November

This rapid-growing hardy annual climber produces a great amount of foliage, and is covered with spikes of pea-shaped blossoms, followed by ornamental seed pods. Height 15 feet. Plant seed where vine is to grow.

PurplePkt., 5c; oz., 35c

WhitePkt., 5c; oz., 35c

Mixed ColorsPkt., 5c; oz., 35c

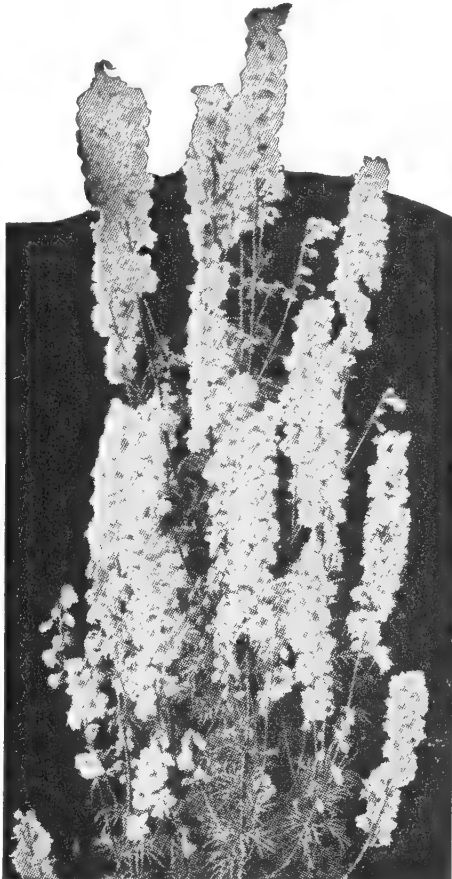
IBERIS (See Candytuft).

IPOMEA (See Moon Vine).

LINUM

Grandiflorum Rubrum. Annual Scarlet Flax. Height 24 in. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c

Perenne. Perennial Blue Flax. Height 20 inches.Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c



**Giant Imperial Larkspur
Pink Perfection**

Giant Imperial Larkspur

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
April to August

A wonderful improvement on the old Double Stock-Flowered Larkspur. It is of upright branching habit, and its graceful form and bright colors are very effective when interspersed in the old fashioned flower or shrubbery border. Splendid for cutting. The seed may be sown either in the fall or early spring. Height 3 feet.

Pkt. 1/4 Oz. Oz.

Pink Perfection . . . \$0.10 \$0.50 \$1.50

Blue Spire.

Deep-blue10 .50 1.50

Imperial Blue Bell.

Azure-blue10 .50 1.50

Lilac Spire. Lilac. .10 .50 1.50

White King. White .10 .50 1.50

Dazzler. Scarlet. .10 .50 1.50

Exquisite Rose.

Rose10 .50 1.50

Miss California.

Salmon-pink10 .50 1.50

Mixed Colors10 .50 1.50

LANTANA

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
April to Frost

A well-known tender perennial shrub, splendid for bedding, as it is constantly in full bloom. The flower stem is crowned with a large truss of verberna-like flowers of varied hues. The seed should be started in a box indoors or in a greenhouse. Height 2 feet.

Mixed ColorsPkt., 10c; oz., \$1.50

LINARIA

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
June to Frost

Maroccana—Fairy Bouquet. (Miniature Snapdragon). Charming free flowering border plants. Height 8 ins. Bright pastel shades. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1

LATHYRUS (See Hardy Sweet Pea).

LOBELIA

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
May to October

Bushy plants, with pendent branches and small dark blue flowers; valuable for edging or hanging baskets. Hgt. 6 ins. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$3.25

LOVE-LIES-BLEEDING

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
June to August

Stiff, erect annuals, with 3 ft. high sprays of rich crimson flowers hanging gracefully over, giving the romantic name of "Love-Lies-Bleeding." Height 3 ft.Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c

LUNARIA (See Honesty).

LUPINS

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
May to August

Free flowering annuals with graceful spikes of pea-shaped flowers. Height 3 feet.

Hartwegi Giant. Pink, rose, blue, white and mixed colors.

Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.25

Texanus. Texas Blue Bonnet.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c

LUPINS

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms
May to August

Free flowering perennials, with graceful spikes of pea-shaped flowers. Height 3 feet.

Russell Hybrid. The plants of this attractive remarkable strain are well rounded, and the well branched bushes develop a number of extra long spikesPkt., 25c

Polyphyllus.

Mixed ColorsPkt., 10c; oz., 60c

MATRICARIA (See Feverfew).

MARVEL-OF-PERU

(See Four O'clock).

MEXICAN SHELL FLOWER

(See Tigridia).

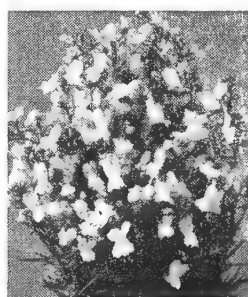
MOLTEN FIRE

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms
June to Frost

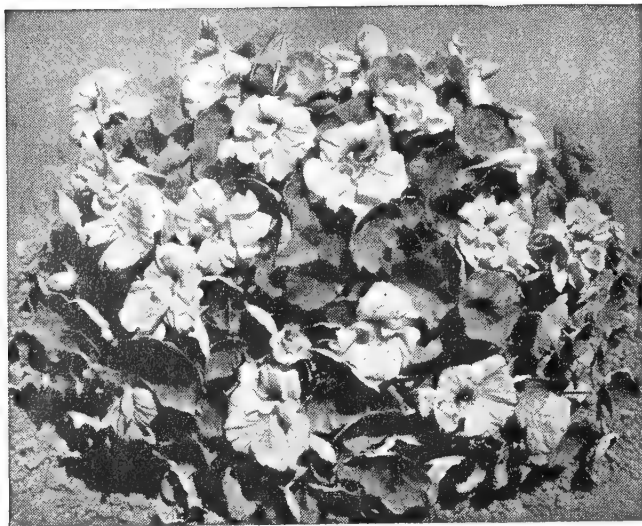
The most brilliant annual of the Amaranthus family. The foliage is bronzy crimson, each branch terminating with a tuft of poinsettia-red leaves that look like molten fire. Height 3 feet.Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.50



**Molten
Fire**



**Linaria Fairy
Bouquet**



Golden Gleam Nasturtium

Single Dwarf. A splendid annual of neat, compact growth and attractive foliage. Fine for edging, beds or borders. Height 1 ft.
Mixed Colors. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00

Tait's Thorobred Flower Seeds

Nasturtium

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms June to Frost

A great improvement has been made in this popular annual. The flowers of the new type are semi-double and double, nearly 3 inches across, and sweet-scented. The semi-dwarf plants grow about 12 inches high, are very bushy, and throw out short runners. The flowers are borne on long stems well above the foliage.

Golden Globe. Sweet-scented double and semi-double golden yellow flowers. Plants more dwarf than Golden Gleam.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., \$1.00

Scarlet Gleam. Rich scarlet flowers, semi-double.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., \$1.00

Golden Gleam. Semi-double, sweet-scented golden yellow flowers measuring 2½ inches across, and borne on long stems well above the bright green foliage. Height 12 inches.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., \$1.00

Glorious Gleam Hybrids. Of the same general type as Scarlet Gleam. **Mixed Colors.** Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 90c

Single Tall. The flowers and foliage of the Tall Trailing Nasturtium are similar to the Dwarf variety, but larger. Height 10 feet.

Mixed Colors. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00

Marigold

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms July to Frost

Marigolds come in so many types and display such a wealth of color in late summer after other annuals are past their prime that they are of inestimable value to every garden. Excellent for cutting.

MISSION GIANT MARIGOLD

A new type of Marigold, which is base branching, producing from 8 to 12 stems of excellent cutting length. The blooms are 4 to 5 inches in diameter, and are 10 days earlier than the African types. Height 18 inches.

Goldsmith. Orange.

Pkt., 15c; ½ oz., 50c

Mixed. Pkt., 15c; ½ oz., 40c

Gypsy Jewels. Counterpart of Pot O' Gold, but a mixture of brilliant colors from dazzling golden orange to deep primrose yellow. Plants grow the same height as Pot O' Gold, and flowers are equally as large.

Pkt., 15c; ½ oz., 50c

Gigantea Sunset Giants. Another new Marigold that meets all the requirements of a good garden flower. The lovely orange and yellow flowers are extra large, and borne on long stems and come about 40% double. Very showy and sweet scented. Height 1½ feet. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 90c

Guinea Gold. This magnificent carnation-flowered Marigold is quite similar to Yellow Supreme described below, except that the flowers are brilliant orange, flushed with gold. Both sorts should be in every garden.

Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 40c

Yellow Supreme. Beautiful, mildly fragrant lemon-yellow flowers 3 inches across with broad loosely frilled petals, reminding one of a large chrysanthemum. Height 2½ ft.

Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 40c

AFRICAN MARIGOLD

All Double Orange. This is the best strain of Double African Marigold. The large globular flowers are 2½ inches across and composed of compact, tubular or quilled petals. The stems should be cut carefully to avoid the somewhat disagreeable odor when bruised. Height 2½ feet.

Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 60c

All Double Lemon. Identically like the above except that the flowers are a beautiful shade of lemon-yellow. Height 2½ feet. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 60c

All Double Mixed. A splendid mixture of African Marigolds in many shades of yellow and orange.

Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c

TAGETES MARIGOLD

Signata Pumila. This pretty little Scotch dwarf miniature Marigold is one of the best low bordered annuals. The dainty single one-inch golden flowers are a mass of blooms all summer and into the fall. Height 2½ feet. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.25

FRENCH MARIGOLD

Flash. An attractive Single French Marigold, with flowers 1½ inches across. It is extremely early, and a continuous bloomer until frost. The color range is from mahogany red through bronze, with some bicolor and yellow. Height 18 ins. Pkt., 25c

Spry. A dwarf, compact plant, bearing double flowers 1½ inches across, with bright yellow crested center, surrounded by mahogany red guard petals. Height 9 inches. Pkt., 10c

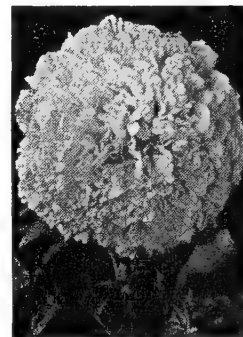
Double Mixed. A splendid mixture of Dwarf Marigolds in many shades of yellow, and brown and yellow. Height 10 inches. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c

MORNING GLORY

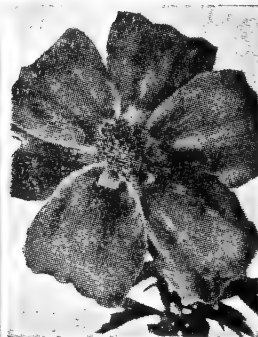
Annual—Culture "A", Blooms June to Frost

Imperial. The gorgeous blossoms are much larger than those of the ordinary Morning Glory. Height 30 feet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c

Scarlet O'Hara. Rich wine red large flowers that come early in the season and continue until frost. Height 20 feet Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.50



Marigold Gigantea Sunset Giant



New Marigold Flash

MIGNONETTE

Annual—Culture "B", Blooms June to August

Selected Machet. An excellent strain with short thick flower spikes. Splendid for the garden and excellent for winter blooming in pots or window boxes. Height, 1 ft. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c

MOON VINE

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms June to Frost

Clarke's Early Blue. Beautiful large sky-blue flowers. Height 30 feet. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.00

Noctiflora (Moonflower). Large pure white fragrant flowers. Height 30 ft. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c

MOURNING BRIDE (See Scabiosa), MULLEN PINK (See Agrostemma).

NIEREMBERGIA

Perennial—Culture "E"

Hippomanica. Lovely lavender blue cup-shaped flower. Starts flowering when small, continuing for several months. Height 8 inches.

Pkt., 15c; ¼ oz., \$5.00

PENTSTEMON

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms June to September

Attractive perennials with long graceful spikes of richly colored Gloxinia-like blossoms, very hardy; fine for beds and borders or rock gardens. Height 2 feet. **Mixed** (Sensation Improved). Pkt., 15c; oz., \$3.00

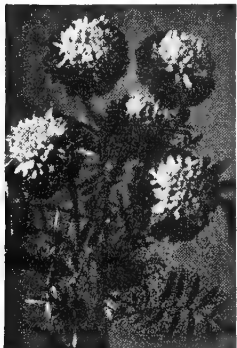
PEONY

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms May and June

An easily grown hardy perennial bearing large handsome double blooms in pink, white and red. Height 2 ft. **Mixed colors.** Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.00

PEONY ROOTS (See page 64).

PERIWINKLE (See Vinca).



Marigold Spry



Marigold Guinea Gold

Tait's Gorgeous Petunias

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms May to Frost

One of our best annual plants for beds, borders, window boxes, or hanging baskets. Once started, Petunias are of easy culture, growing almost like weeds, and furnish a glorious succession of bloom from early summer into the late fall. The seed, however, is as fine as dust, and while it may be sown in the open, it is advisable to sow it in boxes, setting out the plants when large enough. The average height is about 12 inches.

SINGLE PETUNIAS

HYBRIDA. The plants grow about 18 inches high, bearing 2-inch single flowers from early spring until frost.

Radiance. Brilliant rich rose with yellow throat. Pkt., 15c

Glow. Dazzling carmine red. Height 10 ins....Pkt., 15c

Howard's Star. Rosy crimson, with five point white starPkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 45c; 1/4 oz., 75c

White King. Pure white..Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 45c; 1/4 oz., 75c

Flaming Velvet. Rich violet.

Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 75c; 1/4 oz., \$1.25

Gen. Dodds. Rich crimson.Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 45c; 1/4 oz., 75c

Mixed colors......Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 35c; 1/4 oz., 65c

NANA ERECTA. This variety grows about 10 inches high, with dainty blossoms about 1 1/2 inches in diameter.

Rose of Heaven. Brilliant rose.

Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 50c; 1/4 oz., 85c

Rosy Morn. Rose-pink with white throat.

Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 50c; 1/4 oz., 85c

Heavenly Blue. Light silvery blue.

Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 60c; 1/4 oz., \$1.00; oz., \$3.50

Violacea. Rich violet....Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 50c; 1/4 oz., 85c

Mixed colors....Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 45c; 1/4 oz., 75c; oz., \$2.50

NANA COMPACTA. A dwarf variety forming neat compact plants 6 to 12 inches high, literally covered with dainty blossoms, a plant 8 inches in diameter often carrying 25 blooms at one time.

Salmon Supreme. Rich coral-salmon changing to a glistening soft salmon-pink as they mature. They grow 2 inches across and are deeply 5 lobed. Height 12 inches.

Pkt., 25c; 1/16 oz., \$1.50

Mixed colorsPkt., 15c; oz., \$3.50

BALCONY PETUNIAS. For window or porch boxes, terraces, or rock work. Balcony Petunias will supply an abundance of color. Height 12 inches.

Red Wonder. A new Petunia of the Balcony type, of the deepest velvety red. In our judgment, it is quite superior to Flaming Velvet, which was introduced last year, and which did not come true from seed. Height 15 inches.....Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 65c; 1/8 oz., \$1.00

Balcony White. Magnificent pure white.

Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 50c; 1/8 oz., 85c

Balcony Rose. Beautiful bright rose, with yellow throat.

Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 50c; 1/8 oz., 85c

Balcony Red. Dark red. Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 50c; 1/8 oz., 85c

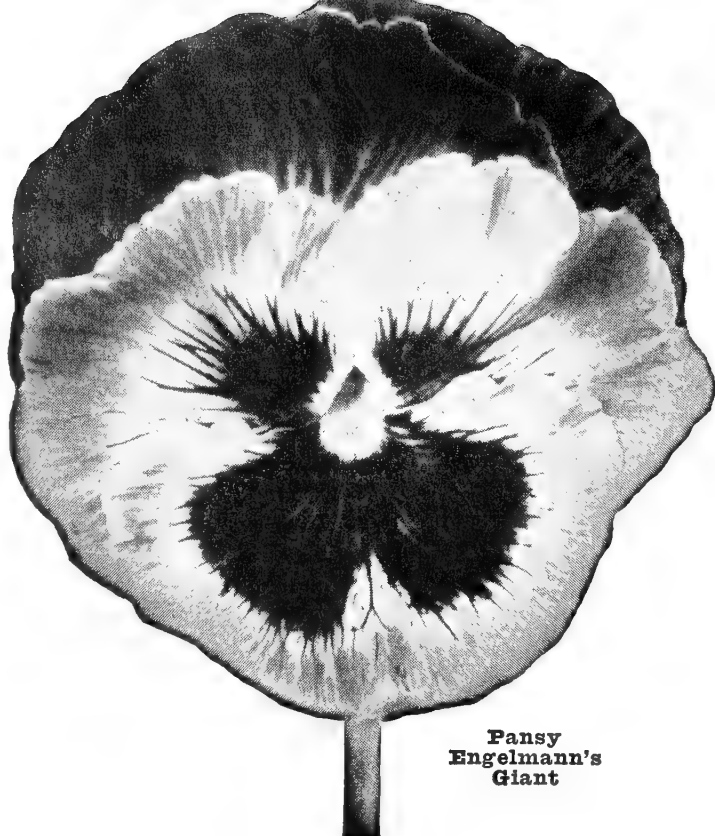
Balcony Blue. Dark purple-blue flowers, borne above rich green foliage.....Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 50c; 1/8 oz., 85c

RUFFLED GIANTS. Immense single flowers of gorgeous colors with ruffled and fluted edges.....Pkt., 25c

GIANT FRINGED. Single flowers of large size, beautifully fringed and a remarkable variety of colors.

Pkt., 25c

DOUBLE FRINGED. Large fragrant double fringed flowers in many shades of color.....Pkt., 35c



Pansy
Engelmann's
Giant

Tait's Unrivalled Pansies

Biennial—Culture "G", Blooms April to July

A popular biennial and one of our specialties. The seed we offer is produced by the best Pansy growers in the world, and for size and coloring Tait's mixtures are unsurpassed. In the south while the seed may be sown in the spring, a longer blooming season will result when the seed is sown in August and September, as the plants need only a slight protection to go through the winter. Pansies do best in cool moist soil that is protected from winds and the mid-day suns. Height 8 inches.

Super Swiss Giants. A selected strain from Switzerland. The plants are of unusually robust habit. Flowers of large and heavy texture, with a wonderful range of color. We can supply Ullswater Blue, Coronation Gold, Rheingold, Yellow with blotch, White or Mixed. Any of the abovePkt., 25c; 1/16 oz., \$1.10; 1/8 oz., \$2.00; 1/4 oz., \$3.50; 1 oz., \$12.00

Maple Leaf Giants. A distinct variety with attractive foliage, and a wide range of bright colors. Many of the flowers will average 4 inches across. **Mixed.**

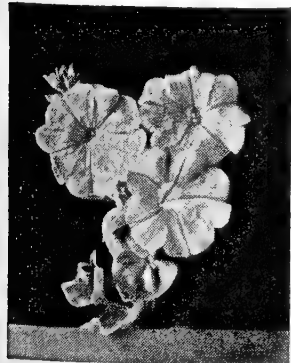
Pkt., 25c; 1/16 oz., \$1.00; 1/8 oz., \$1.75; 1/4 oz., \$3.00; oz., \$10.00

Tait's Thorobred Giant Exhibition. For size of flowers, brilliancy of coloring and markings, nothing approaches this strain. The seed is from exhibition flowers only.

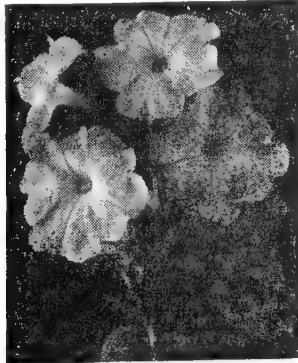
Pkt., 25c; 1/16 oz., \$1.10; 1/8 oz., \$2.00; 1/4 oz., \$3.50; 1 oz., \$12.00

Engelmann's Giant. Huge flowers in light and dark shades from originator's seed...Pkt., 25c; 1/16 oz., \$1.25; 1/8 oz., \$2.25; 1/4 oz., \$4.25; 1 oz., \$15.00

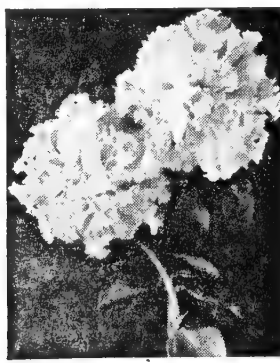
Large Flowering. A good mixture of fine color and size. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., 60c; 1/8 oz., \$1.00; 1/4 oz., \$1.75; oz., \$6.00



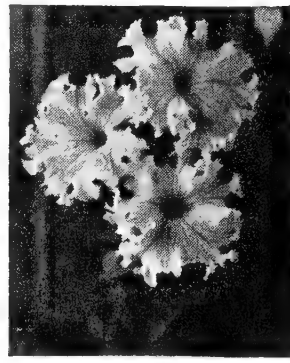
Petunia
Rosy Morn



Petunia
Rose of Heaven



Petunia
Double Fringed



Petunia
Ruffled Giant

Poppy

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms May and June

Sown in the fall or early spring, Poppies may be brought into bloom before Tulips have hardly finished flowering. Few flowers have the same grace of stem, airiness of poise, delicacy of tissue and range of color as this hardy annual. A sandy loam suits them best; they do not stand transplanting. Sow thinly on top of finely prepared soil. Height 2½ feet.

American Flag. Large handsome single variety, scarlet margined white.....Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c

Single Shirley. The favorite single Poppy. The flowers appear like crumpled satin in the sunlight, and the colors range from white to scarlet. Splendid for beds or borders.....Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c; ½ oz., 40c; oz., 75c

Double Shirley. A very pretty strain with double flowers in the same wonderful range of colors as the Single Shirley.

Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c; oz., \$1.00

American Legion. An improved Flanders Poppy with very large flowers of dazzling orange-scarlet, white centers. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.00

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms May to August

Pavaver Orientale. A royal member of the Poppy family with magnificent foliage and huge cup-shaped flowers with crinkled petals. The seed should be sown early in the spring. The plants will disappear in July and August, reappearing in cold weather. Height 2½ feet.

Orientele Scarlet. Extra large flowers, deep scarlet. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.50

Orientele Princess Victoria Louise. Rich salmon-pink.

Pkt., 15c; oz., \$3.00

SANTA BARBARA TULIP POPPY (See Hunnemannia).

Orientele Hybrids. Mixed colors.....Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.50

Pavaver Nudicaule. This is a hardy perennial, and may be sown either in the fall or early spring. It will flower the first year from spring sown seed. Height 1 foot.

Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.75



Single Shirley Poppy

Gartford Giants. Large flowers, beautifully fluted in lovely pastel shades. Mixed colors.....Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.75

CALIFORNIA POPPY

(See Eschscholtzia, page 50).

PLATYCODON

Perennial—Culture "E", blooms June to July

A summer blooming perennial with silvery green foliage bearing handsome spikes of cup-shaped flowers. Just before opening, the buds look like small balloons. When expanded the lobes of the bells are slightly recurved, resembling a Lily. Height 15 inches.

Grandiflorum Coeruleum. Blue. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.50

PORTULACA

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms May to Frost

A brilliant annual with moss-like foliage of easy culture. Excellent for massing in beds or rock garden. Thrives best in light sandy soil and in dry sunny situations. Flowers about an inch in diameter, and of the brightest colors. Height 6 inches. **Single, Mixed Colors.** Glossy cup-shaped single flowers of many colors.

Pkt., 10c; ⅛ oz., 40c; ½ oz., \$1.50

Double, Mixed Colors. The flower has the appearance of a miniature rose.

Pkt., 10c; ⅛ oz., 75c; ½ oz., \$2.50



Phlox Drummondii

Phlox

Annual—Culture "B", Blooms May to September

For beds and massing nothing can surpass this hardy annual. It is of easy culture and thrives in sunny positions. Sow either in the fall or early spring. Height 15 inches.

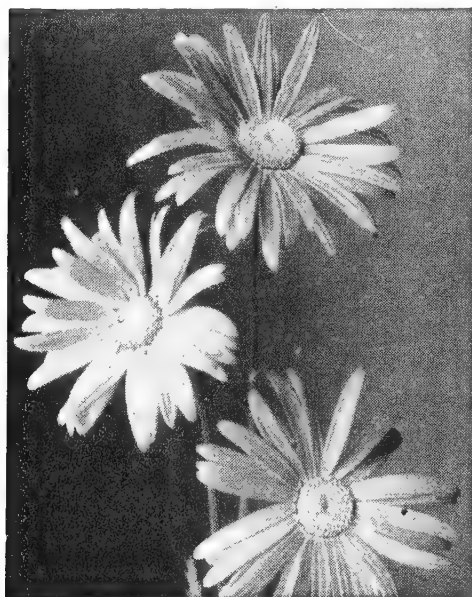
Drummondii Grandiflora. Crimson, flesh, lilac, primrose, rose, white dark eye, violet, white eye, and mixed colors.....Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.50

Phlox Drummondii Gigantea. A new strain of Phlox Drummondii with flowers over an inch in diameter in beautiful soft art shades. Height 12 inches.....Pkt., 15c; oz., \$3.50

Phlox Drummondii Gigantea. Salmon Glory. Salmon pink with creamy eye.....Pkt., 25c; oz., \$4.00

Nana Compacta. A dwarf variety, growing only about 8 inches high. Excellent for bedding, or edging. Rose, scarlet, salmon, white and mixed colors. Crop failed.

Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.00



Pyrethrum Painted Daisy

PHLOX

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms May to September

Decussata. A hardy herbaceous perennial, bearing large heads of beautiful flowers of many colors. Height 2½ feet. Mixed colors. Pkt., 15c; oz., \$2.50

PYRETHRUM

Perennial—Culture "E"

Roseum. Also known as "Painted Daisy." Single and double Daisy-shaped flowers with yellow centers. In a wide range of colors, and blooms from May to July. Fine for cutting. Height 15 inches..Pkt., 20c; oz., \$3.50

RUDBECKIA

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms June to November

Strong, quick growing annual, bearing immense quantities of yellow cone-shaped flowers for planting in clumps or among shrubbery.

Bicolor Superba. This variety is often called Brown-Eyed Susan. Yellow with brown center. Height 3 feet.

Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.00

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms June to November

Hirta. (Black Eyed Susan). A useful perennial, with bright yellow flowers with black centers. Height 2 feet.

Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.00

Laciniata. (Golden Ball). A hardy perennial with ball-shaped yellow flowers.....Pkt., 20c

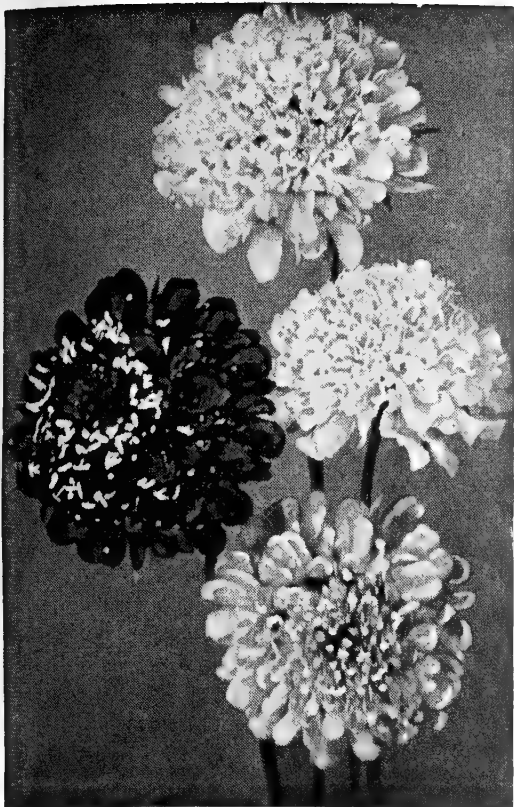
Salvia

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms June to Frost

This annual maintains its popularity because of its picturesque effect in beds or borders. Flowers are composed of spikes of tubular florets of bright scarlet. Blue Salvias are perennials, while less showy than the scarlet are most attractive, will bloom the first season if started early indoors.

Bonfire. The finest Salvia for bedding. Very compact, oval bushes, with long spikes of brilliant scarlet flowers. Gorgeous effects can be produced with massed Bonfire Salvia. Height 2½ feet.....Pkt., 10c; oz., \$3.50

Tait's Thorobred Flower Seeds



Giant Scabiosa

SALVIA—Continued

America. Probably the earliest of the Salvias, producing long, flaming scarlet flower-spikes. Height 15 inches. Pkt., 15c; oz., \$4.50

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms June to Frost

The perennial Salvias with their spikes of blue are most attractive, and will bloom the first season if started early indoors.

Patens—Blue Sage. This tender perennial is not useful for bedding, but is a beautiful plant for the border or greenhouse. Height 2 feet..Pkt., 20c

Farinacea—Blue Sage. A perennial variety, but best grown as an annual. Seeds sown in the open ground in May bloom from July to frost. Flowers light blue. Height 2 feet. Pkt., 20c

SAND VERBENA (See Abronia).

SCABIOSA

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms June to October

The flowers of double annual Scabiosa or "Pincushion Flower" are very beautiful. Of most attractive form and lovely coloring. Height 2 feet.

Peace. Pure white flowers of enormous size, often measuring 3 inches. Pkt., 20c; oz., \$2.25

Blue Cockade. Beautiful deep blue. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c

Black Prince. Very dark purple. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c

Salmon Beauty. Salmon pink. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c

Mixed Colors......Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms June to November

Caucasica, Isaac House Hybrids. A pretty and desirable perennial, sometimes called Blue Bonnet or "Pincushion Flower" on account of its shape. The very large blossoms are borne on long stems and are especially good for cut flowers. An excellent strain in shades from lavender to dark blue. Height 3 feet. Pkt., 20c; oz., \$4.00

SCARLET RUNNER
Annual—Culture "A", Blooms June to November
An ornamental annual of the bean family, producing dazzling scarlet flowers. The beans are edible when dried. Height 20 feet. Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 50c

SCARLET SAGE (See Salvia).
SCHIZANTHUS
Annual—Culture "B", Blooms May to June
Dainty, erect annual with finely cut leaves and showy butterfly-like flowers. Valuable for pot culture and bedding. Height 1½ feet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c

SIBERIAN WALLFLOWER (See Cheiranthus).

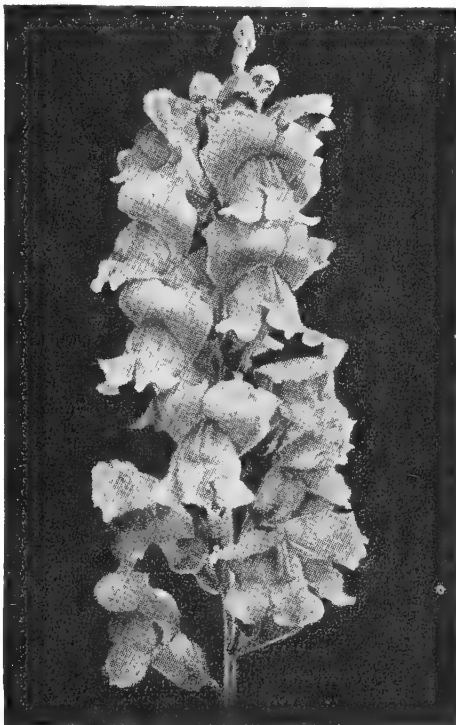
Snapdragon

Beautiful Giant Rust-Proof Antirrhinum

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms May to November

It is easy to grow Snapdragons if you plant rust-proof varieties.

This wonderful group of giant Rust-Proof Antirrhinums surpasses anything yet introduced. The flowers are of magnificent size and closely



Giant Snapdragon Rosalie

placed on the spike. One of our finest perennials, and if the seeds are sown early, will bloom the first year. Height 2 feet.

Snowflake	Pkt.	½ Oz.	Oz.
Lovely white....	\$0.10	\$0.65	\$4.25
Swing Time. Rose, with white tube	.10	.65	4.25
Canary Bird. Canary-yellow ..	.10	.65	4.25
Crimson Monarch. Fiery crimson...	.10	.65	4.25
Rosalie. Lovely rose.....	.10	.65	4.25
Golden Rod. Golden yellow...	.10	.65	4.25
Copper King. Coppery scarlet.	.10	.65	4.25
Loveliness. Soft pink.....	.10	.65	4.25
A fine mixture of above colors.....	.10	.60	4.00

MINIATURE SNAPDRAGON (See Linaria)

STOKESIA
Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms May to October
Cyanea. A beautiful light-blue perennial growing 3 to 4 inches across and somewhat resembling Cornflower and Single Aster. Splendid for borders or cutting. Height 1½ feet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 70c

SMILAX
Perennial—Culture "E"
A tender perennial, and most graceful climber for greenhouse or conservatory. Height 6 feet..Pkt., 10c
SNOW IN SUMMER (See Cerastium).
SNOW-ON-THE-MOUNTAIN (See Euphorbia).
SPIDER FLOWER (See Cleome).
SPEEDWELL (See Veronica).

STATICE
Annual—Culture "A", Blooms June to Frost
Sinuata. An annual bearing clusters of flowers borne gracefully on long wiry stems. One of the everlasting and can be dried for winter bouquets. Height 2½ feet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c
Mixed ColorsPkt., 10c; oz., 60c

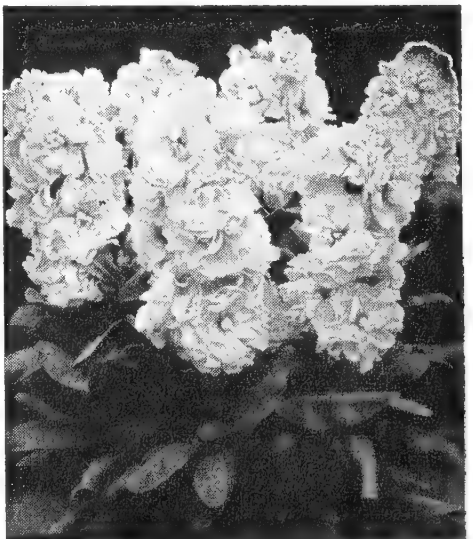
BROMPTON STOCK
Biennial—Culture "E", Blooms May to July
A half-hardy biennial of branching habit, bearing huge spikes of large double fragrant flowers. For use in the open, it is valuable only in mild climates. Height 2 feet. Pkt., 25c

GIANT IMPERIAL STOCK
Annual—Culture "A", Blooms May to July

This annual long has been considered invaluable by gardeners, being admirably adapted for bedding, massing, edging or ribboning. There are few sights more beautiful than a fine bed of these plants in full bloom. The duration and delicate fragrance of the flowers commend it very strongly for pot culture in the house. If desired for early use, sow the seed indoors and transplant when the ground becomes warm, forcing with weak liquid manure.

Giant Imperial. Is an improved strain of Double Early Bismarck. This exceedingly beautiful variety produces immense spikes of flowers in great profusion.

	Pkt.	½ Oz.	¼ Oz.	Oz.
Blue	\$0.15	\$0.45	\$0.85	\$3.00
Pink . . . . .	.15	.45	.85	3.00
White . . . . .	.15	.45	.85	3.00
Red . . . . .	.15	.45	.85	3.00
Rose . . . . .	.15	.45	.85	3.00
Yellow . . . . .	.15	.45	.85	3.00
Mixed colors .15	.45	.85	3.00	

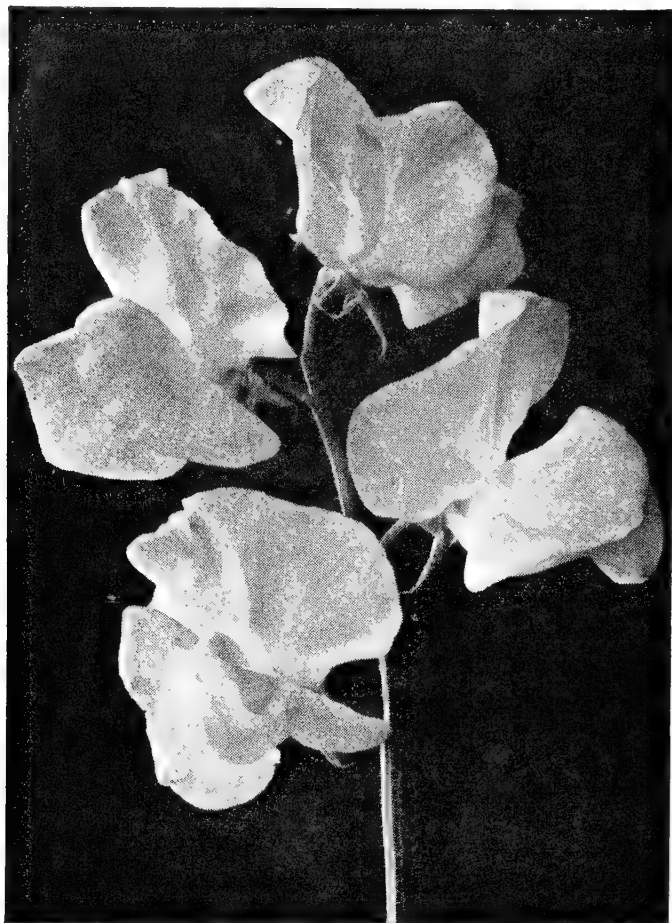


Giant Imperial Stock

Tait's Thorobred Giant Spencer Sweet Peas

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms May to July

The Giant Summer Flowering Spencer type, with its waved and fluted petals, which usually produces four blooms to the stem, has become one of our most popular annual flowers. While the Early Flowering sorts may be sown out-of-doors, they are usually sown in greenhouses for winter blooming.



Giant Spencer Sweet Pea "Pinkie"

In the latitude of Norfolk, Sweet Peas are sown in the late fall as well as in the early spring. To secure the large flowers and brilliant colors, sow the seeds 3 inches deep in a rich soil that has been heavily manured, and in a location where the plants will get plenty of sunshine. Pick the blooms regularly, and they will bear longer. Peat moss makes a good mulch for Sweet Peas. If green aphids or lice attack the plants, spray with Black Leaf 40.

EARLY FLOWERING SPENCER SWEET PEAS

Especially recommended for winter growing in greenhouses, but can be successfully grown out of doors in southern states. The eleven varieties listed below have been selected for their beautiful coloring, large size, and long stems. Any of the below varieties, **pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.15; lb., \$4.00 postpaid.**

Ball's Rose Improved. Exquisite rose pink.
Treasure Island. Glistening golden orange.
Lavanda. Lovely clear lavender.
Mrs. Herbert Hoover. Bright California blue.
Daphney. Soft salmon pink.

Shirley Temple. Soft rose pink.
Red Giant. Glowing bright crimson.
Grenadier. Dazzling poppy-scarlet.
Bridesmaid. Lovely silvery pink.
Balls White. Pure waxy white.

TAIT'S THOROBRED MIXTURE EARLY FLOWERING SPENCER SWEET PEAS

A mixture of about twenty-five splendid sorts well blended. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 95c; 1 lb., \$3.50, postpaid.**

GIANT RUFFLED SPENCER SWEET PEAS

As the name suggests, the flowers of this variety are beautifully frilled or ruffled. Any of the varieties named below: **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.75, postpaid.**

Ruffled Carmine. Pkt., 10c	Ruffled Orchid. Rosy lavender. Pkt., 10c
Ruffled Crimson Rich crimson..... Pkt., 10c	Ruffled Pink. Clear pink. Pkt., 10c
Ruffled Blue. Mid-blue, shading darker ... Pkt., 10c	Ruffled Rose. Soft rose. Pkt., 10c
Ruffled Exquisite. Salmon-cerise Pkt., 10c	Ruffled White. Pure white Pkt., 10c

MIXTURE GIANT SPENCER SWEET PEAS

A mixture of over fifty of the most beautiful varieties, highly complimented in all parts of the country. Nothing better in mixture can be had at any price. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 70c; 1 lb., \$2.50, postpaid.**

TAIT'S GIANT SPENCER SWEET PEAS

Any of the named varieties in separate colors: **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.75, postpaid.**

Blue

Amethyst. Bright clear amethyst blue.
Capri. Light blue.
Reflection. Chinese blue.
Flagship. Dark blue.

Cream

Giant Cream. Cream.
What Joy. Deep cream.

Lavender

Ambition. Deep lavender-lilac.
Powerscourt. Pure lavender.
Lavender King. Rich lavender.

Maroon

The Sultan. Glowing blackish maroon.
Warrior. Dark reddish maroon.

Orange

Barbara. Orange-salmon.
Pirate Gold. Golden orange.
Colorado. Bright orange.

Picotée

Youth. White, edged bluish-pink.
Sunkist. Cream, edged with pink.

Pink

Extasy. Shell-pink, white ground.
Peggy Ann. Attractive salmon pink.
Cavalcade. Salmon rose shaded gold.
Silver Jubilee. Attractive soft pink.
Janet Fiveash. Dazzling pink.
Pinkie. Bright pink.
Rosie. Bright rose-pink.
Prolific. Bright rose pink.
Smiles. Shrimp-pink, shaded salmon.

Purple

Olympia. Royal purple.

Red

Supreme Red. Deep crimson.
Welcome. Orange-scarlet, shaded cerise.
Miss Norfolk. Dazzling fiery scarlet.
Rubicund. Dazzling crimson.

Rose

Bonnie Brier. Large bright glistening rose pink.
Charming. Rosy cerise.
Damask Rose. Old rose.
Mrs. A. Searles. Salmon-rose-cerise.

White

Snowball. Glistening pure white.
Sextet Queen. Blush-white, black seeded.

HARDY SWEET PEAS (See page 50)

NEW SPENCER SWEET PEAS

Spring Flowering

A new class of sweet introduced two years ago to resist heat and give a longer blooming season. Blue, lavender, rose, white.

Pkt., 25c; oz., 75c; lb., \$6.00

SUNFLOWER—HELIANTHUS

Strong growing annuals that are useful for massing in shrubbery or borders, or for screens. They do well in sunny positions, and in any kind of soil.

Double Chrysanthemum - Flowered. A wonderful sunflower, strikingly beautiful Chrysanthemum-like double golden yellow blooms, more than 6 inches across. Height 7 feet.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c

Single Red or Gaillardia-Flowered. A tall Red Sunflower growing from 5 to 7 feet, bearing deep red, and red and yellow flowers 4 to 5 inches in diameter.....**Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c**

Single Mammoth Russian. Large yellow flowers with dark centers often more than 12 inches in diameter. Height 8 feet.....**Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c**

Sweet William

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms May and June
An annual variety of this popular favorite. The hardy plants form erect tufts and bear handsome broad clusters of blossoms like little Pinks with delicately fringed petals. Height 15 inches.

Single Giant Annual. Mixed colors.
Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 40c; oz., \$2.25

Biennial—Culture "G", Blooms April to June
An old-fashioned biennial of easy culture, with broad, flat clusters of fragrant flowers in many brilliant colors. Height 15 inches.

Single Giant Perennial. Red, pink beauty, Newport pink, scarlet beauty, white, crimson with white eye, and mixed colors.
Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 40c; oz., \$2.25

Double Giant Perennial. Red, rose, pink and mixed colors....Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 40c; oz., \$2.25

SWEET SULTAN

Annual—Culture "B", Blooms May and June
Charming, sweet-scented, artistic-shaped flowers borne on long strong stems and when cut will stand for several days in good condition. It is best in the latitude of Norfolk to sow very early in the spring, so that they may perfect their flowers before very hot weather comes. Hardy annual. Height 2 1/2 ft.

	Per pkt.
Brilliant Rose	\$0.10
Amaranth-Red .....	.10
Deep Lavender .....	.10
Delicate Lavender .....	.10
Pure White .....	.10
Finest Mixed Colors .....	.10

SWEET WIVELSFIELD

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms May to July
A cross between Dianthus Allwoodi and Sweet William. Very hardy and free-flowering. Height 12 ins.....Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.00

TAGETES (See Marigold).

TORENIA

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms May to November
Fournieri. Tiny, tender annual, orchid shaped, and the sky-blue flowers are spotted dark blue, with bright yellow throat. Height 12 ins.

Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.50

TUBEROSE (See page 64).

THUNBERGIA

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms May to October
Pretty trailing half hardy annual plants, mostly used for window boxes, hanging baskets and vases. Very striking and effective colors ranging from white to bright orange, the center always dark. It prefers a warm, sunny situation. Height 4 feet.

Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.25

THRIFT or SEA PINK (See Armeria).

TIGRIDIA

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms June to September
The blooms of this exotic annual are 4 inches across and come in shades of yellow and orange, with purple spots. Height 1 1/2 ft. Mixed colorsPkt., 15c; oz., \$5.00

VERONICA

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms May and June
A dependable perennial bearing long spikes of showy flowers.
Longifolia. This popular variety has long spikes of blue flowers. Height 2 feet.....Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.75
Spicata. A popular flower for the hardy border. Covered all summer with spikes of bright blue flowers. Height 18 in.....Pkt., 15c; oz., \$3.00

VISCARIA

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms June to September
An attractive annual with pale green leaves bearing terminal flowers of carmine-pink, resembling tiny single wild roses. Height 12 ins.
Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c



Verbena

Verbena

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms May to November

A magnificent half-hardy perennial of robust, compact habit and free-blooming. The trusses are immense, the individual florets of ten measuring an inch in diameter. Invaluable as a bedding plant. Few flowers are better for window boxes, since it is never out of bloom during the season. Although perennial, they bloom from seed the first year, flowering in July if sown in May. The best method of planting is to sow the seed in boxes or hotbeds early in March and transplant when all danger of frost is past. Height 6 ins.

HYBRIDA GRANDIFLORA:

	Pkt.	1/8 Oz.	Oz.		Pkt.	1/8 Oz.	Oz.
Pink	\$0.10	\$0.50	\$3.00	Blue with White Eye.....	.10	.50	3.00
Scarlet .....	.10	.50	3.00	Violet with White Eye.....	.10	.50	3.00
Spectrum Red.....	.10	.50	3.00	Red with Creamy Eye.....	.10	.50	3.00
Yellow .....	.10	.50	3.00	Mixed colors.....	.10	.40	2.50
White .....	.10	.50	3.00				

Viola

Perennial—Culture "A", Blooms April

Cornuta. A lovely little flower of the violet type, but larger with slightly ruffled petals, and longer stems. Height 8 inches.

Chantreyland. Pure apricot.
Pkt., 15c; 1/4 oz., \$1.75

Blue Perfection. Bright blue.
Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., \$1.00

Papilio. Deep violet purple.
Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 75c

White Perfection. Pure white.
Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 75c

Mixed Colors....Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 75c

VINCA

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms June to November

A popular flower because of its glossy dark green foliage and profusion of blooms. The blossoms are somewhat like those of Phlox, but larger and not borne in clusters. In warm climates it is a tender perennial. In colder sections they are treated as annuals for late summer and autumn blooming. Height 1 ft.

	Pkt.	Oz.
Rose	\$0.10	\$1.25
White, Rose eye .....	.10	1.25
White .....	.10	1.25
Mixed Colors .....	.10	1.00

Wallflower

Annual—Culture "A", Blooms May to July

The flowers of the annual Wallflower are equal in size to those of the perennial varieties and if the seed is sown in the early spring will bloom in June. Their indifference to heat and drought adds to their value in the South. Height 15 ins.

Single Annual Early Paris.
Mixed colors....Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.00

Double Annual Early Wonder.
Mixed colors Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.00

Perennial—Culture "E", Blooms April to July

This well-known perennial, with its delightfully fragrant spikes of single and double blossoms, is one of our earliest spring flowers. Plant hardy and will endure very low temperature. Colors include yellow, light brown, and blood-red. Height 18 inches.

Single Perennial. Mixed colors.
Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.00

Double Perennial. Mixed colors.

Siberian Wallflower (See Cheiranthus, page 52).

WINDFLOWER (See Anemone).

Tait's Thorobred ZINNIAS

Youth and Old Age

Annual—Culture "A"—Blooms May to frost

The value of the Zinnia as a garden or cut flower cannot be stressed too highly. It is one of the most popular annuals with garden lovers, and can be had from the picturesque miniature variety, less than one inch in diameter, to the stately Giant type, which often measures 5 to 6 inches across. Zinnias thrive in any good rich garden soil where they get a few hours of sun each day—and come in many types with a wide range of color.

Tait's Giant Dahlia-Flowered Zinnias

This splendid Giant Dahlia-flowered type produces mammoth flowers 4 to 6 inches across, and 2 to 4 inches deep, and makes a wonderful show in the garden. Height 2 to 3 feet.

Canary Bird. Very large flowers of deep creamy yellow. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25
Crimson Monarch. Immense flowers of flaming crimson. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25
Dream. Deep lavender-blue.

Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25
Exquisite. Light rose, with deep rose center.

Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25
Golden Dawn. A pure clear golden-yellow.

Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25
Golden State. Rich orange-yellow.

Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25
Illumination. Deep rose self.

Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25
Luminosa. Bright pink suffused with salmon.

Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25
Lemon Beauty. Best described as a soft yellow on brown.

Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25
Will Rogers. Brilliant glowing scarlet.

Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25
Giant Dahlia-Flowered, Mixed Colors. A well-blended mixture of the above colors.

Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c; ½ oz., 55c; oz., \$1.00



Giant Dahlia Flowered Zinnia Luminosa

Oriole. A striking two-color flower, orange and gold.

Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25

Polar Bear. Pure white.

Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25

Purple Prince. Deep rhodanthé-purple.

Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25

DAHLIA-FLOWERED COLLECTION—1 pkt. each of the above separate colors, 95c.
 Any ten, 65c.

Cut-and-Come-Again Zinnias

One of the best Zinnias for bedding. They form bushy, compact plants not over 2 feet high and bear medium double flowers in good clear distinct colors.

Canary. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c.

Flesh-Pink. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c.

Orange. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c.

Scarlet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c.

Salmon-Rose. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c.

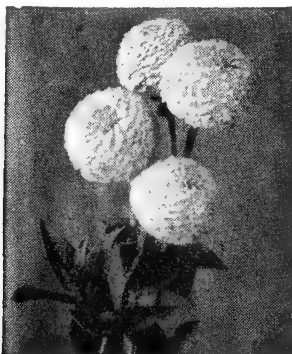
White. Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c.

Mixed Collection. One packet each of the above 6 sorts, value, 60c for 40c.

Early Wonder Zinnias

An early flowering type, producing masses of Pumila type flowers. Height 18 inches.

Gypsy. Deep orange. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.00.



Zinnia Lilliput

Dwarf Lilliput Zinnias

A dwarf type with branching habit bearing very small ball-shaped flowers 1 to 1½ inches across that are quite attractive. Height 15 in.

Canary Gem. Canary-yellow Pkt., 10c;

¼ oz., 30c; ½ oz., 55c; oz., \$1.00

Scarlet Gem. Rich scarlet. Pkt., 10c;

¼ oz., 30c; ½ oz., 55c; oz., \$1.00

Salmon Gem. Salmon rose. Pkt., 10c;

¼ oz., 30c; ½ oz., 55c; oz., \$1.00

Pink Gem. Bright pink. Pkt., 10c;

¼ oz., 30c; ½ oz., 55c; oz., \$1.00

Golden Gem. Golden orange. Pkt., 10c;

¼ oz., 30c; ½ oz., 55c; oz., \$1.00

White Gem. Pkt., 10c;

¼ oz., 30c; ½ oz., 55c; oz., \$1.00

Mixed Colors.

1 pkt. each of 5 separate colors, 40c

Gracillima. (Red Riding Hood). Deep scarlet miniature free-flowering flowers. ¾ inch across. Height 1 ft. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.50.

Fantasy Zinnias

An attractive Zinnia of medium size, with Chrysanthemum-like flowers, composed of a mass of shaggy, ray-like petals, and are borne on long stems. Height 18 inches.

Wildfire. Rich dazzling scarlet. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.50.

Star Dust. Dainty pale yellow. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.25.

White Light. White. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.25.

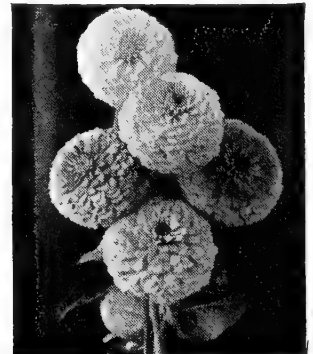
Mixed Colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.25.

Crown O'Gold Zinnias

Each petal of this type flower is overlaid with a deep yellow at the base, while carrying out the individual flower color at the tip. Height 2 feet.

Desert Gold. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.00.

Mixed Colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$2.00.



Zinnia Cut-and-Come-Again

Zinnias are one of our specialties, and in our list will be found the most up to date and beautiful varieties.

Tait's Thorobred Giant ZINNIAS

Tait's California Giant Zinnias

The flowers of this strain are somewhat larger than the Dahlia-Flowered, with more loosely placed petals and slightly longer stems. Height 2½ to 3½ feet.

Cerise Queen. A pleasing shade of cerise-rose. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25.

Enchantress. Light rose, with center of deeper rose. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25.

Daffodil. Beautiful golden yellow—splendid. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25.

Miss Willmott. Soft pink shade of La-France-rose. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25.

Orange King. Deep orange. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25.

Purity. A clear pure white. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25.

Brightness. Beautiful clear pink. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25.

Rose Queen. Bright rose, with deep center. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25.

Grenadier. A pleasing shade of dark red. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25.

Violet Queen. A pleasing shade of violet. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.25.

Giants of California. Mixed colors. A well-blended mixture of all colors. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c; ½ oz., 55c; oz., \$1.00.



California Giant Zinnia, Cerese Queen

CALIFORNIA GIANT COLLECTION

1 pkt. of each of the above separate colors, 65c; any five, 35c.

Giant Exhibition Decorative Dahlias



Decorative Dahlia
Clara Carder

AUTUMN SUNSET. An attractive shade of yellow, tinged with red. Height 5 feet.....50c each, postpaid

CLARA CARDER. Mammoth flowers of cyclamen pink. Height 5 feet.....50c each, postpaid

CALIFORNIA IDOL. Clear lemon yellow. A consistent winner. Height 5 feet.....40c each, postpaid

DELWOOD GLORIOUS. Clear bright pink. Always attracts attention. Height 5 feet.....40c each, postpaid

FIREBALL. Large dazzling fiery scarlet flowers. Height 5 feet.....50c each, postpaid

MAD RIVER CHIEF. Striking large dark velvety red flowers. Height 5 feet.....50c each, postpaid

MISS OAKLAND. A splendid white Dahlia. Height 5 feet.....50c each, postpaid

MONARCH OF THE EAST. Giant flowers of a pleasing shade of buff. Height 5 feet.....65c each, postpaid

OAKVIEW MONARCH. Beautiful shade of cerise red. Very large. Height 5 feet.....65c each, postpaid

PURPLE WONDER. A pleasing shade of purple. Height 5 feet.....50c each, postpaid

RED SUNSET. Unusually beautiful flowers of bright garnet red. Height 5 feet.....50c each, postpaid

SAN FRANCISCO. Lovely Shrimp pink. Height 5 feet. 50c each, postpaid

Satisfy Your Longing for a Garden Full of Dahlias for Only \$1.50 Postpaid

Large Outstanding Decorative Dahlias that will Give a Wealth of Bloom All Season

Avalon. Rich lemon yellow.

Bashful Giant. Apricot.

Coquette. Red and gold.

Eleanor Vandevere. Rose pink.

Jean Kerr. White.

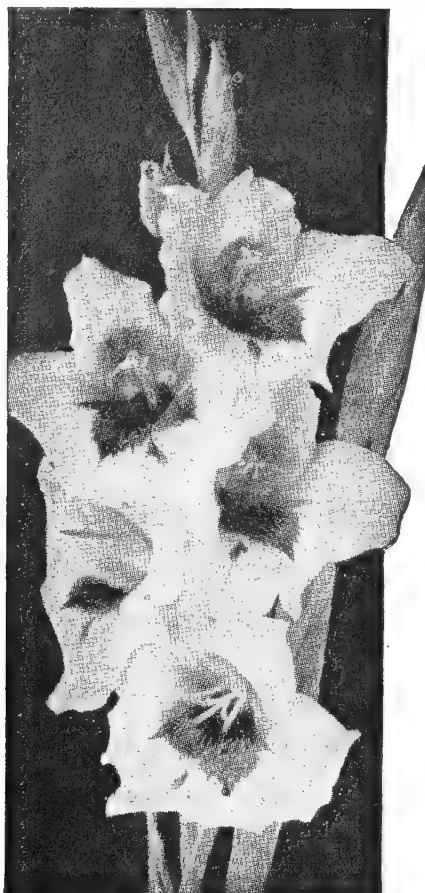
Mrs. J. Gardner Cassatt. Carmine.

Robert Treat. American beauty red.

Rose Fallon. Old Gold.

Rose Glory. Rosy lavender.

ANY OF THE ABOVE SPLENDID DAHLIAS, 20c EACH, OR THE COLLECTION OF NINE \$1.50, POSTPAID



Gladiolus, Mrs. Frank Pendleton

Tait's Giant Flowering Gladiolus

The most brilliant and showy of summer flowering bulbs. Their immense spikes of gorgeous blooms range in color from white through shades of red, purple and yellow, many with artistic markings. Will grow in any good garden soil, and require little care. The bulbs should be planted at intervals from April to June to secure a succession of blooms.

Choice Named Gladiolus

- Minuet.** Considered tops in lavender colored Gladiolus.
Cardinal. Magnificent tall spikes with huge scarlet flowers.
Giant Nymph. Light rose, with creamy yellow throat. A great favorite.
Golden Dream. One of the best bright golden yellow Gladiolus.
Mrs. Frank Pendleton. Lovely pink, with dark blotch at throat.
Beacon. Slightly ruffled rosy scarlet, with cream blotch.
Betty Nuttall. Attractive large flowers of coral pink with cream shading.
Debonair. Light pink with white throat. Will be more popular when better known.
Maid of Orleans. One of the best large flowering white Gladiolus.
Picardy. Slightly ruffled immense flowers of delicate apricot pink. The most outstanding Gladiolus to date.
Crimson Wonder. Large flowers of soft crimson. Always attracts attention.
Blue Bird. Large flowers of lovely velvety violet blue.
Pride of Virginia. A pleasing shade of rose pink, with dark blotch at throat.

Any of the above splendid Gladiolus:
 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$7.50 per 100, delivered

TAIT'S THOROBRED Mixture of Gladiolus

This mixture of Gladiolus is composed of over fifty different shades and colors, and when massed produce a most gorgeous effect

85c per doz.;
 \$6.50 per 100,
 delivered.

Herbaceous Peonies

Peonies, the "Queen of Spring Flowers," are too well known to require description, and their present popularity is due to the great improvement in them in recent years. They are most desirable for the lawn, flower-border or shrubbery decoration. The handsome appearance of the plant and finely formed richly colored flowers, make it a most desirable flower. Letters after names indicate: **E**—Early, **M**—Midseason, **L**—Late.

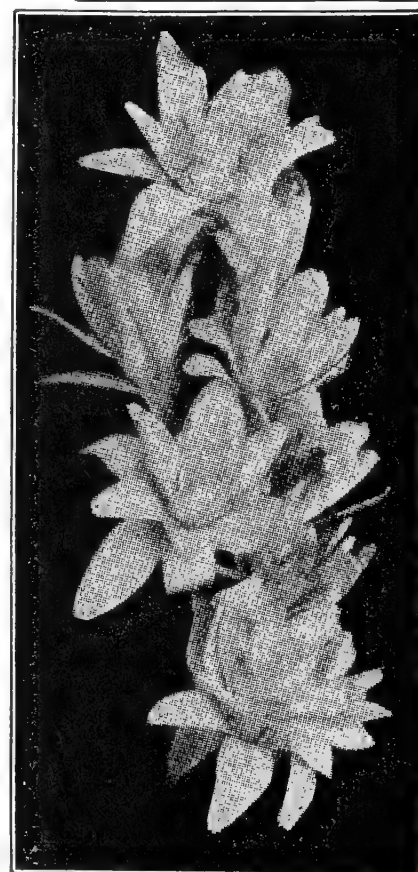
- Matchless - M.** Bright Crimson. Very handsome. 60c each; \$6.50 per doz., postpaid.
Festiva Maxima - E. Handsome snow-white flowers with occasional markings of red in the center. **Crop Failed.**
Loveliness - E. Large globular flowers of a rose-pink. One of the best pink Peonies. 60c each; \$6.50 per doz., postpaid.
Pink Beauty - M. Clear pink. 60c each; \$6.50 per doz., postpaid.
Crimson Gem - M. Dark crimson. Very showy. 60c each; \$6.50 per doz., postpaid.
Rosy Morn - L. A magnificent flower of deep rose-pink. 60c each; \$6.50 per doz., postpaid.
Unnamed Varieties. Pink, red or white. 50c each; \$5.00 per doz., postpaid.

Tuberose

One of the most delightfully fragrant and beautiful of summer-flowering bulbs, and is so well known that it needs no description.

Culture: Tuberose may be planted any time from the middle of April to the middle of June in any rich, well-drained soil, and where they can have abundance of sunshine. The bulbs should be set so that the tops will not be more than 2 inches under the surface of the ground, and as the flower stalks shoot up, some light support should be provided to prevent damage by storms.

Double Pearl. The flower spikes of this variety attain a height of 2 feet or more and are compactly filled for a third of their length with perfectly double flowers that have the waxlike substance of a Camellia, of glistening white. 75c per doz.; \$5.00 per 100, postpaid.



Tuberose, Double Pearl

Elephant Ears

(Caladium Esculentum)

Few foliage plants are so useful as the Caladium, and none require less attention after planting. Their magnificent leaves furnish the best possible background for grouping.

Culture: For the best results, the bulbs should be planted in well-drained rich soil from the middle of April to the middle of May. In dry weather the plants should be well watered, the top of the bulb being set about 5 inches under the surface.

Mammoth Bulbs. 70c each; \$7.00 per doz., postpaid.

Large Bulbs. 40c each; \$4.00 per doz., postpaid.

Small Bulbs. 25c each; \$2.50 per doz., postpaid.

Germaco Hotkaps

F. O. B. Norfolk



Mean
Earlier Crops
Bigger Profits

Try Some This
Spring



FROST can't hurt

HOTKAPS eliminate weather and insect damage. These patented wax paper cones form miniature hothouses over each plant, promote sturdy growth and bring crops to maturity 2 to 3 weeks earlier. Thousands of farmers are getting premium prices, making big money every year by using HOTKAPS. Inexpensive to buy. Easy to set out. One man can place 2000 or more per day.



RAIN can't harm



INSECTS can't touch

1,000 to carton...	\$11.00 per M
5,000	10.75 per M
10,000	10.50 per M
25,000	10.25 per M
Steel Setter and Tamper..	\$1.35
Fiber Board Setter.....	.15
Not prepaid	

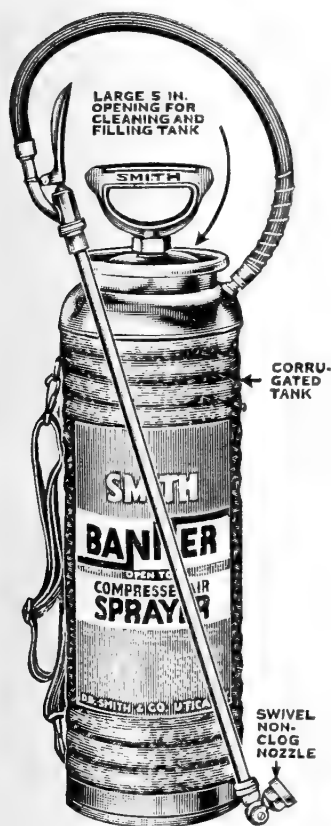
HOME GARDEN PACKAGE

The Home Garden Package has been prepared for those who desire earlier flowers and vegetables, and contains 25 full-size HOTKAPS, nested in a cardboard setter. Be sure to get a package and try them out this year. **Per pkg., 65c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 50c.**

Trial Package, 100 Hotkaps, Setter & Tamper, \$2.35, postpaid. Not prepaid, \$1.95.
Trial Package, 250 Hotkaps, Setter & Tamper, \$3.95, postpaid. Not prepaid, \$3.50.

SPRAYERS and DUSTERS for APPLYING INSECTICIDES and FUNGICIDES

SMITH BANNER SPRAYER



A splendid open top, 4 gal. compressed air sprayer, made of zincrip galvanized iron corrugated, complete with hose, brass extension rod, and swivel non-clog nozzle like illustration.

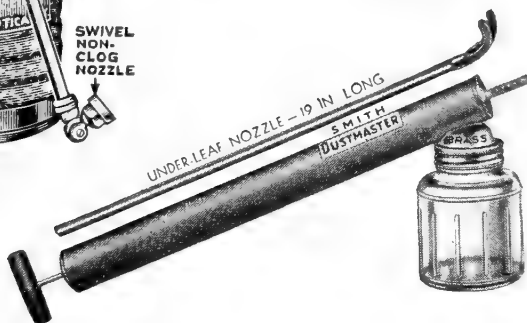
Banner No. 22 GO. \$7.75, postpaid. Not postpaid, \$7.20.

Order

Your Sprayers

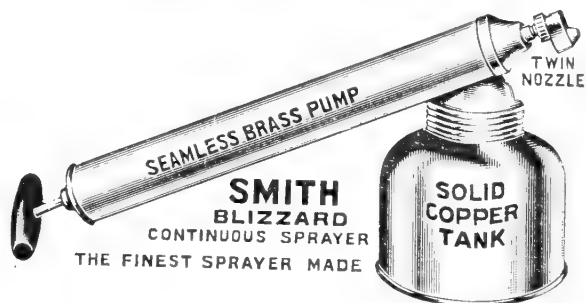
Early

DUSTMASTER



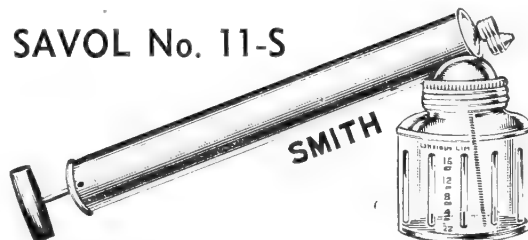
A high grade small duster with 20 inch pump chamber and extension rod with reversible nozzle. It is made of heavy sheet tin, with 1 quart glass dust tank. Has mason fruit jar treads which makes replacement easy. **\$1.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, \$1.25.**

THE NEW SMITH STREAMLINE BLIZZARD



The world's best small continuous sprayer. It has 1 quart solid copper tank, with seamless brass pump and twin nozzle. **\$2.75, postpaid. Not postpaid, \$2.50.**

SAVOL No. 11-S



A good moderately priced continuous sprayer with all working parts brass and 1 quart glass tank. Has mason fruit jar threads which makes replacement easy. **\$1.40, postpaid. Not prepaid, \$1.15.**



SPRAYMASTER No. 155

A splendid 3 quart continuous sprayer, made of rust-proof armco zincrip steel. All working parts, including twin nozzles, are brass. **\$2.35 postpaid. Not prepaid, \$2.00.**

Remedies for Insects, Fungus, and Rodents

Write for Free Spraying Guide. Circular describing any of the insecticides named below mailed free on request.

ALL PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

Antrol—Ant Killer. A new method and sure way to get rid of ants with Antrol syrup. It kills the ants in their nest. Patent glass containers keep syrup at highest efficiency. Easy to use. Adapted to the home or garden. **Ready filled sets, 55c each; regular sets, 85c each, postpaid. Not prepaid, ready filled sets, 40c; regular sets, 60c each.**

Ant-X Ant Traps (Thallium). A safe and sanitary method for controlling both sweet eating and grease eating ants. **30c each, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25c.**

Ant-X Jelly Bait (Thallium). An effective bait for destroying all species of sweet eating ants. **40c and \$1.10 each, postpaid. Not prepaid, 35c and \$1.00 each.**

Arasan. An organic disinfectant and protectant for various seeds, especially peanuts. See page 42. **1 oz., 20c; 8 ozs., 90c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 1 oz., 16c; 8 ozs., 80c; 4 lbs., \$5.16.**

Arsenate of Lead. The most popular arsenical insecticide for killing insects on fruit trees, vegetables, and tobacco. Can be used as dust or spray. **½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 45c; 4 lbs., 95c; postpaid. Not prepaid, ½ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 30c; 4 lbs., 75c.**

Black Flag. An old household remedy for killing roaches and ants. **15c and 30c postpaid. Not prepaid, 10c and 25c.**

Black Leaf "40". A concentrated solution of nicotine sulphate for spraying fruit trees or plants. It destroys soft-bodied sucking insects. Especially good for all varieties of aphids. **1 oz., 40c; 5 ozs., \$1.15; 2 lbs., \$3.75; 5 lbs., \$7.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 1 oz., 36c; 5 ozs., \$1.05; 2 lbs., \$3.50; 5 lbs., \$6.70.**

Bordeaux Mixture. Prevents large losses caused by blight, rot, mildew, scab, anthracnose and certain other fungous diseases. It stimulates plant growth and greatly increases the harvests. Almost every kind of vegetable, fruit and shrub can be greatly improved by the early use of Bordeaux Mixture. **1 lb., 50c; 4 lbs., 95c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 1 lb., 30c; 4 lbs., 75c.**

2% Ceresan. For Cotton (See page 42).

New Improved Ceresan. For Grain (See page 39).

Crow Repellent. Protects corn from damage by crows, other corn pulling birds, and moles. Aids germination, saves loss of seed, and assists in preventing seed rot. (½ pint treats 1 bushel of corn). **½ pint, 75c; pint, \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, ½ pint, 60c; pint, \$1.00; quart, \$1.75.**

Cyanogas A—Dust. For killing rats, mice, moles, squirrels, ants and other farm pests. **½ lb., 55c; 1 lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$3.20, postpaid. Not prepaid, ½ lb., 45c; 1 lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.00.**

Cyanogas G—Fumigant. For fumigation of green houses, bulbs in storage (gladioli, narcissus, tulips, etc.), mushroom houses, flour mills, warehouses, and for grain fumigation. **5 lb. can, \$3.20, postpaid. Not prepaid, \$3.00.**

Dogzoff. Keeps dogs away. Safeguards flowers, shrubs and trees. **75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 60c.**

Dusting Sulphur. Keep your Roses free from mildew, black spot, leaf spot, and other hideous fungous diseases. Acme M-S-R Dusting Sulphur is a tonic for roses, chrysanthemums, phlox, delphiniums, sweet peas, lilacs, snapdragons, and carnations. **2 lbs. sifter can, 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 30c.**

Flea-Not Powder. An excellent powder to rid pets of fleas, and lice. Non-irritating and odorless. **30c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25c.**

DDT

Dichloro-diphenyl-trichloroethane

The wide publicity which has been given DDT has resulted in much confusion. It is not a cure-all, but when properly used in the right proportions will kill and keep away flies, mosquitoes, gnats, fleas, ants, and many insects on fruits, vegetables and flowers. Be sure always to follow the instructions on the containers in which it comes. Can be used either in powder or liquid form.

Dura Dust No. 25. (A 25% DDT Dust Mixture). For control of certain insects on plants as well as flies, mosquitoes, bedbugs, fleas, ants, wasps and roaches. **1 lb. pkg., 75c; 4 lb. pkg., \$2.20; postpaid. Not prepaid, 1 lb. pkg., 60c; 4 lb. pkg., \$1.95.**

Niatox Spray. (A 5% solution of DDT). For flies, mosquitoes, gnats, clothes moths, ants, fleas, bedbugs, roaches, and other insects. Contains in addition to adequate amount of DDT another quick killing agent, and is deodorized. **1 pint can 50c; 1 quart can 95c; 1 gal. can \$3.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 1 pint 40c; 1 quart 75c; 1 gal. \$2.75. (Instructions for use on container).**

"Pest-B-Gone" Insect Spray. (Contains 20% DDT). For the garden, nursery and greenhouse, "Pest-B-Gone" is useful against many beetles, plant bugs, leafhoppers, thrips, weevils, leaf eating worms and leafrollers. Can be used for painting on screens, woodwork, garbage pails, light fixtures, and other stain resistant surfaces for houseflies and mosquitoes. Effective when sprayed on walls and floors of barns, kennels and basements to get rid of fleas. **4 oz. bottle, \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, \$1.00.**

Pratt's DDT Spray. (A 25% solution of DDT). **1½ oz. bottle, 40c; ½ pint bottle, \$1.20, postpaid. Not prepaid, 1½ oz. bottle, 35c; ½ pint bottle, \$1.00.**

Fish Oil Soap. For washing trees and destroying insects on the bark and foliage. **1 lb., 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 35c.**

Flick. A special preparation for ridding dogs of fleas and ticks. Positively kills fleas. **3 oz. size 70c; 6 oz. size \$1.10; postpaid. Not prepaid, 3 oz. size, 60c; 6 oz. size, \$1.00.**

Fruitone. The new plant hormone for spraying tomato and bean flowers for a better set of fruit. **2/5 oz. pkg., 30c; 2 oz. pkg., \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, 2/5 oz. pkg., 25c; 2 oz. pkg., \$1.00.**

Gator Roach Hives. For roaches, crickets, water bugs, silver fish. No sweeping or messy powders. **Small box of 3 hives, 20c; large box of 3 hives, 45c, postpaid. Not prepaid, small box, 15c; large box, 35c.**

Garden Guard. An insecticide and fungicide containing Pyrethrum for use as a dust. Especially recommended for use on cabbage, cauliflower, tomato, melons, flowers and shrubs. **1 lb., 35c; 4 lbs., 90c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 1 lb., 25c; 4 lbs., 75c.**

Grafting Wax. Used for grafting, budding, top working, etc. **¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 60c; postpaid. Not prepaid, ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 50c.**

Kil-O-Rat. A red squill preparation for killing rats. Harmless to domestic animals. **40c and 65c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 35c and 60c.**

Kryocide. A flourine insecticide made from Greenland Cryolite, combined with sulfur. A stomach poison for dusting only. **1 lb., 60c; 3 lbs., \$1.00; postpaid. Not prepaid, 1 lb., 50c; 3 lbs., 85c.**

Cryolite. (See Kryocide).

Larvacide (chlorpicrin). A tear gas fumigant for killing weevil moth, and other insects in grain. Will also kill rats and mice. 1 lb., \$1.75; 6 lbs., \$8.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, 1 lb., \$1.60; 6 lbs., \$8.10.

Lemon Oil. An effective insecticide for controlling soft bodied insects. Can be used in combination with fish oil soap. ½ pint, 45c; pint, 70c, postpaid. Not prepaid, ½ pint, 35c; pint, 60c.

Lime-Sulphur. A standard 33 degree Baume lime and sulphur converted into a dry powder having the effectiveness of the liquid product when dissolved in water. For use in dormant spraying against scale, peach blight, leaf curl and twig borer. Summer spraying against scab, soot, blotch, red spider and mite. 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$1.65, postpaid. Not prepaid, 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.45.

Mole-Nots. Life saver for lawns, flower and seed beds. Sure death to bulb eating, root destroying moles. 40c and \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, 35c and \$1.00.

Mouse-Nots. A meaty easily hulled, treated seed bait, which appeals to the finicky taste of mice. 30c and \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25c and \$1.00.

No-Pest. An apple base insect bait fortified with DDT for killing cut-worms, slugs, sow bugs, earwigs; grasshoppers, etc. Pkg. covers about 300 sq. ft. 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25c.

Para-Scalecide

Scalecide and Paradichlorobenzine

A liquid protection against the peach borer. 1 qt., \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, 85c.

Paris Green. A rich, emerald color and of fine fluffy physical character. Contains 55 per cent arsenous oxide, and will give quickest control where extreme measures are necessary. For use on potatoes, cotton, tobacco. ¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 70c; 5 lbs., \$2.75; postpaid. Not prepaid, ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 55c; 5 lbs., \$2.35.

Pomogreen with Nicotine. An all-in-one dust or spray fungicide composed of Sulphur with Arsenate of Lead and Nicotine. It serves as a quick acting poison for leaf-eating insects and controls mildew and black spot, and other fungous disturbances affecting roses, snapdragons, phlox, carnations, etc. Invisible on green foliage. 1 lb., 85c; 5 lbs., \$3.20, postpaid. Not prepaid, 1 lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.00.

Pomogreen without Nicotine. 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$1.95, postpaid. Not prepaid, 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$1.75.

Rat-Nots. A non-poisonous bait containing genuine Red Squill. A safe and sanitary way to exterminate rats. 30c and \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25c and \$1.00.

Red Arrow Spray. For Chewing and Sucking Insects. A non-poisonous pyrethrum spray recommended for killing practically all insects on vegetable, flower plants and fruit trees. By mail, postpaid, 1 oz. bottle, 50c; 4 oz., \$1.15. Not prepaid, 1 oz. bottle, 35c; 4 oz. bottle, \$1.00.

Roach-Not Powder. Kills roaches, ants and silver fish. 30c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25c.

Rootone. The plant hormone powder for developing better root systems, healthier plants, and for speed and sureness of rooting of cuttings. ¼ oz. pkg., 30c; 2 oz. jar, \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, ¼ oz. pkg., 25c; 2 oz. jar, \$1.00.

Scalecide. A complete dormant spray, unequalled for San Jose scale, and other orchard pests. Dilute 1 gallon to 15 gallons of water. 1 quart, 85c; 1 gallon, \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, quart, 75c; gallon, \$1.75.

Semesan. A disinfectant for the control of seed, plant, and soil disease. It increases seed germination and prevents damping off. 1/3 oz., 15c; 2 ozs., 50c; 12 oz., \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 1/3 oz., 10c; 2 ozs., 40c; 12 ozs., \$1.88.

New Improved Semesan Bel. For Potatoes (See page 28).

New Improved Semesan Jr. For Corn (See page 12).

Spergon. A non-poisonous organic chemical in yellow powder form for treating seed for damping off. Stimulates root growth, and produces healthy, vigorous seedlings. 2 ozs., 40c; 1 lb., \$2.65, postpaid. Not prepaid, 2 ozs., 33c; 1 lb., \$2.50.

Transplantone. The hormone-vitamin powder for treating plants for bigger and earlier crops. ¼ oz. pkt., 30c; 3 oz. pkg., \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, ¼ oz. pkt., 25c; 3 oz. pkg., \$1.00.

Terro. A syrup used for ridding the home of ants. Very effective. 35c each, postpaid. Not prepaid, 25c.

Tree Tanglefoot. A sticky paste for trapping crawling insects on trees and shrubs. 1 lb. covers 15 ft., 2 in. wide. 6 ozs., 55c; 1 lb., 95c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 6 ozs., 45c; 1 lb., 80c.

Tree Wound Paint. For use after pruning. Prevents infection and covers unsightly wounds. 1 pint, 40c; quart, 65c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 1 pint, 30c; quart, 50c.

Tri-O-Gen

Complete Insect Spray and Fungicide. Stimulates plant growth, prevents Black Spot. Tri-O-Gen is harmless to foliage or blooms. Convenient and pleasant to use. Triple acting.

E—Economy Kit	\$0.90
A—Small Kit	1.50
B—Medium Kit	4.00
C—Large Kit	6.00

Volck Garden. A refined oil emulsion containing nicotine that may be used on the most tender foliage with safety. Effectively controls mealy bug, white fly, red spider, aphids, thrips, scale, etc. 3 ozs., 40c; pint, \$1.15; gallon, \$5.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, 3 ozs., 35c; pint, \$1.00; gallon, \$4.50.

Weedone. A new kind of weed killer recommended for killing poison ivy, poison oak, wild morning glory, Japanese Honeysuckle, sassafras, black locust and choke cherry. 6 ozs., \$1.15; 1 qt., \$4.30, postpaid. Not prepaid, 6 ozs., \$1.00; 1 quart, \$4.00; 1 gallon, \$10.00.

Zotox. Kills crab grass without destroying lawn grass. A new liquid said to kill both the plants and seed of crab grass, and checks re-infestation. 16 oz. bottle treats 2000 sq. ft. 8 oz. bottle, \$1.15; 16 oz. bottle, \$1.75; 2 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 8 oz. bottle, \$1.00; 16 oz. bottle, \$1.50; 2 lbs., \$2.50.

INDEX

Vegetables, Field Seeds and Supplies

A	Page		Page	G	Page	O	Page		Page
Adco	47	New Imp. Ceresan ..	39	Garden Calendar ..	2	Oats	39	Semesan, Jr.	12, 67
Arasan	42, 66	Ceresan, 2%	42	Gherkins	15	Okra	22	Sorghum	40
Artichoke	3	Chard, Swiss	7	Grain	39	Onions	1, 23	Sorrel	30
Artichoke Roots ..	3	Chicory	14	Grasses	44, 45	Onion Sets	23	Soy Beans	41
Asparagus	3	Chicken Remedies ..	47	Gumbo	22	Oyster Plant	30	Special Grass Mix- ture for Golf	
Asparagus Roots ..	3	Chives	11					Links	45
		Clovers	45, 46					Special Mixture	
B		Collards	14					for Meadows	
Barley	39	Corn, Field	38	H		P		and Pastures ...	44
Beans, Bush	1, 4	Corn, Funks "G" ..	36, 37	Hemp	35	Parsley	24	Special Stocks ...	1
Beans, Commodore ..	1	Hybrid	13	Horseradish	16	Parsnips	24	Spinach	31
Beans, Fava	6	Corn, Hybrid,	40	Hotkaps	65	Peanuts	42	Spinach Beet	7
Beans, Green	4, 5	Sugar	13			Peas, Austrian		Spinach Mustard ..	22
Beans, Kidney	41	Corn, Kafir	13	I		Peas, Canada Field	43	Sprayers	65
Beans, Lima	5, 6	Corn, Salad	12	Inoculants	46	Peas, Cow	42	Spring Sprouts	30
Beans, Pole	5, 6	Corn, Sweet	42	Insecticides	66, 67	Peas, Crowder	43	Squash	32
Beans, Shell	41	Cotton	42			Peas, Field	43	Sudan Grass	40
Beans, Soy	41	Cow Peas	42	K		Peas, Garden	25, 26	Sunflower	43
Beans, Velvet	41	Cress	14	Kafir		Peat Moss	47, 66	Swiss Chard	7
Beans, Wax	4, 5	Crotolaria	41	(See Hegari) ...	40	Peppers	27		
Beans, White or		Crow Repellent ..	12, 66	Kale	17	Pie Plant	28	T	
Navy	41	Cucumber	15	Kohl-Rabi	17	Plant Food	47	Tampala	31
Beet	7	Cultures	46			Pop Corn	13	Terms of Sale	2
Beet, Spinach	7	Cuttle Bone	35	L		Potatoes	28	Teosinte	40
Beet, Sugar	7			Lawn Grass Mix- tures,		Pumpkin	24	Tendergreen	22
Beet, Stock	41			Inside front cover				Thyme	35
Bird Seed	35	D		Leek	17	R		Tobacco	43
Broccoli	3	Dandelion	16	Lespedezas	46, 47	Radish	29, 30	Tomatoes	1, 33, 34
Brussels Sprouts ..	7	Dill	16	Lettuce	1, 18	Rape	43	Turnip	34, 35
Buckwheat	39	Dr. Hess Products ..	47	Lime	47	Rhubarb	28		
		Dusters	65	Livestock		Rhubarb Roots	28	V	
				Remedies	47	Romaine Lettuce ..	18	Vegetable Marrow ..	32
		E				Rutabaga	35	Vegetable Oyster ..	30
		Eggplant	16	M		Rye	39	Velvet Beans	41
		Endive	16	Mangel or Stock				Vetch	43
				Beet	41	S			
		F		Millet	40	Sage	30	W	
		Fertilizers	47	Milo Wheatland ..	40	Salsify	30	Watermelons ..	1, 20, 21
		Field Seeds	36-46	Mushroom Spawn ..	22	New Imp. Semesan		Wheat	39
		Flax	42	Muskmelons ..	1, 19, 20	Bel	28, 67		
		Flax	42	Mustard	22				
		Florence Fennel ..	16						
		Fungicides	66, 67	N					
				Nitragin	46				

Flowers and Bulbs

A	Page		Page	F	Page		Page		Page
Abronia	48	Castor Oil Plant ..	52	Feverfew	54	Love-Lies-Bleeding	55	Scarlet Runner ...	59
Aconitum	48	Cerastium	52	Forget-Me-Not ...	54	Lupins	55	Schizanthus	59
Acroclinium	48	Cheiranthus	52	Four O'Clock ...	54			Smilax	59
Ageratum	48	Christmas Rose ..	52	Fox Glove	54	M		Snapdragon	59
Agrostemma	48	Clarkia	52			Marigold	56	Statice	59
Alyssum	48	Cleome	52	G		Mignonette	56	Stock	59
Amaranthus	48	Cockscomb	52	Gaillardia	54	Molton Fire	55	Stokesia	59
Anagallis	48	Coleus	52	Geranium	54	Moon Vine	56	Sunflower	60
Anchusa	48	Columbine	53	Gerbera	54	Morning Glory ...	56	Sweet Alyssum ...	48
Anemone	48	Coreopsis	53	Geum	54			Sweet Pea, Hardy	54
Arctotis	48	Cornflower	53	Glaadiolus	64	N		Spencer Sweet	
Armeria	49	Cosmos	53	Globe Amaranth ..	54	Nasturtium	56	Peas	60
Aster	51	Cuphea Firefly ...	53	Gomphrena	54	Nierembergia	56	Sweet Sultan	61
		Cut Flower		Gourds	54			Sweet William	60
		Mixture	53					Sweet Wivelsfield.	61
		Cynoglossum	53	H		P		T	
		Cypress Vine	53	Hardy Sweet Pea ..	54	Painted Daisy	58	Thunbergia	61
B				Helianthus	60	Pansies	57	Tigridia	61
Baby's Breath	49	D		Helichrysum	54	Pentstemon	56	Torenia	61
Baby Blue Eyes ..	49	Dahlia	53	Heliotrope	55	Peony	56	Tuberose	64
Balsam	49	Dahlia Roots	63	Hollyhock	55	Peony Roots	64		
Bellis Perennis	49	Daisy	49, 53	Honesty	55	Petunia	57	V	
Blue Lace Flower ..	49	Delphinium	54	Humulus	55	Phlox	58	Verbena	61
Browallia	49	Dianthus—Pinks ..	54	Hunnemannia	55	Platycodon	58	Veronica	61
		Dimorphotheca ..	54	Hyacinth Bean	55	Poppy	58	Vinca	61
C		Directions for Sowing				Portulaca	58	Viola	61
Calendula	49	Flower Seeds	50	L		Pyrethrum	58	Viscaria	61
Calliopsis	49			Lace Flower	49			W	
Caladiums	64	E		Lantana	55	R		Wallflower	61
Candytuft	52	Elephant Ears ...	64	Larkspur	55	Rudbeckia	58		
Canna	52	Eschscholtzia	54	Linaria	55			S	
Canterbury Bells ..	52	Euphorbia	54	Linum	55	Salvia	58, 59		
Cardinal Climber ..	52			Lobelia	55	Scabiosa	59	Z	
Carnation	52							Zinnia	62, 63

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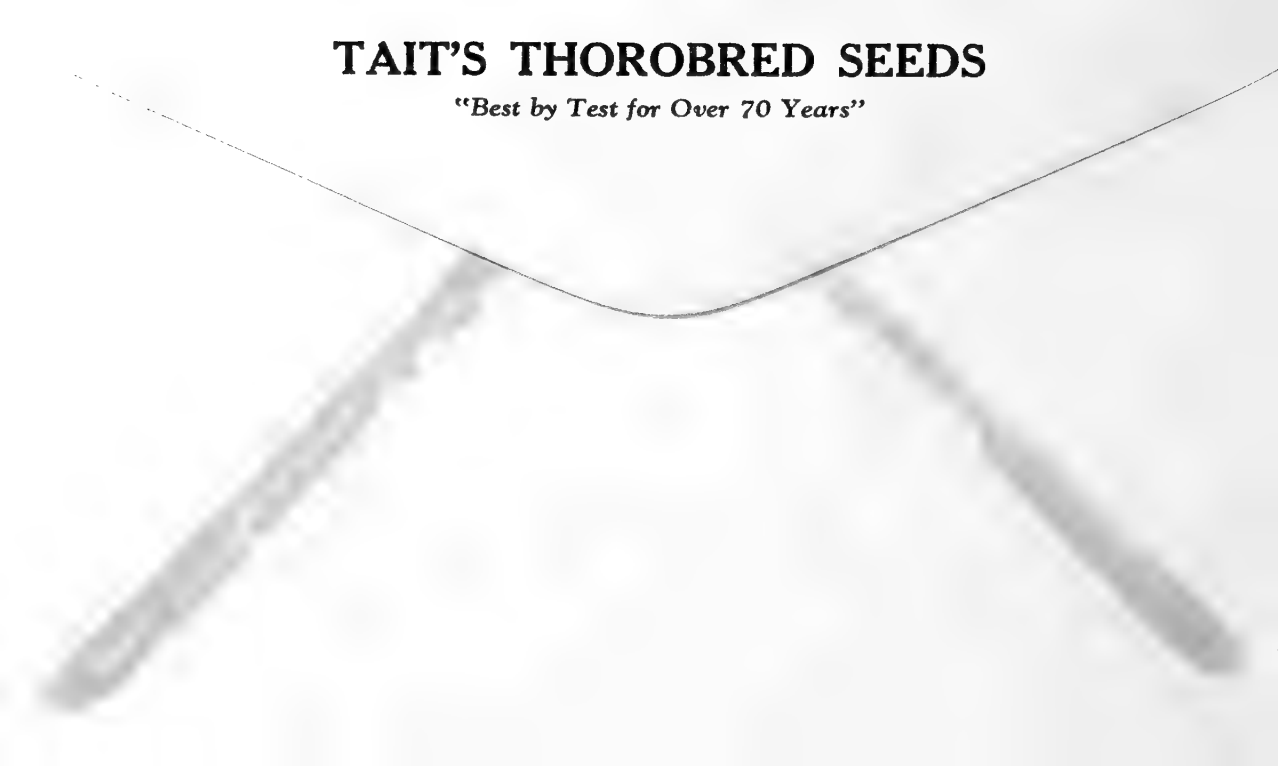
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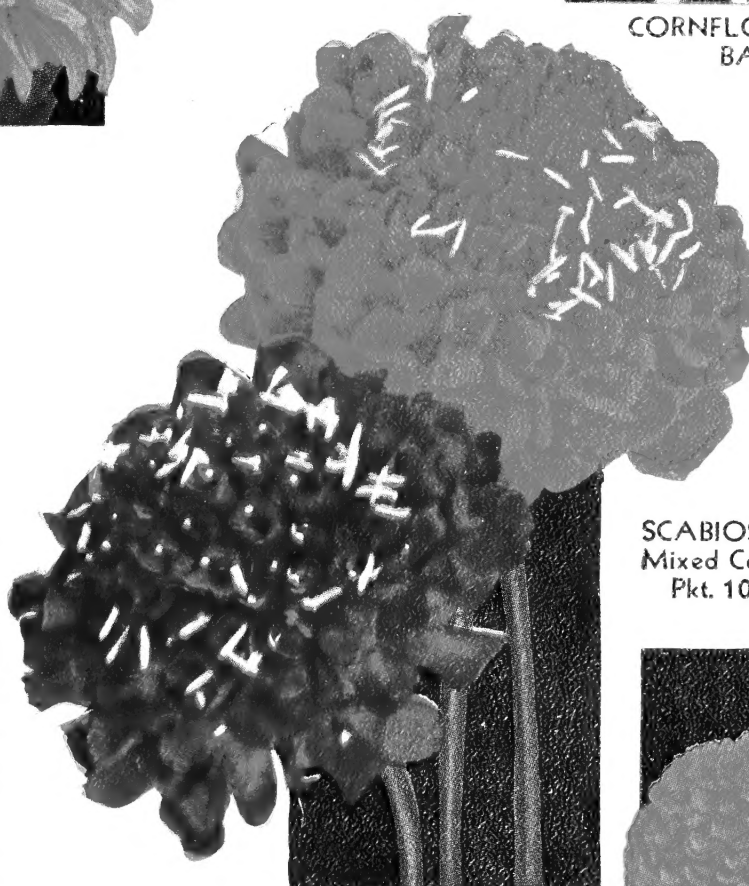
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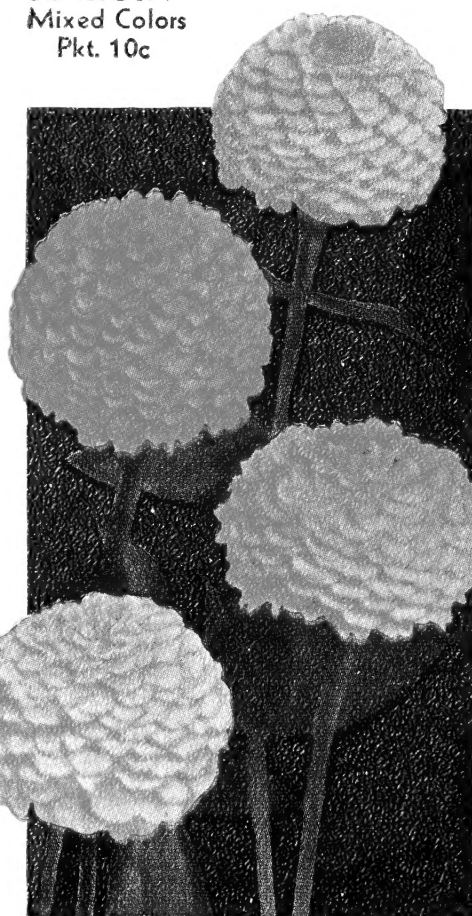
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